

MUSEUM CALIFORNIA ZOOLOGY

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA MUSEUM OF VERTEBHATE ZOOLOGY VOI. 260

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Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2017 with funding from CLIR

Marshall, f. T., fr. 1938-1940, 1941

Catalog of Specimens, conflicte for Jan. 1939-Dec. 1940 to Dec. 1941 Summer field notes: Otus Hammeolus 7 1938-

Summer field notes: Otus flammeolus ? 1938-Otus trichofesis \$ 1939

arizona: Coconino Co. may-june, 1939

Washington July-august, 1939

Julane Co; Calif: Whitaker Forest November 1939

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Aparchall, J. J., fr.

Catalog of Specimens, complete for

Jan 3/1939, to Dec. 31, 1940

#590 - 1147



Marshall, 1939 Catalog 3 mi. n Seligman, 5/00 ft., Cocorino Co., Urizona may 23, 1939 650 8 poorhvill fullstomach: moths 651 of may 26, 1939 3 mi N Delignan, 6000 ft., Cocorino County, Arizona May 27, 1939 652 37 poorwill full stomach: mits 653 37 poorwill full stomach: mits Top of Aubrey Cliffs, 6500 st.,
15 hui NW Seligman, Johnson Co.,
Co., ari.
May 28, 1939 654 8 Empiritary 10 mi. M. Ashfork, 6000 ft., Coconino Co. Chris. 655 or Otres asio full stom: Jerusalem with the May 30, 1939 to 1 deer monse 656 of Otres asio full stom: Jerus Cristet &

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Marshall, 1939

Catalog

1/2 mi W Flagsteff, 7000 ft.,
Coconino Co., Arizona
9 PM June 1, 1939

657 3 Otus flammeolus
shin + body in alc. + stonach
contento
2 AM June 2, 1939

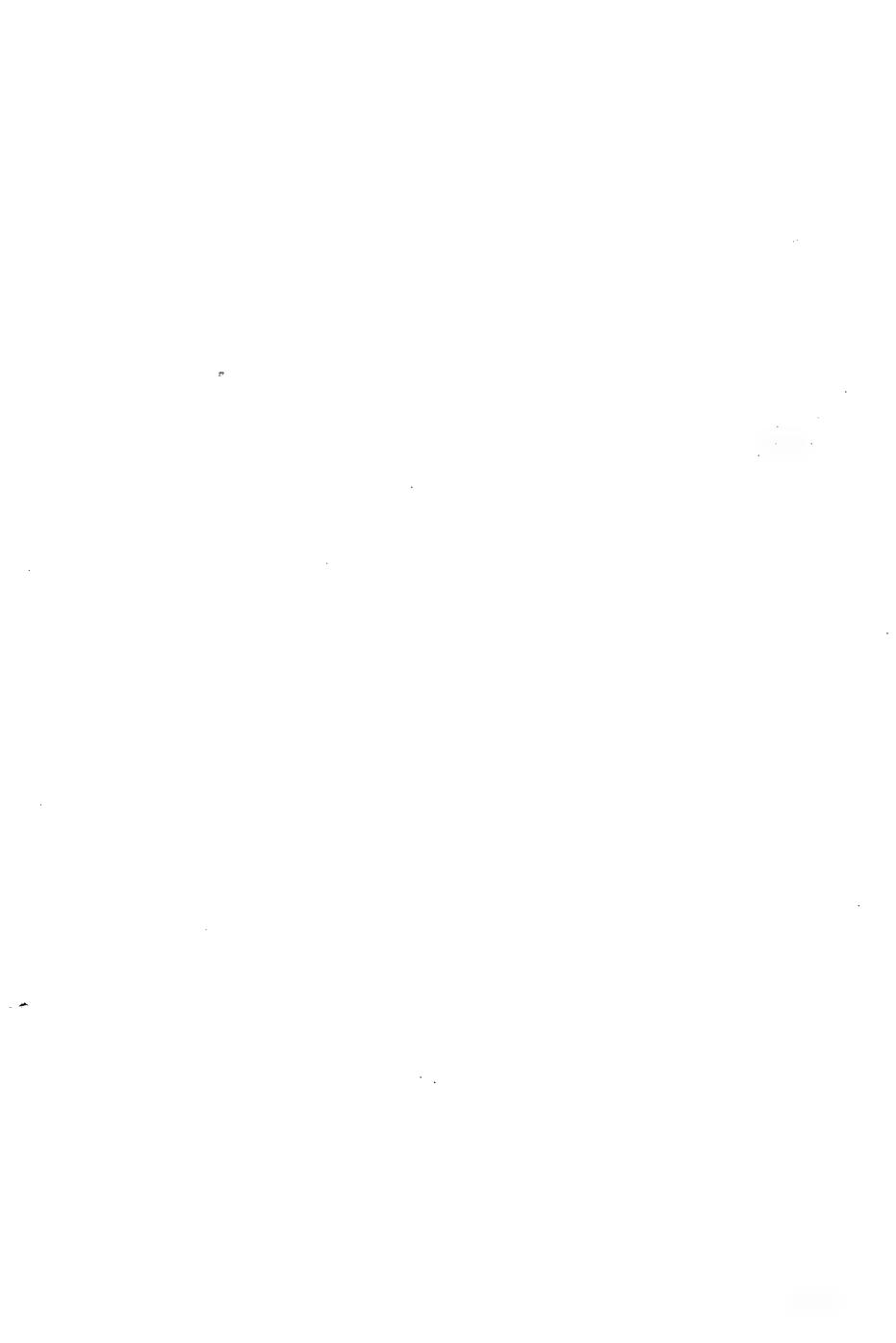
658 31 Otus flammeolus
shin + body in alc. + stomach

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	3			

Marshall, 1939 Catalog 4 mi N Patagonia, 4500 ft., Santa Cruz Co., Arizona July 15, 1939 659 & Bacolophus 660 & Rufons - sparrow 660 or very Jay 16, 1939

We in Lucy Harbler

Red-eyed Combined Red-eyed Cowbrid iris red 665 Myjarchus 3 Voorwill 666 Otros trichopois 667 OF July 17, 1939 Myjarchus cinerascens 668 Cassin Kingburd ported to 0 Pipilo 670 Dryobates 671 0 iris yellow Thrasher 672 8 5 mi & Flagotaff, Coconino Co, arigina 673 Finn Falco sparverius pickup 16 mi. N. Redding, Shasta Co., Calif. July 24, 1939 674 of Otrus Ham asio - stometh full lg. insects



7 mi. E & 5 mi. 5 Dipie, 4300 ft., Walla Walla Co., Wash. G15 juv. Hylocichla guttata 27 g 676 & Regulus satrapa 4.49 shull 677 juv. Chestnut-backed Chickadee 9.59 678-B Black-capped Chrickadee ale. Stayawhile Spring, 5150 ff., Blue Mts. Columbia Co., Wash. July 26, 1939 679 & Microths 190-65-25-9 62.09 680 7 Otus flanmedus skin + body skel 12 o'clock + Stomach contents 681 3 Canada Jay & 78.89 681 O Drysbates I wale villosus

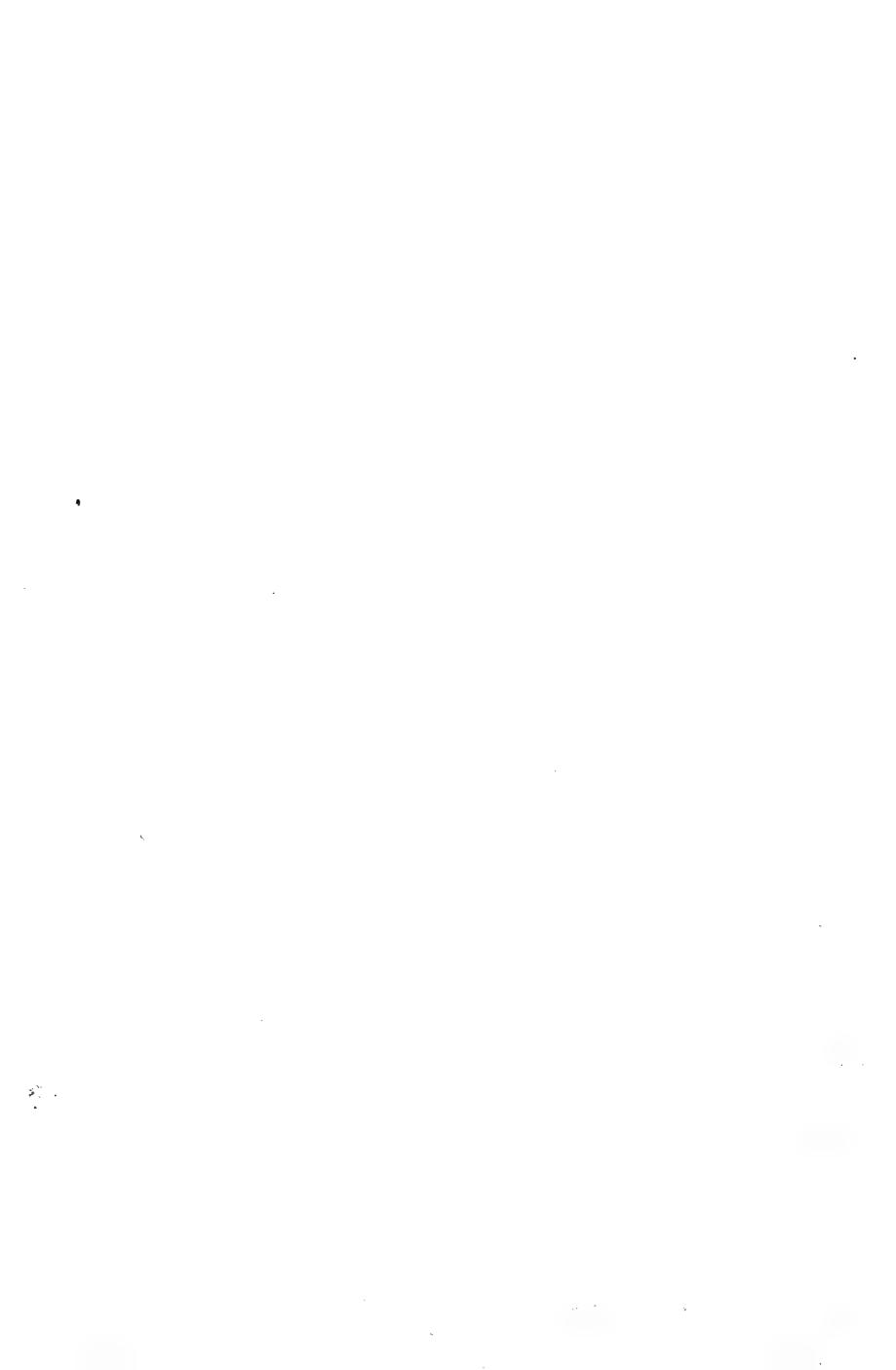
682 of Drysbates I wale villosus

683 of shull I-layered Hammond Flycatcher 11.39

coll. by J. Chattin

July 27, 9939

684 & Canada Jay 65.59. Wildcat Spring, 2 Juni. W Godman Spring Ranger Station, Columbia Co., Wash. July 28,1939 Entamies 205-95-32-17 45,59. 685 0 686 8 Peromyseus 173-82-21-17 20.59



marshall, 1939 42. Catalog 5,000 ff Blue Mts 9 mi NE Stayawhile Arring, Columbia 6, Wash 687 otus flammedus skin + body skel + ston cont. 10 min NE Stayanshile Spring, Columbia 6. Thack 52.89.

1688 on Otus flammeolno skin + body skel + ston cont. 1 mi. W Stayawhile Sp., 5300 ft., Columbia Co., Wash. July 29, 1939 17.39.
Passerella iliana schritaine 37.89 Zonotrichia leucophrys gm. 123,59.

July 28,1939

Lagy Lazionyeterus noctivagans 92.36-8-15 9.89. 692 imm Warbler (Calaveras) 8.29. 5 mi NN albee Umatilla Co., Ore July 29, 1939 10:00 PM '693 3 Otres flammeolus 50.09 NE edge Alkali Lake, 4200 ft., Lake Co. Ore. July 30, 1939 Phalalnoptilus muttalli 49.19. Dipodomys micropas 263-154-41-12 54.09 Microdipodops 154-84-24-9 · 697 8 167-94-26-11 13.99 698 9 144-77-24-10 14.59 699 9 "
2 mi. E. Vinton, ft., august 1,1939 15.lg Entamias 199-93-29-15 33.89.



Marshall, 1939 Catalog Richmond, Contra Coeta Co., Calif.

August 2

701 Thomomys coll. by Leon Horn

n side Strawberry Campon, Berkeley, abando Co, Calif.

August 11 August 11 702 Coluber constructor 1800 ft Rock Spring, s. slope net. Tamalpias, Marin Ca, Calif. august 13 1 feather our 5933 Cryptogland acadica coll. by Jim. o V. Mennler, arrang, Oakland, alameda Se, Calif. October 4 704 9 Columbigallina minuta coll. EW. Gifford

Strawberry Canyon, 700 ft., Berkeley, alaneda Co, Calif. 705 & Regulus satrapa skull (-layer 5.89 Thoswood Rd., Berkeley, alamede Co., Calif. 706 de Passerella iliaca bronghim by ners. V. miller 42.5 Huichica Cr., 200 ft. 4 1/2 mi w, 23/4 mi 5 Naga, Naga Co. Calif. NAPA" hereafter defined as Junction of Napa Cr. & Napa R. October 20
3? Ad Molospiga melodia very fat 23.09.
708 & Ad " " not fat 20.79. k Napa R., 6 /4 mi 5 napa (month Napa Cr.), napa Co., Calif.

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Catalog

			Muloy			
						Co, Calj.
	n side	Napa R.,	8/2mi5,	21/2 mi W May	pa (=month)	lape G.) Naga
			October 2	21/2 mi W May	salt to	Cough
711	8 Ad	melospiza	melodia	mot	fat	18.59
712	Jum	Ar	.,	//	4,	18.89
		4				17.99
714	Jmm	"	"	t/	"	16.69
715	Imm	1,	"	″	4	18,2g
716	of tes	les visible all root not su	et dotted	**	"	17.89
715 716 measured downstream	Elank	napa R., 5	-3/4 mi. 57	lapa (month)	napa (r.)	a Co. Calif.
717	81Ad	melosping	melodia	11 Lnot	fat	19.69.
718	3 Ad	11	"	salt-water mars,	ζ,	19.39.
719	9 Ad	11	"	salt-water mars. Tulos, Salicania Baccharis	",	19.49.
	2 Ad	4	" J			17.09.
	Huichica	C., 200 ft., 4	1/2 mi. W, 2	3/4 mi 5 Mapa	, Mapa Co.	Calif.
721	PAd /	Layornis &	aya			22.09.
	E bank no	apa A. 53/4 mi.	S Mapa (=mon	to napa (r.), V	lapa Co.	Caly.
		*	m 11 1			
722	Ad 8	Melopiza	melodia	Salicorna,	caught in	(octs) 7.0g
723	81 Ad	u	(1	Salicornia, Salicornia,	caught in mouse trays (oa	ts) 17.99
	Hinchica	G., 200 ft., 41/2	mil 23/4 mi	5 Napa Mapa	a Co., Cal	4.
724	8 Imm	melospin	a melode	5 Napa Mapa Thrubbery ago	fat yard	· 20.09.
	5 mi su	napor, no	ypa Co., C	alif.		
		Sayornis				22.69.
	7/ 2/	inhin C. 3	1/ 201 4) 600	· 5 7/2 00 (Truo	th Napa C.) Napa Co.
726	ad	melospiza	melodia	Wild Vardey	fat mar	19.0g
727	g ad	//	7/	Wild Parsley	<i>)</i> /	20.09.
728	8 James	"/	"	Wild Paroley of all Wild Paroley of all Buchairs	"	19.49.
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marshall, Joe 1939 Catalog Huchica Co., 200 ft. 141/2 mi W 23/4 mi 5 Napa, Napa G. Calif. October 21 138.59 729 8 Otus asio W side Napa R. 8/2 mi. S, 2/2 mi W Napatemente Mapa G.) Napa lo Calif. October 20 730 Jum (skull / lager) Carpodacus meficanos Wend lif Seience Bldg. V.C. Berkeley, alaneda G. Calif. October 26 731 8 spectyto emicularia fat 170 g aviary: Piedmont, alameda Co, Calif au 5984 of geotrygon versicolor Al. MR. Blankenship 160g Alcon ranch 4 mis W Fallon, 4000 ft. Churchill Co. Nevada Tau 6002 133 d'Colaptes cafer 734 Im melospiza melodia 735 81 Im coll. J. R. Alcorn acc. 6002 ad "November 13 737 8 accipiter velox 738 Huichia Cr. 200 ft., 4/2 mi W 23/4 mi 5 Mapa Rapa Co., Celif. November 17 "saw on "well before" 739 To Phalaenoptilus muttalli coll. W Longhurt, 47.09. Chank Mapa Bis 5 Mani & Napa (Smouth Napa Co. Celif. 740 & asia flammens coll. W. Loughunt

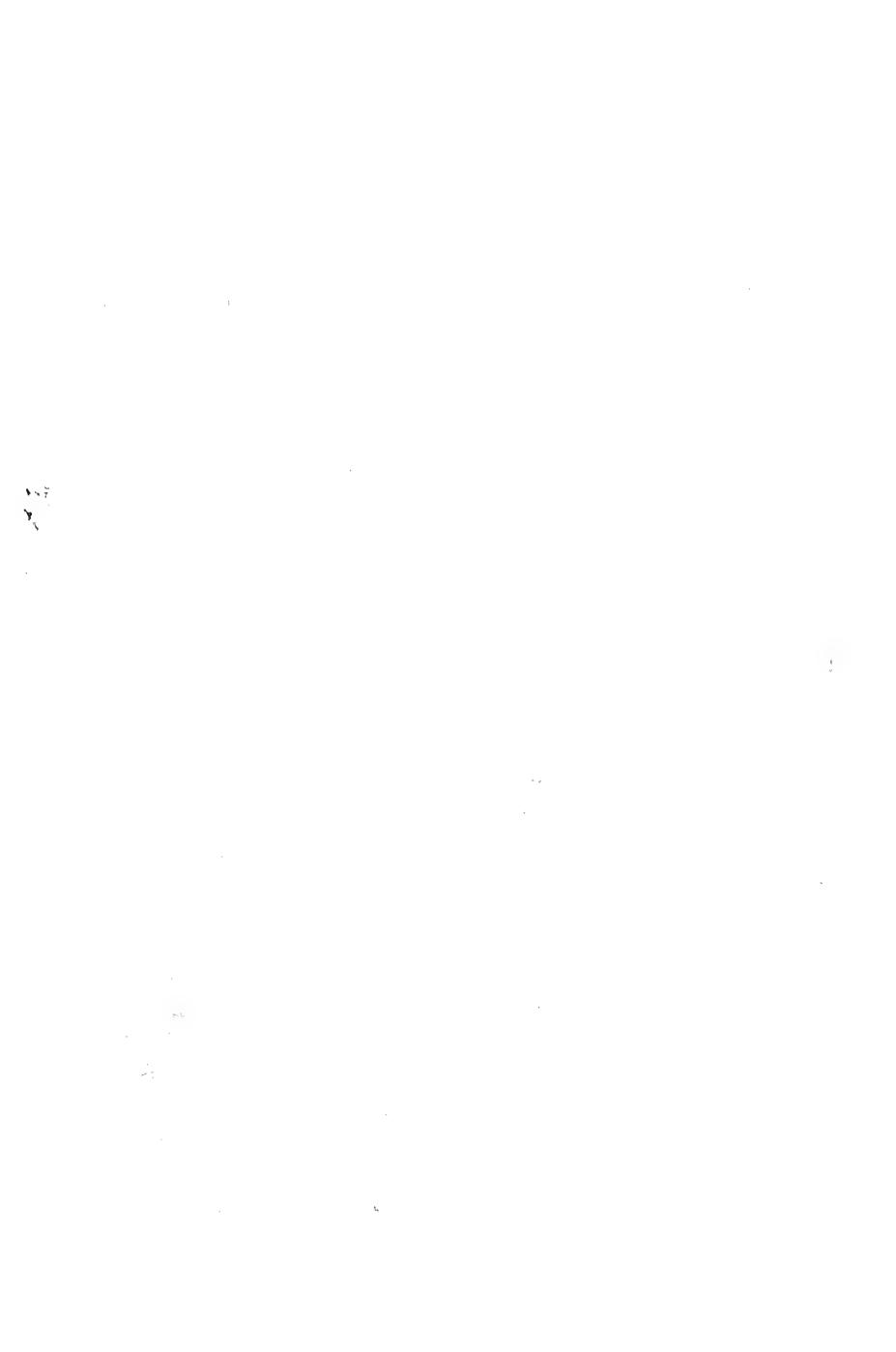
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la Ta

1 160 46. Marshall, 1939 Catalog Napa Slongh, 6/2 mi 55 w Napa (mouth nager G.), Napa Co. Calif. November 19 741 9 asio flammens coll. W Longhurst aleon rough, 4mi W Fallon, 400ff, Churchill Co, Hevada November 23 acc. 6014 melospiza melodia } colle J. B. aleon 20.59
" 22.39 742 Im Keith Street, Berkeley, Clameda Co., Calif. Movember 21

found dead in Eaking gard coll. E.M. Eaking 744 Cranium opaque, but not dotted Passerella iliaca coll. E.M. Eaking 24.5 g. Lan Pablo Creek, Contra Costa Co. Calif. (41/2 mi. from month)

Lecember 14, 1939 (in order from shills to) nelospiga melodia very fat 17g Duckeyes Oaks
in willow thinkets
"18,3g. and blackberry
vine tangles
"I fat Jalong stream 745 Ad 9 746 Ad 37 747 Ad 9 San Pablo Creek Contra Costa Co Calif (mi from month)
748 Ad of Melospinga melodiany streams 18.49 (lelong Dait loosing)
Wildcat Creek San Pablo Contra Costa Co., Calif (mi from month) 749? Melospija melodia 18.0g foraging or god in Wild Parkey 750? 16.89. Nillows voine langle atsheem Mouth San Pablo Creek Contra Costa Co., Calif (willows at month) Melospiga melodia en veed field near willows 751 15,29. (at 1st cattorile in creek) "maphra 22.19. (In willows) fat 753 Jum 9 754 Ad 9? 20.09. 18.0g. 755 00 756 Adq 15.59 757 Ad 81 16.09:



47. Marshall, 1939 Catalog Salt monsh, Van Pablo Marsh, Contra Costa Co, Calif (San Pablo Creek) December 14, 1939 759 Ad of " I Brechers at edge slough 18.59.
760 Ad of " Brechers at edge slough 18.59.
761 Ad of " " 20.09. 761 Ad or " 20.09. " Tules near slough 762 Jm 8? 19.09. Lowi 5 Mulford landing, 275 mi 55w San Leandro, alameda Co, Calif. 763 A melospiza melodia Coll C. g. Libley 17.0g.
764 9? "Illimus!" 18.0g. 765 P Hylocichla guttata picked up by min Frances Cartin 28.09. Napa Co. Calif. Skeleton Mecember, 1939 W. Longhurst 766 of Phalacrocorax a. albociliatus Whonghurst University Farm, Davis, yolo Co., Calif.
December 31, 1939 767 9 Colaptes suratus J.T. Emlen Mikay (Kadio Station, w coast opp. San Bruno) San Mateo C. January 17, 1946 768 Sayornio Saya G. Bolander Hyppy Valley, 2 mi. Whafayette, Contra Costa Co., Calif.

J			
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Marshall, 1940 Catalog 1/2 mi E Flaming Pt. Contra Costa Co., Calif. (salt marsh, junction S.P.R.R. and rd. to Saabel Pt.)
February 24 Grundelia along slonghs Melospiga melodia) pair coll J. Chattin ne RR crossing 17.0g.

" coll J. Chattin se of crossing 18.5g.

" se of crossing 19.7g. 773 3 Uside El Cerrito Knoll, alameda Co., Calif. (salt marsh, is side 5.P. RR tracks) Feb. 24
774 & melogping melodia gair byto from Dalismin 18.09
775 9 " Junder Brochain 17.09. (hills 5w) Richmond, Contra Costa Ce. Calif March. 1 1940 (north-east- slope opposite) 776 AgyMelospriga melodia singing in baccharis above road 189.
777 7. 7.= 8 " sharing another " " " 50-100 88 7:=6 " 19:59.

N.S. 257, 258, 259, 260 other 3 sea level all singing 873.

(Four more aken by Med Stone) in Backeris & Wils Burdey

(slough on South side) Richmond Contra Costa Co. Calif.

(south-west, of Cerrito)

Par 4.5 " " solvening salicornic overy 5 mm 17.69. 77807 7:=6 " 779 Sto Melospiza m. ronging 780 Jan. 4.5 " 78, 07 t.8 " Pred Stone 261, 262 singing in backario at bridge Stege Contra Costa Co. Calif (tule march a)
Thelospina melodia 7=8 tules in salt march 782 & Melospina melodia ov. 6 Tules in salt marsh 783 9 Marsh between Stege & Isabel Pt., Contra Corta Co Calif. Melospiga melodier nate of 785? foreging in Tules "I mato of 789. In Grindelia near



Marsiall, 1940 Catalog march between Stege & Isabel Pt. Contra Costa Co. Calif. 786 786 Melospiga melodia Grindelia at falt march Lam Pablo Marsh Contra Costa Co., Calif. March 8, 1940 Melospiza in . } pair at edge of march in Dalionia 787 788 " at edge march in sm. tree 789 790 " Mostly in Palicornia - a few in Triles
" Salt march 791 792 793 San Pablo Creek, Contra Corta Ce, Calif. (Smifrom willows Willest Creek, Contra Coota Co., Calif. (willows at monta) Stranberry Canyon Berkeley, Alamede Co. Calif.
March 16, 1940 hillowide Burkery trustery
18,5g.

U. C. Campus, Derkeley, Alameda Co. Calif.
March 16, 1940 (Harland Hall) 800 d' melogpiga melodia 2629 Collage avenue, Berkeley, Alameda Co;

Mest in the joshus trich-like member of the city family, Form

Marshall, 1940 Catalog U.C. Campus, Berkeley, alameda Co, Calif. March 25
March 25
March 25
Melospina melodia coll. al Wolfson, 12.59.

March 27

Satedge Encelyption

803 of t.9mm " " " " " 19.49. 803 8 t. 9 mm Coyote Creek , Santa Clara Co., Calif. 804 & Melospiga melodia Brush pile at bank creek willow " " " Brush jele " " 806 7 willows " 807 Jordand Trees & willows at edge creek 808 809 810 3 Brush jile at edge creek 3 811 a a a a 812 F In orchard tree 75 yards from Creek 8/3 8 edje of orchard 100"
coll. Ned. Hone 814 Anchica Cr. 200 ft flapa Co., Calif. 815 d' Melogiza melodia coll Bill Longhurst W. end Island no. I, Solano Co., Calif. 816 & melospina melodia Bucharis & Grindelia at 817 Galand no. I. /2 mi W Mapa R. bridge Polano Co. Calif. 818 & Melosping melodia pure Salicornia



Marshall, 1940 Catalog South Vallejo salt march bolaro Co. Calif.
April 7
melogping melodia & Tules in salt
march 820 8 821 2 Southampton Day march Island Co., Calif.
22 8 meloging melodia grindelia, balicomia
23 8 "" Tules - all
24 9 "" sel salt march 822 8 823 8 824 9 825 7 Benicia Arsenal satt march on 5 vide) Jolano Co. Calif.

6 8 melogginga melodia Zall in Tules at

"" Sedge Carriers

straits 826 87 827 8 828 8 salt march mouth Aulphur Springs Valley, Volano Co. Calif. 829 8 Me Corping melodia & Shrubberg along R.R. back 830 of the marghes tales in Lake Herman, Lulphur prings Valley, Volano Co. al.
831 & Melogsiza melodia Etnles & Shubbery at
832 & "" Sentrance of stream into L.
Werman. Fresh-water. U.C. Campus, Berkeley, Alameda Co., Calif. 833 & brood patch Carpodacus mexicamus browns for groody Berkeley Agnaticark, alameda Co, Calif. 834 & Gavia stellata

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Marshall, 1940 834 may 2 Catalog Ebank Napa R., 5314 5 Napa, Napa Co. Calif. 835 Skel Elanus Lencurus jucked up at foot

f oak nesting tree on 19 21. 5 Bull

Qd. wing 12" tail 7/2"

June Lake, Monor Co., Calif

Capril 25 ce 6219 836 8 Pandion skin + body skel. brought to MVZ by alton Hisson, who had attempted to mount the skin. Found shot by a. attwood, asst game Warden, over to Gus Mordquist, who gave the bird to Hisson. skel 837 of Pipilo maculatus skeloton



Marshall, 1940 Catalog skel 835 Elanus lencurus skelfoot & tree by Wm. Longhunst. June Lake, Mono Co., Calif,
Skin & Body skell & Body skell. Pick-up by A. attwood game Worden. 20 Sunset Drive Berkeley, Contra Costa Co., Calif. May 13 1940 skel skel. 837 8 Pipilo maculatus au. 6223 banded Rodeo Creek, Contra Costa Co., Calif. May 13 838 8 melospiga melodia 839 0 840 8 841 09 // 842 0 11 11. 843 0 844 9 Canada del Cierbo, Contra Costa Co., Calif. 31 847 848 3 3 849 850 4-



marshall, 1940 Catalog del Cierbo, Contra Costa Co., Calf. melospiza melodia 851 Lake Herman, Sulphur Springs talky, Jolano Co. 854 855 856 857 31 858 859 " 860 861 862 Calif. (Fresh Water Marsh) Solano Co. 863 864 3 mi. SE Cordelia, dolano Co. Calf 865 81 866 8 867 868 0 11 869 07 Green Valley (r. Solano Co., Calif. (41/2 mi NNW Cordelia) Diadophis 872



54. marshall, 1940 Catalog Calistoga Napa Co., Calif. May 18 Melospiza melodia SE Calistoga, Napa Co., Calif 875 9 nE slope Mt. St. Helena, 2200 ft. Lake Co., Calif-Hylocichla guttata slevini Napa River, nE side Napa, Napa Co., Calif. Melospiga melodia 878 0 Huitica Creek 200 ft., Napa Co., Calif. Melospiza melodia lameson Camyon, 300 ft., Mapa 6., Calif. melospiga melodia 881 8 882 0 883 0 885 8 886 091 Pipilo maculatus Co. 887 8 888 3 Between Ankland & Badger, Tulare Co., Calif. Pipilo June 4

55. Marshall, 1940 Catalog Between Ankland & Badger, Tulave Co., Calif. 890 8 Pipilo fuscus Whitaker's Forest \$5500ft, Wslope Redwood Mt., Culare Co., Calif. 891 8 Peromysons 892 9 Meadows Flat, 5000 ft, Wolope Redwood mt, Tulare Co. Calif.
8993 of Strix occidentalis skin + body shel +
stom contents + pellets
Whitaker's Forest, 5500 ft, Wolope Redwood mt, Tulare Co., Calif. ale. 895 Sorex palustris ale. given to Reed
Badger, Inlare Co., Calif.
896 Baeolophus inornatus
897 37 Charles de la financia Chamala fasciata 897 81 898 8 Pipilo fuscus 899 8 900 8 901 7 moculatus 902 0 903 8 le Wslope Redwood mt. Inlare Co., Calif.



Marshall, 1940 Catalog Wortman's mill, 5800ft, Wslope Redwood Mt., Tulare Co., Calif. 907 of Passerella iliaca MVZ caged brid died June 9 909 of Zonotrichia coronata Bouth Coyote Creek, marin Co., Calif. 910 & Melospiga melodia shrubberg at edge 911 of Goraged on march salt march nesting: Corte Madera Creek salt march at month Marin Co. Green Valley, Solano Co., Calif. 915 A melospiga melodia riparian Cordelia, Solano Co., Calif.

3 Melospina melodia frish-water marsh
""" march (mate of 920) 919 (mate of 919) 9 920 921 9 922 8 923 0



Marshall, 1940 Grissly Island, Solano Co., Calif.

July 8

Melospina melodia (mate of 925)

""

(mate of 924) 925 4 926 8 927 0 928 0 9290 930 0 Monte Vista & 3rd Street, Carmel, Montery Co, Calif. 931 jur Junco To. sinosus Williams

found lead beneath window

Strawberry Cr., M. side L. L. B., V.C. Campus

Berkeley, Cilameda Ce., Calif. Melospiza melodia Bonotrichia C. mettalli Boulder Co., Santa Cruz Co., Calif. n Desidroka nigrescenzie. 5. cellen sheef 934 mi W. Santa Burbara, highing 101, S. Bur. sheld 935 31 and Falco sear vering R. m. Bond Though Valley, Contra Costa Co, Calif. When I sheld Bubo virginianus de dem Crisis son 136 31 Bubo virginianus

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Marshall 1940 Citalog Lake Amanor, Tumes Co., Calif. 37 Chyrapiens varius Varius Cakland, Cilamida Co., Calif. Cinquest 26 1940 436 d' (reo silie mentana (ten afford) Atrawberry Carryon, alameda Co, Calif. Sept. 28 939 81 im Thyomanes bewicki 940 9 im Vireo huttoni Viego Rd., Beikeley, alameda Co., Calif. Sept. 29, 1940 941 8 im Melospiza melodia 19.99. Jack Berkeley, alameder (o., Calif
Lept 30, 1940
(found dead)

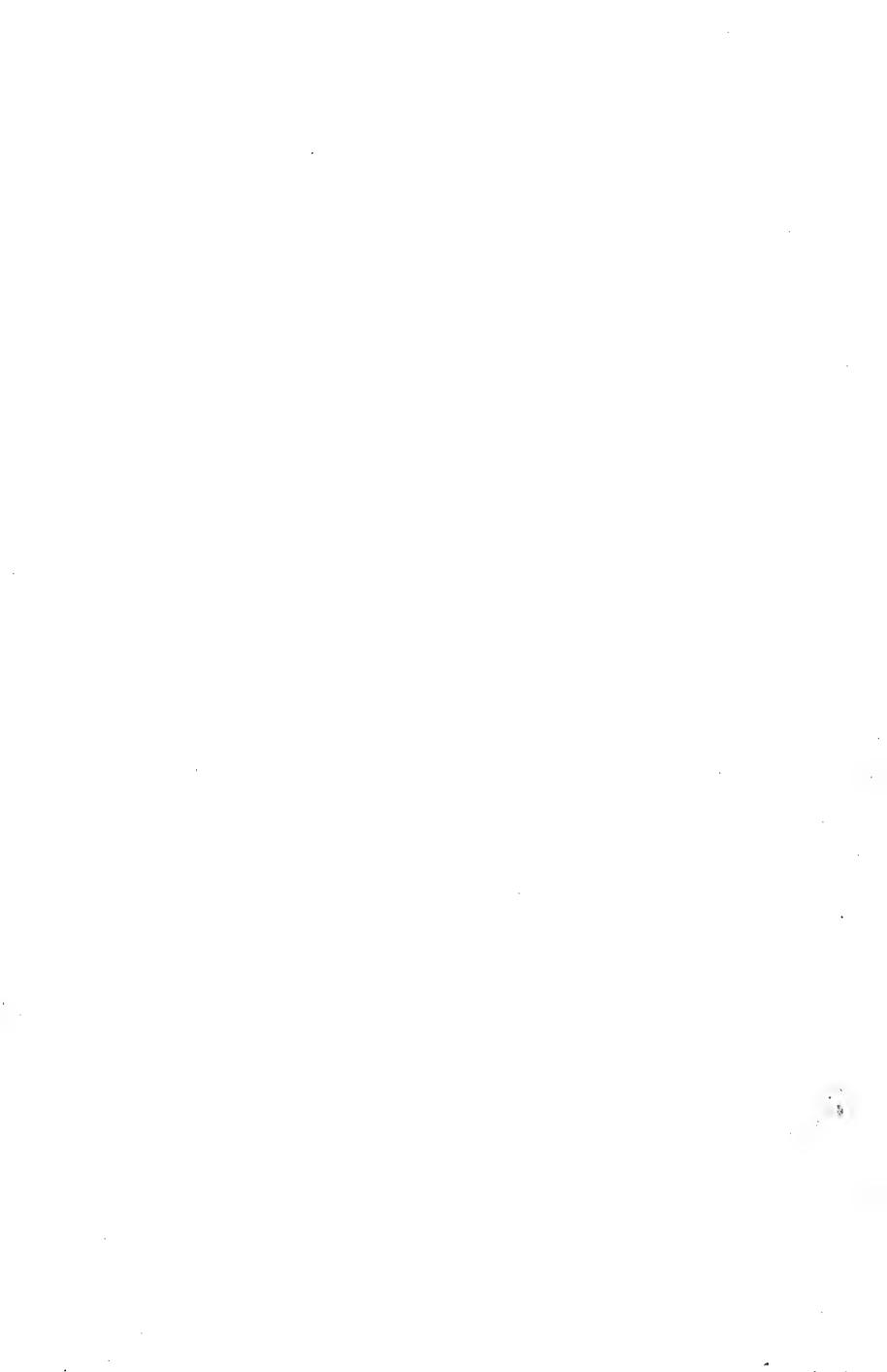
m Zorotrichia coronata march between Stege & Isabel Et. ContraCosta Co, Calif. October 2 943 ?? ad. Melospiza melodia (%) 15.89. 944 8 ad 19.39. 945 8 im 18.39. 946 9 ad. 17.09 18.79. 947 of ad. **4** / 948 8 im. 19.99. 949 3 ad. (S. Benson) 17.69. 950 7 im. 16.5g. 16.49. 951 9 ud.

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Marshall, 1940 60. Catalog Sanlablo marsh, Contra Costa Co., Calif. Oct. 6 973 Fad Melospiza melodia 16.2 974 [8] ad geothlypis trichas Slough & side Richmond, Contra Costa Co., Calif. 975 8 im Melospiga melodia 18.4 976 Blad 17.9 977 8 im 20.4 1.4 mi. S Petaluma Sonoma Co., Calif. Oct 6,1940 coll. S Benson 59.99. 978 0 Microtus 196-64-20-15 979 Fad. Melospiza lincolni 15.79. 980 7 ad. 11 melodia 18.29. 981 Fad. 18.69, 982 3 im 18.29. 983 im 18.29 984 8 im 16.69. Austin Treek near Cazadero, Sonoma Ce, Calif. October 13 7.99. P(?) Nannus troglodyles 985 7 im Hylocichla guttata 986 24.09. 7 im Vireo buttoni 987 11.79. 988 Tad Regulus calendula 6.29.

↓ .		



Marshall, 1940 Catalog 62. 12 mi. E L. Temescal, Oakland alamed Co, Cafe October 19 1007 9 im melodia 18.69. 1008 f im Chamaea fasciata viis cream 1009 A im Testes black" " " " 15.49. 16.59. South Jan trancisco sult marsh, San Mateo Co., Calif. October 20 melospiga melodia 1010 8100 im 18.59. 1011 of in 18.59. 1012 9(?) ad. 16,29. 1013 im. 18.39. 1014 ad. . 18.79 San Bruno, San Mateo Co., Calif Fin Chamaea fasciata 1015 8 im 16.2g. 1016 9 im 15.6g. Upper San Francisquito Cr., Palo alto, Santa Clara Co.,
I & im Melospija melodia
8 Flad "" Calif. 1017 7 im 17.89. 1018 8 ad (fat) 21.19. 1019 8 ad October 21 Melospiga melodia 1020 of ad 19.39. 1021 & in 17.39. 1022 7 ad 18.49. 18.49. au 6372 avian of E.W. Gifford, Oakland, Alameda Co., Calif. 1024 9 ov.lg. Oreopelia month. Oreopelia montana kidney small 83,99. Chalchophaps indica x stephani q ace 6373 1025 no gonado juv.

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1089 Fad

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17.09.

Catalog

Tonnesser Valley, Marin Co., Calif.
November 17 1066 dad melospiga melodia 18.49 1067 8 ad 19.29. 1068 8 ad 20.09. et salt marsh, month Corte Madera & Marin G., Gelif. 1069 ad melosping melodia 17.19. 1070 f(?)im 15.79. 1071 7 im 15.69. 1072 8 im 20,49. 1073 Fad I white 20.09. 1074 81 in 20.19. 1075 d'in 11 18.69. 1076 8 in 18.19. 1077 9 in 18.29. 1078 & im 18.09. salt marsh, month gallinas Gr., Marin Co., Calif. 1079 Fad melospiga melodia 19.49. 1080 Fad 19.39. -> 108/ Ft.1. ad 18,89. -> 1082 8/t.1. ad 18.19. 1083 Blad 18.09. 1084 8 im 18.69 1085 8 im 18. kg. 1086 of very sm. 18.19. 1087 8 im 18.19. 17.39. 1088.9 ad

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Marshall, 1940 Catalog Suso Suision, marshes 5 of, Solano Co., Calif. November 18 1110 melospiga lincolni E.a. Stoner coll.
1111 8 im Melospiga melodia 21.89.
1112 8 im " 20.70 1112 8 im " 20.79. 20.89. 1119 g in " 19.39 1115 & ad Claremont Ristr., Berkeley, alameda Co., Calif 1116 I im Passerella iliaca pickup by C. g. Thompson Strawberry Canyon, Berkeley, alameda Co., Calif.

Oec. 8

1117 Fin skull with Z. L. 1 Fin skull with Bonotrichia coronata from E.O. Dodson of skull complete "" "" f Chamaea fasciata Frank Talley, 2 mi 5 Muis Woods, Marin Co., Calif. Necember 22 1120 9 Passerella iliaca sent to E.O. Stoner 31.69. 1121 Fad Melospige melodia Manzanita Sta., Marin Co., Calif: on RR. Track.

1/22 9? Passerculus 5. bryanti picked y by kelly 16.9 RubioWash, altadena, L.a. Co., Calif. December 26 1123 fad melospiza melodia cooper 18.09. 1124 7 ad 21.59.

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Marshall, 1940 Catalog Richardson Bay salt marsh, I mi 5 E Mill Valley Main Co. Calif. December 31, 1940 1125 87.1. }pair Melospiza melodia 19.69. 18.29. 18.99. 1127 8 t.1. 3.3 mm. im 17.89. 1128 Ot.s.+ 17.79. 1129. 8 t. medium / pair "/ 11.30 9 im) 16.19. 4 1131 0t.2.5 mm. 19.99. 18.19. 1/32 8 t.s.+ 2.8 1/2 mi E San geronimo, marin Co., Calif ott.s. 1.5 mm. " fat 1133 dt.s. 1.5 mm. 18.89. 1134 8 t.s. 1.2 mm. 19.79. very fat 1135 8 t.s.+ 1.5 mm. very fat 21.69. marin Co., Calif. Pt. Rayes Station, 1136 8 t.s. Iblack, Indute 22.8g. very fat 20.09. 1137 8t.s. im t.=1.2 mm. very fat 21.19. 1138 Otis. 1.1mm 19.99. 1139 Otis, 1/2 mm. 21.5g. very fet 1140 fos. 21.39. 1141 8t.s. " very fat ", very fat 19.6g 1142 705. very fat 22.6g. 1143 8t.s.+ " very fat, 20.39. 7144 9? Frank Valley, 2 mi. 5 Min Woods, Marin Co., Calif. 1145 fos, m fat 19.7g.

1146 9 "

fat 22,5g.

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Marshall, 1940-41 Catalog 5 slope mt. Tamalpias, marin Co., Calif. December 31,1940 Otus asio + body skel 142.19. stomach: 4 sm. beetles) Batrachoseps 1 milliped I Jerusalem cricket 10 large green caterpillars Lake Chabot, Solano Co., Calif. 1148 8 ts.fat Melospiza melodia 19.8 g. 20.3 g. 1149 & fat + /1150 8 tm 21.2 g. 19.6 g. 1151 9 mg fat 1 1152 8 tm fat 21.5 g. 1153 9 fat 21.09. 1154 8 im fat ts. 21.2 9. 1 1155 8 t mt not much fat" 20.3 g. 22.0 g. 1156 8 to medium fat, " Jameson Canyon, Napa Co., Calif. v 1157 81 tm - fat 22.09 1 1158 of ts medium fort 19.79 21.3 9 1159 8 tm fat 1 1160 7 1 1161 8 t 6 mm large probably 4-6 not much 19.19 1 1163 9 im fat-

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Marshall, 1941 Catalog salt marsh month Carneros Cr., Mapa Co., Calif. January 12 1164 8 Telmatodytes palustris 1165 8 t.2.4mm Melospiza melodia not very fat 1166 9 10.8g. 18.49. 17.09, willows, month San antonio Cr., Marin Co., Calif.
1167 3 t.13 mm Melospina melodia fat # 20.9 g.
1168 3 t.1.9 mm. " very fat 23.7g. Canada del Cierbo, Contra Costa Co., Calif. 23.69. January 30 1170 & Delospiza me dia tick on lop head 18.84.

1 1171 9? fat - " toke tick on lop head 18.84. 1172 8 7.3.4 mm. 21.59. V 1173 forang 5.5 mm long very fat 21.19. 1174 8 7.2.6 mm. mery fat 23.29. 1175 9 feet 17.69. 1176 9 ad Melospiga mei od a su place. 21.39. V 1178 Ft.3 mm. Melogsing and ode fat, very in if 22.29. 1179 Forary 5mm Cong 19.99. 18.60 11/00 7 im fat-1 1/8/ 9 fet 1 1/82 9 fat 14.09. 18.89. 1 1153 & very fat 17.59 V 1184 9 very fet 18.39, V 1185 9 Pet



marshall, J. J., pr. Field notes on Other flammerlus Other trichopsis for 1938-1939



Joe T. Marshall, Jr.
Museum of Vertebrate Zoology
University of California

Summer of 1938 7 /939
Field notes on Otus flammeolus pg.1-27
Specimen catalog #376-514 28-57.

Utus trichopsis 1939 1-5

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marshall, 1939 Otus trichopsis I mi de Catagonia, 4500 ft, Santa Cruz Co, aryona July 16, 1939 Camp in wide upper Sonoran canyon facing East, & heavily timbered in spots with beautiful stands of oak. also walnut (?), sycamore, & many other broadleaves. Like of camon more brushy & with dwarfed oaks. Dry creek bed inflat bottom of camyon. Canyon bottom 50 - 200 yds. wide.
At bottom of gently-leping canyon (to E.) the Lower Donoran yone begins Spring in little side canyon 100 yds. After I coll, a poorwelf at dusk (from the brushy 5 wall), Woody & I started down the canyon towards an especially fine stand of rakes bordering a clearing in a wide place in the valley (a Coronado Forest gate at that pt) 3 mi. down (E). It was now dark , I we look about \$ 2 hrs. to travel the 3 mi. I carled for Otus asio most of the way - also Otus flammeohus & their way - when we were about 200 yds. from the grove (mentioned above), heard sustling

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marshall, 1939 Otus trichopsis aragonia ariz July 16 in Sycamore as we gassed under it. We is down under this tree in order to listen. I gave a jew screech some answering notes. Que mentes then, they were in series, and ascending in pitel as & remember. they were rather high, and who were of similar quality to the barok early-morning notes of screech owls. guirt-quist-guirt-guirt al imitated these notes & proceeded down to the gater. The first individual was now silent, but beyond the gate, two more answered with similar immuoreal series of cries - also higher-pitched occernes of yaps. They retreated, calling a while when & approached. Cresently - heard from low in the oales close at hand, a series of very low whistled notes - as low as a could whistle (middle C) They couldn't be told from my own whistle at middle C. "whoo-whoowhoo-whoo-whoo-whoo! 7 syllables, all same pitch, all of

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marchall, 1939 Otres tricko pois Patagonia air. July 16 equally intensity a duration. They other as are the notes of other fl.

The seven syllables are given in about 3 sec. - a little more than 2 per sec. This call is very low for an other - fully an octave lower than the other 2 sp. which are around the cabore middle C. It was very faint, also - for the bird was close at hand and retreated promptly whenever I tried to approach if. Nor could I lead it out. Its series of notes was given only every 2 or 3 min & the bird was hard to follow. I made several tries at it, also at the other two who squawked and squaked occasionally from the squamores in the floor of the valley. Thought that this was a two man job - so & went to Woody, woke him up, to start the owl calling, then I would get on the other side of it I he could drive it to me.

(The owl colled again near us +

again () chased it far up the hilloids

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marshall, 1939 Otros trichogosis Patagonia, din July 16 of oaks.) It was now about midnite & dark (no moon), a slight wind. Woody & I went down to the gate to work out our plan. He was under a sycamore near the gate & I stayed under some oales near the side of the carryon . In both these trees the cries had been heard. Her a few minutes of utter silence (- to caln the owls down), Woody began to call; presently I began to answer him. After about 10 min, the cries were heard again, far away. There in 5 more nin, the hoots were heard from a solitary tree in the valley floor of about 25 yds. from Woody. He & De both continued to call. These notes were of same pitch & intensity & low-whistled quality as before but they were uttered in a rhythm: tree directly above Woody's head &

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Marshall 1939 Otus Trichopois Continued to call. I turned on my light & stopped calling & started to stalk the bird. It mored to a very dense oak 30 yes from Noody & called. I saw it sitting half-way up in the tree & on an horiz. branch. good clear yellow eyedine. I find a missed altogether. I called to Woody & he said the brid was still hooting. I saw it on the closes to the trunk than before. this. It still hooted bleadily of this time a collected of at close range with .410. 3'667. way back to camp. There were many favorable meoling sites in bead hollow oaks in the carryon, but I located no nest.

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THE FOLLOWING IS A SUMMARY OF OBSERVATIONS PRIOR TO 1938. DATES AND LOCALITIES ARE TAKEN FROM NOTES JOTTED IN FIELD MANUAL (HOFFMAN)

Dry Lake, 9000 ft., N Base Mt. San Gorgonio, San Bernardino Co., Calif.

June 29 & 30. 1935 Single, uninflected hoots, soft and very ventriloquial, given at different times throughout night - in 8 second intervals. Sometimes as long as 13 sec. intervals. Sounded very distant on one night two Great Horned Owks were hooting at the same time as was Otus f. Hoots came from lodgepole pine timber on SNorth side lake. Clear, no moon.

Whitakers Forest, 5500 ft., 10 mi.NE Badger, Tulare Co, Calif.

July14. 1935 Hooting heard several times during the brightly moon-lit night from my bed on porch of Cedar Cabin. Came from piblic camp across road to north. Single, at regular intervals.

Trail from Sequoia Ranger Station to Park Ridge Lookuot, S. Bide Park Ridge, 6500 ft., Tulare Co., Calif.

August 10 & 13, 1935 Measured, single hoots in 8 sec. intervals heard in same locality on each of these clear, brightly moonlit nights. On the 13th, on the way back down the mt., the owl was heard several hundred yds, ahead. I gave imitated hoots and the owl soon come up the mt., and alighted in a gnarled Jeffrey Pine directly over my head. Here it continued to call. The obvious closeness of the bird and the slight volume of the calls made me certain that it was a very small bird and not possibly the full-voiced Long-eared Owl.

Camp Chonokis,6500 ft., la min. E Bijou, S End Lake Tahoe, Eldorado Co., Calif.

June 4,1936 Series of single hoots in 6-8 sec intervals heard at various times during night from open foest of Jeffrey Fine on steep, rocky

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(Summary of observations prior to 1938)
mt. side abouve camp. **** Heard almost every
night throughout June, s especially on moonlit
nights. Always sounded very distant and ventriloquial. Probably only a single indivadual.

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Whitakers Forest, 5500 ft., 10 mi. NE Badger, Tulare Co., Calif. May 20, 1938 At 9:00 PM - clear, windless, dark might - heard, from cabin at S. end pool, barely audible hooting on hill to NE. ab ove Public campground. Absolute limit of audibility. Followed sound 300 yd. to public camp. Recognized as similar tothat heard & attributed with ? to to Flam Scr. Owl in 1935. Ran back to camp & got gun & head light ; hurried back where sound was picked up again. I gave answering calls & followed bird thru deep forest on hillside NE public camp/as it moved northward at intervals far ahead. Finally caught up . So und coming from in or about dense , high clump white firs, Ventriloquial - sounded as if bird were flying, each hoot apparently coming from different direction. Finally became accustomed to it & determined it to be near top 80' fir. Tree too dense to locate by eyeshine. Frobably sitting on limb close to trunk - keeping out of my sight as well as that of possible enemies - Spotted Owls , etc Notes all same pitch; short, staccato, high, later figured to be about B above middle C, and given at regular intervals a little greater then 2 sec. (This is faster cadence than others heard before.At every 15-25 see -- th hoot would lengthen interval to 3-5 sec. as if listening for answer, then would start again very often at lower - B-flat, or even A.By the time the next stop would occur, the pitch would have been worked up to the original pitch, so gradually as not to be noticed until the bird started again at

Whitakers - continued.a

a lower interval. The hoots are full vowel sounds not whistles, are the vowel oo as in hoot. Staccato effect best imitated by the pronunciated

tion of boop, boop, etc.

After 20 min., hooting ceased, to be resumed after \(\frac{1}{2} \) min. near top young Sequioia 35 ft. high, 30 yd . away. (This tree again the highest one in clum p.Didn't alight in openbranched black oaks, common thereabouts. Tried to lokate with flashlight but light burned out. Sat down for the hr. trying to fix - owl kept up continual hooting - returned to original perch. I circled tree clump to determine to-d- which it was in - was definately the highest fir -80 ft. high - below top. Owl stopped - resumed with same succession of hoots at same interval but with 2 additional shorter notes, slightly over a step lower - ahead of each hoots Second definitely cut off & distinct from main hoot: boot-oop, boop; boot-oop, boop; etc. Kept this up for 15 min., then a pause & back to original pattern. Walked to base of tree, crashing among fallen limbs. Owl not disturbed. Pounded trunk with gun - immediate effect silence. I continued to call & in 3 min. , owl answered farther to nebbh N. * * *

Call shorter, more rounded vowel oo tha-nand higher lighter than that of Long-eared Owl. Higher pitch also? Thought saw something alight on bare limb dead pine; shot, owl moved, answered later to my calls.

Returned to camp, fixed light. In \$\frac{1}{2}\$ hr., owl answered again from middle 25 ft cedar 50 yd.(E) orig perch. Very close, yet sounded distant. Cuoldn't locate with light - was far within tree & concealed. Climbed up adjacent oak, to its level; cracking of branches frightened owl to its original perch. Tapped on trunk hoping to drive to open perch. Silence - called again almost out of earshot far to S. Sound followed to dense clump firs, cedars 150 yd. away. Again high & concealed. Tapped - drowe to

another similar perch, then back to original

 Marshall, 1938

Otus flammeolus

Whitakers - contin. perch. Gave other 3-syll. call for while, intersperced with regular hoots. Resumed regular hooting. I climbed tree 15 ft. away with gun & kight.hoping to see owl when I reached his level. Top broken - seat- still below owl. HE kept hooting. Tied lyself to tree, moon rose (last 1) .Owl kept calling. Once in while would stop altogether, recommenced only after I called; therefor wouldn't have hooted all night if I hadn't called. Dozed- heard owl allthe time - awoke in before daybreak. owl was calling far to E.I called & it immediately came to or original perch, hooted steadily. At 1st. indica tion of dawn, stopped/, . Heard 15 min. later gave several calls far to NE, now fairly light. Probably feeding in this interval. Had probably eaten in early evening, again at dawn. No foraging all night (canstant hooting) unless gets spiders & insects from high in trees. Arboreal? Many spiders in my tree. But hooted at regular, short intervals all night. Obviously didn't go to nast - no others heard; probably not nesting - nesting over? If so, why persistcalling? Why territorial behavior? Ferhaps a solitary individual trying to attract mate. Definite territoriality regular perches within given area 300yd n&S by 75 yd. up & down hill. Definite song perches established in similar and safe spots. Not yet certain of identityl

May 21 Returned at dulk to cedar perch 50 yd. abo ve contral fir perch. Called continually. Heard nor saw nothing until almost pitch dark. (No moon) Batlike form fditted past nose - siluoetted against W sky. Was within 1½ ft. of face Came from SE - uphill. Saw something flick in middle cedar tree perch. Owl began softly to hoot saw it leave thru opposite side tree. Resumed orig perch in fir & hooted. Tap trunk, flew; answered far to N. Followed but it soon stopped calling. Foraging? I stationed myself in opening in timber where trunks siluoetted. I called 20 min. At length figure size lg. bat flew swiftly & silently overhead, 25 ft up. from NW. Flew

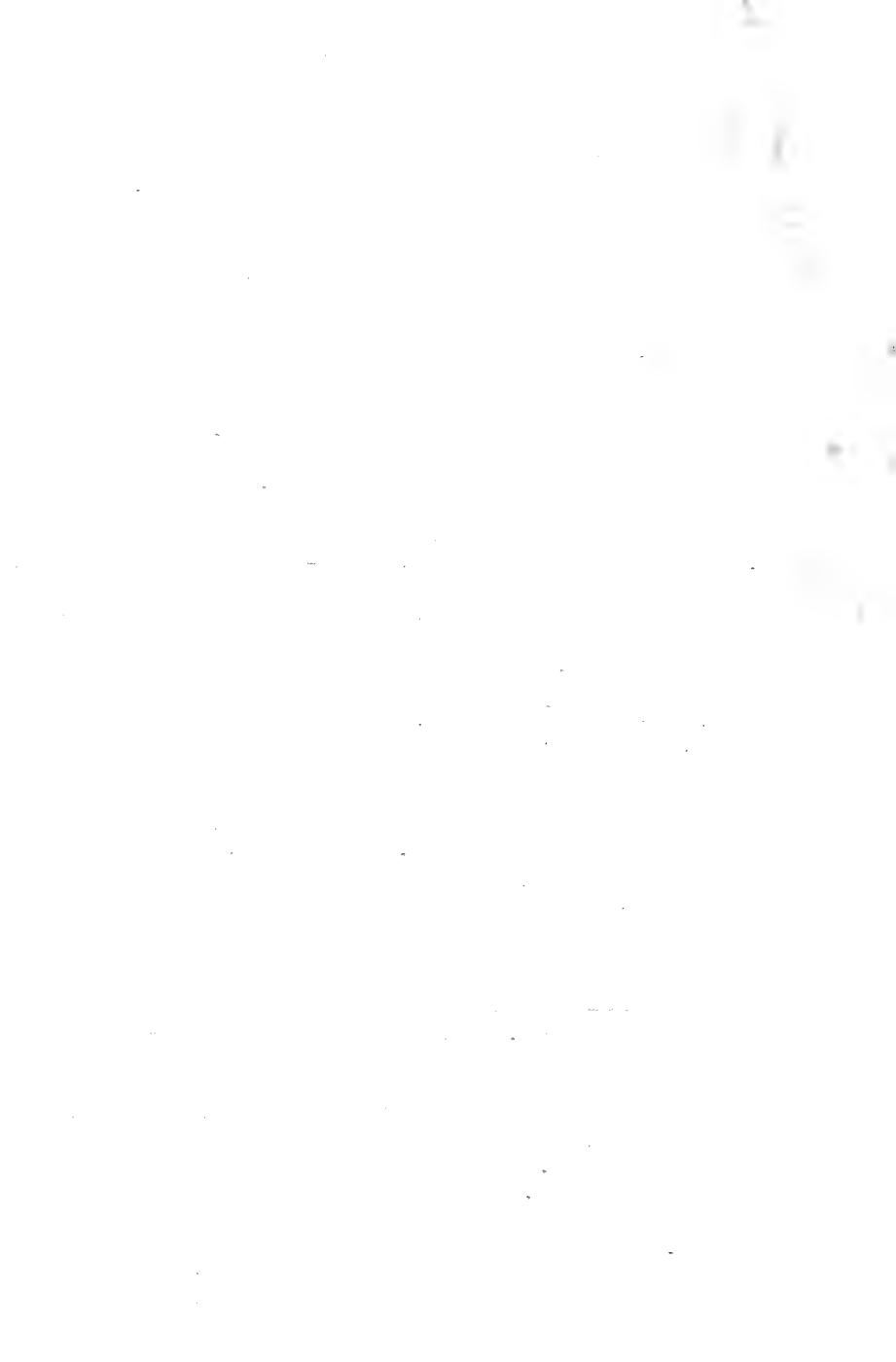
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Whitakers - contin. at downward slant as of heading for gnd. Typical screech dwl form: long, broad wings, large head infront, short tail behind; swift, direct flight. Commenced to hoot 25 yd. up hill. I followed past stump with hole (NO NEST) to open group sm. cedars with few and open branches & bare humus beneath. Owl calling softly from within these. Seen on small limb 3 ft.above gnd .- Forages at gnd.like Screech Owl? Not arboreal feeder. Oviously foraging since not calling much. Calls after feeding. Form & eyeshine similar to asia. Even light grey color in flash light. Tapers from h head, almost to point, where wings end behind tall. No ear tufts visible. Seen at 15 ft, . changed to .410 aux in open choke. Owl leaned-te-eideturned to side and leaned forward as screech owls do preparatory to flying. Paused then took off 148 lightly & swiftly.C ontinued to call in neighboring cedar. I got directly in front of t as it sat on long branch of low cedar & 4 ft. off gnd. Eye-shine visible, turned head from side to side.Collected- #377 male, body & full stomach in formalin. 1/2 h. after dark (about 8: PM

May 22 Returned in evening to call, hoping to hear mate or find nest. None found. Solitary due to rareness. Asio always in pairs even after breeding.

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Proximity to Otus asio in Public campgnd. in summer 193 1935. Definite transition zone, (shot in cedar). Continuity of hooting - slave to glands? Why hooting in 1st place? Territory or attraction to female? Tried giving hypothetical female call, higher; no effect. Very tame, flushed only when I climbed oak & at shot & tapping trunk. (Therefore climbing mammals a possible enemy.) Definite restricted territory & love of cover & success in keeping out of si sight. Calling prolonged & often started by my hoots. Curiosity or territoriality. Imitated hoots very accurate, probably second.



1 1/8 mi.S Whitakers Forest on 5500 ft. contour (Forest Service Map of Eshom Cr. Unit), 10 mi. NE Badger, Tulare Co., Calif.

June 3 Burned over timber, very dense stand young firs & cedars. Heard faint hooting at dusk. Took 45 min. to trace todense, tall grove on flat, 1 low gnd.Dark; new moon. Hooting in 4 sec intervals sparodic & very soft. Hard to approach; bird would fly when I hooted. Alternated series of boop, boop, etc., with boot-opp, boop as deacribed before Two heard at same time. One gotten close to : peculiar modification of its single call after I gave calls near it . (perhaps due to approach of silent female and not my presence.) Call changed to throaty, rushing sound, tone almost lost. I moved up hill, calling .Bird went ahead from one dense high clump to the next. Stayed within one claump surrounding a black oak & now called in earnest. (Aroused, or in own territory? - hence retreat from first locality.) Began to call more rapidly, then changed to breathy sound. Another answered in same tree (presumably 3 h, after of female) - and was shot when I noticed its pinkish

about 11:pm eyeshine as it sat on a high, dead cedar branch in the interior of the clump. (All branches bare in the shaded interiors of these clumps

hence more chance of locating birds from with in.) The bird shot was lower in the tree than was the original occupant . Male # 410. First, probably a male also (hence breathy call a territorial reaction to another male) called in earnest, and was made bolder by curiosity as

I called at the base of his tree clump, Alighted in open parts of Black Oak. Seen several times too close to shoot. Saw pinkish eyeshine. Silence before & after a swift rush of wings:probably a larger owl making an attempt to catch htex

Flew from perch to perch around the Otus. me untill its interest waned. Several times flew very close . Couldn't see but could hear slight

rush of wings.

Co mmonness - Status of "rare Birds"-Maintenance of minimum population to permit survival means even distribution in a sedentary

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Whitakers - contin.
bird. Is this near a center of the population
or are they as common but unnoticed in other
areas(i.e.Grinnell in Yosemite - none heard
or seen in that entire area)? Extentiion into
transition zone. Frabably only requirement is
stand of conifers over dry hillsides (indication
of gt. basin origin?). Where are females? Silent
or brooding? Times when males change tone may
indicate presence of females. If they are
brooding, why aren't the males at the nest feeding the m?

Whitakers Forest Clear, calm; moon. Public camp above place where #377 shot.1st at stream; evasive as usualat first. More interested later & follow-, ed me along road, stopping at various high, concealed perches to give series of single hoots. Stopped in grove young Sequoias at roddnear three sister Big Trees. Seen as flew across interior of clump/, .Distinctive variation of triple call: 4 syll. - bootle-opp, boop; etc. walked 125 yd. away, still heard in spite of wa water and low intervening ridge. Probably can be heard 300 yd in clear. Thought heard another down hill.1st followed me down - seen in branch Ponderosa Pine in lower, more open clump.Flew from perch, flitting like insect with rapid wingbeats -- i-e-deesn8t-j- i.e. doesn't jump then fly, but proceeds entirely by wings. Indicates relatively greater strength of wings associated with pursuit of flying insects?

June 7 None in place visited June third & revisited this evening.Cold, stormy night; high wind, couldn't hear.Heard at eresing-efcrossing of Wortman's road & main highway, mi.below camp.Crose described to call as pigeon-like *-eerse.Fersistant hooting at 6 sec. intervals.Calling in spite of storm. Ventriloquial.Often changed pitch(lower) after moving; and when in one place would change pitch or quality making sound seem to came from

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Whitakers, contin.

different place. Same alternation of calls.

Seen by flashlight from rear; from front, in direct view, no eyeshine, just large, dark eyes. At one time, hoot was higher & sounded like different bird. Several times changed to rushing sound, like night-hawk. Another bird present?

As usual was in clump conifers encircling Black Oak. Finally shot - #413 male - as sat in crotch in Black Oak. Perhaps hooting occurs lier laterin evening after feeding, therefor none heard at first lacality.

June 8 Same place as on 4th. (Above public camp grnd. I mi.N camp) In sunset light, heard answer from tree at edge little wet meadow. Called 9-10 times then quiet. Resumed again later, then again. In close, open-branched grove yuong cedars, saw ti it flit past - seen in flashlight.

Flew swiftly thru trees & out & up at edge em a flying insect. (Large moths & other flying insects abundant.) Then flew back to interior, stopping instant at two perches, but keeping on the move as if following insect. Hence, explanation of always being high upp Too small & week-footed to catch mammals, but strong wings to & rapid flight, darting flight for pursuing insects . Walked 200 yd. to stream where seen on 4th. Another there . Couldn't approach - didn't give double call, so couldn't tell if same bitd. Went back & found 1st. in c elump dense, streamside clump where seen on 4th and only 25 yd from meadow. Same 4-syll. call as the bird seen there on 4th. Two within 200 yd. Bright , clear; gibbous moon; calm.

June 10 Same locality 1 1/8 mi. S camp on 5500 ft. contour, as on June third.

Cloudy, dark evening. Still very light although a very cloudy day. One called 75 yd. S stream (first stream S south bend in highway between camp & Sequoia ranger station).

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Whitakers, June 10, contin.

On open pt. As usual, soft at first, then gradually louder. Long silences (foraging). Flew bullet-like from high pine to fir clump where seen.Flew again.Silence, then hooted from 1way up young pine lower on ridge. Flew with amazing rapidity to high, lone Fonderosa Fine w where seenas siluoette. Made rapid dart out & up; swerve & back to perch. Accelerated flycatcher style. Only interp. that it was catching insect on wing. Amazing dash & vigor. Minimum time in open; less danger. Distinctive triple call; second syll. shotened, not of equal intensity as 1st, but slighted. Beetle Beet boo-dp. boop; etc. This bird's territory was on the way from camp to the area indicated above. At that area, a little later but atill light, one suddenly called doudly from sm. yellow pine above rocks at edge low, flat grove. Approached to within 10 yd. Bright pinkish eyexhine. Flew down then up to another clump. Modified, muffled call given in flight. Hooted, then back to huge Black Oak . Then flew N 200 yd, heard a few times. On return trip, heard same owl in same area asdiscussed at top page (9). Stayed around clump firs & pines encircling Black Oak as usual Same call (sec nd syll. slighted almost out of existance.

Another in back ranger station - carried on ly 50 yd. - rushing beate hoot - sparodic, soon stopped. Only 60 yd. from where m ale #413 was taken. Mate to # 413?

June 11 Dusk; above haunted house, north place where # 377 shot. A different owl in terr. of bird with 4-syll. hoot, or else same bidd had changed voice to "bootle, boop" instead of "bootle-opp, boop". Accelerated once after high note heard. Another bird? * * Discuss comparison with Poorwill. Is counterpt. in size, form, wingsurface, and food. (To be proven by examination of preserved stomach contents.)

NE corner property. A smered hoots. Ab usual,

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Whitakers, June 11, contin. began very softly, then louder, and came to clump of young Fonderosa Pines surrounding lg, Black Oak. Low in trees but not seen except in flight. Low, faint clucking sounds heard nearby - a female? Absolutely best view of behavior yet seen - bird very tame; stopped hooting & was watched foraging in oak. Would stay in one perch for a minuit or more, then would fly to another, once clearly making a dart at an insect on the way. Perched in the lower & middle parts of the tree, on bare branches. Alighted on stub about 6 ft. from my face. Seemed to be infested with parisites - scratched with foot, shook feathers, preened here & there with bill, All movements remarkably speedy & energetic - shook feathers so violently that it was only a blurr. One pee peculiar movement do ne several times was stretstretching head high & opening bill several time s as if ejecting something. Continually peered from side to side & up& down with very rapid movements of head .fooking for flying insects like Tyrannidae?Looked intently up then flew in that direction directly to higher branch. May have been examining branches fer spiders, etc; then flew to capture one. Posture, leaning forward - not upright, suggestive of alertness to readiness to fly. Gt. energy, trim, handsome, falcol-like build - power full shoulders, tapersto pt. where large wings end behind tail. Not chunky & clumsy looking like most owls. Once, called several times after one short flight to pine. In lther another pine where sitting 8' off gnd., flicked wings like hermit thrush, twice. Color ation, when close, could see complex pattern of markings on white underpts; when farther, all blended into grayish uniform color, similar to bark trees.

Followed me down rd., called while in low pine. Shook out feathers again, wiped bill twice in succession on twig, like linnet.

Otus flammeolus
Meadows Flat,5000 ft., la mi. S W
Whitakers Forest, W Base Redwood Mt., Tulare
Co., Calif.

June 12 By dusk, had reached 100 yd. thru forest at S end meadows. Road turned E , following sm. ; cr. 1st owl heard as soon as fairly dark, and followed from tree to tree in its territory on the M. side rd. Even, close stand ponderosa pine & fir; occasional black oak. Few p open spacs in forest. Owl seen flying about from perch to perch high in trees. At first , hard to approach ; later tamer or more curious, perched lower in smaller trees. Remaned chiefly in& around 2 lg. black oaks. Long periods of silence when foraging. Would continue to call when I would change location & hoot. Nondescript, soft, higher-pitched cries heard few yd. E occasionally. May well have been female.Couldn't locate.Saw male several times too close to shot; finally shot as sat near top young ponderosa pine next to one of bl. oaks. Located by sound & pink eye-shine. Densest forest yet found in. Rather obviouse indication of arboreal feeding. Was male, #430.34km. after dark 8pm.

Now dark. Heard another, 90 yd to S. across rd. & cr. Was in tall yellow pine top, calling persistantly. Tapping trunk didn't move it. Soun heard 3rd 80 yd E. Both calling in same tempo. I followed newcomer & other followed me up hill to the new territory. All three of us ho hooting in chorus. I gave hypothetical calls of female (higher-pitched inflectd) & produced immediate effect in the two. Both came down close to me and gave the rushing-sound breathy hoots. Now in open forest on slight rise. Owls now called on e at time for several stretches per. Could tell both present because both stayeed in respective trees. Were in black oaks, as usual. Silence, then one hooted as sat next to trunk lg. pine at edge clear space (rocks). Was on low horiz.limb, and pink eyeshine vis. Absolutely in open! No branches nor foliage near. Collected It; male # 431. Other heard few yd. up, and followed to rd. as shown on Forest Service map Eshom Cr. unit. Thiis bird, since stayed around this easterly territory was probably the new-Clicked mandibles when picked up. 1/2 hr. after dark. 10 p.m.

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Meadows Flat, June 12. comer (third male heard). It stayed higher in the now dense stand young conifers (similar to terr. #430) and was not seen although it answered my hoots at intervals. Again other faint higher sounds were heard nearby, & attributed to another female. Another supposedly a male was heard at this time back in terr. of #431 & & was probably the one heard several times from that area on my way back to the meadows. I paced off the distances involved & determined that these four males & the two supposed possibly to be females were all within an area 250 by 100 yd. Thus for this uniform and dense young forest or conifers with its occasional black oaks, we have the densest owl population yet recorded in my observations. It may well be possible that there are no Spotted Owls or other owls which might prey upon the Screech Owls in this locality & that this may be a factor which determines their abundance because I have as yet found none at all within the large terr. of Strix occidentalis on the entire E,S,&W sides of Whitakers Camp. Although terr. set up , apparently no objection to invasion occasionally by others. Territoriality may be restricted to the sequestration involving merely convenience &-met in foraging & not aggressive maintenance of boundaries.

Later, bright moonlight, 5th male heard in tall yellow pine at edge meadows. Usual behavior resulting from my imitated hoots: at first kept on hotting steadily from high in tree & out of sight, gradually interested in my hoots, and began to move from perch to perch about me - still high. Then when I began to move about within its terr., became curious (or desirous of driving away a supposed invader) & descended to lower sm. trees where seen at close range. After thr., began to lose interest & moved again to high perches. Drawn down from these by my withdrawal to grove sm. trees & its following me thence. Called eagerly for 15 min. from open perch on hotal. stub of lg., dead tree, only 7 ft. from gnd.



Meadows Flat, June 12.

then from sm. branch near-to in interior young ponderosa pind; there shot - #432, male. Like the others it frequented a large black oak within its terr., & unlike them, its compound call consisted of only 2 syll.: boot, boop; etc. midnight.

On way back to Whitakers, another male heard above rd. at W. side Sequoia Ranger Sta Station meadow. May or may not have been that heard back of the station on June 10.

Whitakers Forest

June 13 Arrived at territory owls at end rd. at NW boundary. Male already hooting, & a Glaucidium whistling to S. Gl. soon stopped and Otus continued. Series of gurgling hoots given in flight as if in pursuit of female.

Sett * times * Several times heard slight mewing or whining cries at higher pitch than male & with prolonged downward inflection. These, I hope to prove, are made by the female.

June 15 Same place, but earlier, just at sund down . Male hooted several times while still very light . Followed so nd & found him sitting in densest part clump firs & 6' off gnd. Sat still, resembled Screech Owls who come from hi hiding places & sit in shade untill dark enough to forage. This owl, however . soon began to fly about, into the higher trees & calling stopped. At this time the Glaucidium began calling close at hand & continued , causing extended silence on pt. Otus. Otus still there, answered softly my calls several times. (SEe under Glaucidium) Glaucidium apparently the dominant bird.

June 20 One heard at 9:30FM just across rd.

from Cedar Cabin, within game refuge, & within former terr. of #377. He rd at same time female Srix was baying near pool. I tried to approach the owl, but it , like #377, kept always ahead & almost beyond audibility. Frobably because was outside own terr. & driven back by my hoots.

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Whitakess, June 20

I expected to be able to follow it until it arrived in its terr., there it would stop & hoot while I would be able to observe it. However, it kept retreating at alarming rt. for no less than 500 yd., directly uphill, & was followed with gt. difficulty. Finally caught up in vicinity of lg.dead cedar. After remaining still for a while, was able to call it to me. Its hoots were very loud & penetrating, the loudest & fullest tones yet heard. Apparently great resonance. Was seen in open, close against trunk dead ced- cedar, in axil of branch stub, 20 ft high. Silent. I began to call, & it flew about me in low trees from perch to perch looking intently . Looked most often upward; expected invader to be in higher trees, the normal place. Made slight rushing of wings when flew very close, and often noise as wings touched branches as flew thru dense growth yo u young trees. When peering about, used peculiar hunching motion , rotating effect, raising head & bending body forward. Found why this owl so wild & hard to approach - snapped twig, owl jerke d forward & flicked wings violently - intolerant of approach of ground-trvelling enemies. As elong as I kept from moving around, owl flitted about looking for source of hoots. Definite terr. reactiom. Perched directly in front & began giving loud full hoots but hoarse - the usual form when another bird near. Changed gradually into clear hoots. Head pointing up, posterior pt. body contracted, then sides of throat swelled gre atly at each hoot. Throat greatly distended all time, even when not calling. Seemed as if it were amplifying hoots by bringing air-sacs into play, as indicated by compression of posterior flanks. Feathers of throat continually erect from its gt. glandular(?) enlargement.Long, silence, then last heard way up hill. (Only one apparent insect flight noticed.)

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Whitakers Forest, 5500 ft., 10 mi. NE Badger, Tulare Co., Calaf.

June 22 After dark, clear, calm, no wind. Entered screech owl terr. at end road at NW corner property. Remained silent until after arrival. Heard no owls. Then gave calls & in 10 min., 2, presumably males, were answering. I continued to call, & remained seated & quiet 1; soon both were in tre nearby, one calling louder & a major third above the soft tones or the other. The loudly-calling bird had been closest at the start, & may very well have been the "owner" of that part of the terr. as indicated by his dominant voice. Both birds withdrew after a while, their curiosity waning; and the soft-voiced bird was followed 75 yd. to the W. In a clump of young cedars next to a large black oak this bird & another silent companion were perched; on interior branches, 8' up & within 5' of each other. By this time the other male had arrived & had resumed calling from a fir near at hand. The two birds in the spotlight, I supposed to be a matea pair, the male hooting, the female silent. They made no particular actions toward ea ch other; the male! s hoots were clear, not the throaty sound given when two males meet. (Previously, when both males were together in the same tree, the other male had given the characteristic rushing hoots.) Both were very tame, exproached to within 10' and sat still in the light and peered at it & at me when I hooted. The male presently turned on his perch & flew higher & out of sight, where he exchanged calls with the other male far some time . The female (?) remained below & peered at me with that peculiar rotary motion (In the frontal plane) so characteristic of all screech owls, . As so often the case, she would usually look upward when I hooted; no ear tufts were visible, the plumage was compressed, giving a trim appearance, & the size was not noticably larger than that of the males. At my closer approach, turned & leaned forward, then flew lightly to higher perch where seen. Feathers of heard, especially top, compressed so that head

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Whitakers Forest

June 22 - outlined by facial disks.Wideeyed & alert expression from dominant features, the large, brown eyes, large white tufts extending up from cere.

where sat in axil limb, 10 ft. up. Was unusual in that squatted on perch with feathers flufted out & wings relaxed. Obviously a resting pose, didn't look about for insect, remained quite still, giving low, soft hoots involving only slight body contraction. However, noticeable feature of hooting was expansion of sides of throat - feathers would part due to expansion & show the apterium on each side of neck.

Both males of much less intensity of voice than the full-voiced bird heard on 20th.

Meadows Flat, 5000 ft., W. B se Redwood Mt., Tulare Co., Calif/

June 27 Left camp before dawm on mouning collecting trip to Meadows Flat. Hooted for Otus all the way & encountered the two whose terr. I passed through, namely, the one 100 yd. W Pequoi Ranger Station, and the one with the most uphill terr. ab by the road S Meadows flat. (This is the terr. just E of where male #431 was collected.) It was fairly light when reached this last terr. and owl hooted only few min. but from the same trees as where heard last time.

Whitakers Forest, 5500 ft., to 10 mi. NE Badger Tulare Co., Calif.

June 27 At dusk, at Terr. NW corner property, attempted to call up the two pairs usually there Got several very faint hoots in reply from male up hill from road. Somn stopped. Later, a male answered from gully near road, but gave only a few rather faint hoots. Apparently the "hooting season" is waning.

June 28 After dusk, tried to call up owls in same terr.mentioned June 27. No response.

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Whitakers Forest, 5500 ft., 10 mi. NE Badger, Tulare Co., Calif.

June 30 At midnight, heard from my bed on E porch of Sugar Fine Cabin, the persistant & measured hooting of Otus from somewhere to N.E. Probable 150-200 yds. away.

July 1 Same as above.

Redwood Canyon, 6000 ft., Sequoia National Forest, Tulare Co., Calif.

July 4 None heard in upper end Canyon nor within terr. of Strix occidentalis on saddle of Redwood Mt.

July 6 Again, none heard in upper end Canyon, although called for persistantly.

Whitakers Forest, 5500 ft., 10 mi. NE Badger, Tulare Co., Calif.

July 9 Calm, clear; moon past 1st 4. Went to terr. at NW corner property in order to locate owls for flsh photo. About 11 PM. Called up one male, hooting rather softly and not until a long time of calling up. Returned 4 hr later with photographer, but owls not answering. Moon low, perhaps activities lessen late at night.

Later, after moon had set, called for Otus in terr. above "haunted house". After much calling, finally obtained ans. far up on hill N haunted house. Followed in succession of stops up this hill - owl would call only a few times in succession then a long silence (15 min) and resume 50 - 100 yd. away. Would invariably stop hooting at my approach. Never saw, although twice managed to get under tree where owl was. Toward daybreak, back down hill, my hooting brought the owl near me on two occasions as indicated by three or 4 hoots each time. At no time this night did the owl give the steady & prolonged hooting characteristic of its behavior several weeks ago.



CATALOG Otus flammeolus

Big Meadow, 7659 ft., Sequoia Nat. Forest, Tulare Co., Calif.

July 10-Malthough owls at Whitakers in the transition zone have ceased the major pt. of their mating activities, as evidenced by their discontinuance of regular calling, and their failure to answer imit ated hoots; the owls at Big Meadow, in the Canadian Zone (Jeffrey Pine, Lodgepole Fine, Red Fir) are still at the highth of the "hooting period" . Males hooted steadily and surrounded me when I entered their territor ies (hooting), and also were attracted by imitated female calls and by the actual calls of one female. This is the first locality where a female has been observed and followed by her calls for a long period of time. Also this locality has the most amazingly large population' of Screech Owls of any yet worked, surpassing even that of Meadow Flat, at 5000 ft. The cause for the gtill great activity among the owls is, of course the usual lag of the seasons in the higher zones - the dense population may indicate a population center in the Canadian Zone with a tapering off in Transition and Hudsonian.

Eight males & 1 female found in area about 500 yd. by 500. Included flat country along a slow, winding stream - open stand Lodgepole pines and immense Red Fir, open bare ground; and a grnite hill slope with very open stand J Jeffrey Fine and rocks & manzanita beneath. Owls not restricted to either type.

Gibbous Moon - clear, calm. Olservations from 9FM to 3 AM.

During supper thought heard male far to north. After supper, called up one male a few paces N camp. Soon another, then another came. All three apparently attracted by my hoots. Stayed high in Red Firs and hidden in interiors. Could not locate with flashlight. Soon had a forth. None in same tree at same time. All within hlear hearing dist. Tried stunt of leading them along into low trees. Very successful. From the campfire called one that had been high in aRed Fir 60 yd away to a low Lodgepole Fine 15

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Big Meadow contin. July 10
yd. away. Sat halfway up tree (30 ft up) and close to the trunk on a side branch; hooted continually. Clear eyeshine - same color as flash. Was collected and put into formalin - male #496. Worn plumage. Feathers on top head as if from entering woodpecker hole. 9 pm July 10.

30 min. later, one coll. as called from red fir- not hidden in branches but on open stub. Shot at long range - flew down to group young Red Firs. Another male called in high voic a few yd. to 8. First was found 45 min. later sitting upright, feathers drawn down, ear tufts high and erect, on branch young red fir. was caught and put alive into a box. Male # 494.) Opm

Subsequent history of #494:

Slightly wounded in one wing. Actions similar to Otus asio. Feingns injury when handled, tenses body and will not sit up when picked up, rolls over on side, closes eay, etc. When left alone, sits up normally, sn snaps bill, and runs off when approached. Next morning, of many water bugs & other insects, put in box (also a frog) alive & dead ate one large kind of fly.

Fhotos taken by Woodbridge Metcalf, Univ. of Calif. extension forester and Ed Smyth, assistant farm advisor, Santa Barbara Co.

When held up in sunlight, closed eyelids to narrow crack, flew down to gnd., hopped with wings outstretched to shade behind treetrunk. Fut on sunlit twig of lodgepole pine. Hopped in criss-cross steps up the twig to trunk, where sat upright against trunk, elongated & with feathers compressed; ear tufts straight up & long due to contrast with rest feathers on head which were compressed. Blended perfectly with bark. Lids open when in shade. Next morn. died, feather fluffed out, ears down.

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Silence from all owls for over hr. Hiked N camp 300 yd. in hopes of finding poorwills. Also



Big Meadow - Contin. July 10.
called fer with male O.f. call. Immediate ans.
from clump Red Fir.in sm. hollow in gentle slope
of granite, brush, & Jeffrey Pine. A high, quavering call, longer than usual, and 3½ steps higher. Rising inflection. Evidently call of fem
ale. Almost as loud as male; not given in stead
y, successive intervals - only occasional, in
ans. to my hoots. Entirely different quality
from male. Muffled & whining. Male called from gr
grove tall firs bordering cr. 75 yd. away. Called
steadily in usual fashion. Apparently stim. to
call by the calls of the supposed female. After
one hr. patient calling, finally led him put in
open a secound time where finally shot at long
range by yellow eyeshine alone - 2/3 way up
in open-branched yeffrey pine. Male #493.

Femle aroused again. Located tree several times - always high in tree & out of sight, probably sitting near trunk and behind branches as males usually do. Moved about within the one clump every 5-10 min. Shot once at pitch shine and once at knob on twig . Female continued to give the calls. Moved up into open Jeffreys up slope. Chased from tree to tree, ofted waiting 15 min. for next single call. Never allowed approach within 30 yd. and always remained conceale from long-range view. Moon bright, hense gter . diff. in locating by shine. Very shy - char. of females of many sp. Finally another male drawn in by commotion. Either an 8th (counting each heard in a different place & time) or the 4th (the last one of the crowd heard all tog gether earlies in the evening.) Readily caoo. from half-way up Jeffrey. Sitting on open br. and next to trunk. Shot at long range by yellowish eyeshine alone. Male #495. 2am July 1)

Female again chased for several hr., finally stopped calling - nearing morning, moon setting; all owls silent (If there were a total

of 8 males.)

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Haskin's Meadow, Buck's Lake, 5150 ft., Flumas Nat. Forest, Plumas Co., Calif.

July 15, 1938 Moonlight, clear, ealm. No otus found in all lodgepole pine, red fir, and Jeffre Pine country in vicinity of Haskins M. 40r5 hrs. spent in usual proceedure of calling & listening for ans. Many Horned Owls in region, if Otus were present, may have remained silent because of danger of exposing selves to Bubo. Very possible that Bobo would eat Otus. Also possible that Otus would not exist in terr. of Bobo as was assumed case in Terr. of Strix at Whitakers.

Entire country along highway from Buck's Lake 15 mi. Toward Oroville. 5000 - 6000 ft., Plumas Nat, Forest, Plumas Co., Calif.
July 16, L938

A very comprehensive search was made by auto, stopping every few hundred yds along highway and spending 15 min. to two hrs. in attempti ing to callup Otus f. Steps-were-made-se-that Stops were made in groups close together so that entire supposed terr. could be covered, thereby taking care of the possibility that an owl might be on a distant frontier of its terr. Stops were made in all kinds of associations: Red fir (pure stands), lodgepole pine bordering meadows, aspens along streams, Jeffrey Fine on k hillsides . Absolutely no answerin g calls were heard,. No owls of any other species were heard - Gt. Grey Owls were expected. Time - from sunset to midnight. Haskins Meadow on SW side Bucks Lake.

Three male calls heard in succession & in typical fashion at dusk among lodgepoles on S edge meadow. Given after I had made imitation Pygmy Owl whistles. Could not locate further. Record not certain - many cow bells ringing, some of identical pitch & qualit y to 0?f, otus flammeolus.

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Marshall, 1938

Otus flammeolus

Eshom Cr. Campground, 5000 ft., W Base Redwood Mt., Tulare Co., Calif.

August 6, 1938

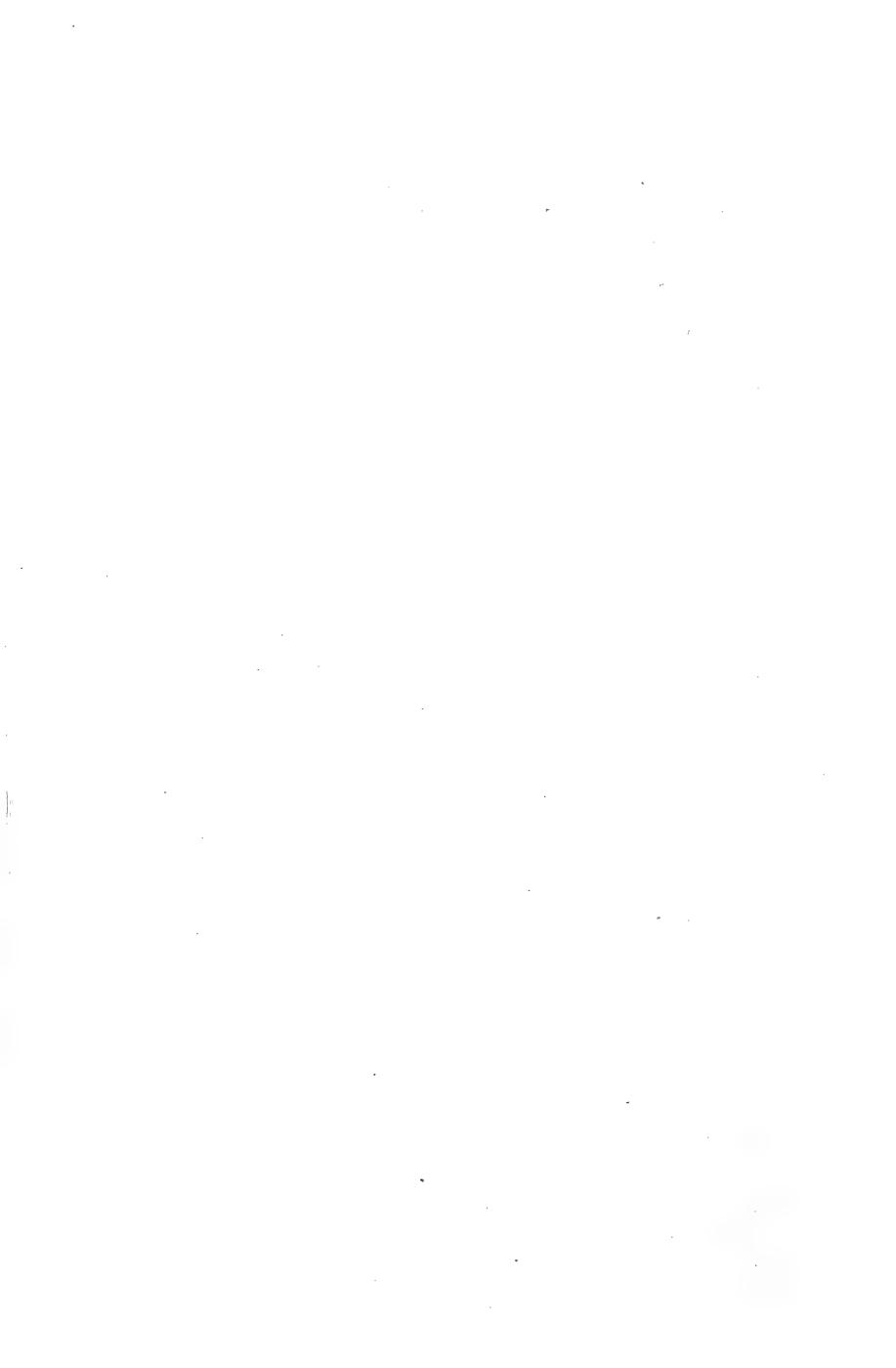
Upon learning from Ranger Volmer at Sequoi Guard A. Station thata camper at Eshom had a small live owl, this camper was sought out and t the owl investigated. A man in an ajoining camp had felled a dead yellow pine snag for fire wood two weeks before and had found three young "bill "Billy Owls" in a cavity apparently at the base of the stump. Two were dead (Icouldn't find wheth they had been killed by the felling or wheth er they had died previously.) The third was aliv although injured and was taked home to a lady in the camp. This lady was next interviewed as was also her small son who had fed the owl. He said that it had taken readily food of all kinds especially bread scaked in milk, beatles, and most of all, worms. It had died after a week in captivity and had been buried (this having taken place a week ago.) They said that it had brown eyes and was "Just a little Billy Owl." A man listening in said that he had seen one the night before near his camp at dusk.

The young buried owl was finally dug up and is now preserved in formalin. Juv. # 511. When washed, many of the body feathers sloughed off, but the well developed rectrices & remiges held on. They were colored like those off the adult birds; the juvinal body feathers were uniformly barred with grey & white as in a young Screech Owl,. There was no indication anywhere

of any rufous color,.

Whitakers Forest, 5500 ft., 10 mi. NE Badger, Tulare Co., Calif.
August 6

In the evening, after dark, a walk was taken after dark to the terr. NE the "Haunted House". Here the owls behaved exactly as they had at the beginning of the season, exept that calling was not so prolonged. The male with the triple note preceding his regular hoot, answered immediately from a clump of tall firs, and kept on calling



Whitakers, contin, August 6

for 15 min. in usual fashion. (Alternating single successions of single hoots with successions of same preceded by triple note.)

Moved twice - ended up in high yellow pine where remained conceeled and in upper pt. tree. During course of its calling, another male was heard several hundred yd. S and once a sharp whine was heard high in nearby pine which I took to be the call of the female. This whine was the usual 3½ steps higher in litch than the male call, was longer, and ininflected downward. None of the owls were seen. At least, however, they are still callinfg, although not as much as earlier in season.

Why is this group of owls calling, whereas those at the NW corner of the property are altogether silent? Which group is representating of the entire population? They should now be observed in all the terr. in order to get an average estimate of their seasonal phase of their behavior.

August 8

No Otus called up in terr. at NW corner at dusk.

August 9

Dusk - at NW corner Whitakers. Couldn't call up Otus, . However, did hear Strix calling several hundred yd. to S* , probably within its terr. on the S side Eshom Cr. I gave imitations of Strix for quite a while and soon a slight moan was heard from a yellow pine close at hand. Was high 9(32 steps above normal pitch for male call), very slight in intensity, and had double inflection: Up, then down again. Was of longer duration than usual stacatto call of male. Was obviously an alarm note because it was given only imidiately after one of my Strix hoots, and was invariably uttered sooner or later after each hoot. Given only singley, not in regular intervals, . Also could be the usual call of female. Only collection



Marshall, 1938

Otus flammeolus

could determine with certainty whether or not this is the call peculiar to the female or merely an alarm note of the male. However, I shall consider it to be that of the female because on this night a true male call was heard several times nearby at the same time that the occasional moans from the unknown bird were heard. The male notes were heard in answer to my male & female hoots at a time when I had refrained from giving Strix hoots for quite a while. Wherever the male was, he remained absolutely silent when I began giving more Strix hoots, and the supposed female started calling again from the same perch where last heard. As to be expected of a female, this bird was quite hard to approach, and hard to follow because the alarm calls were given so sparingly. It moved on ahead of me, going one clump of trees to the next, but always giving the little moaning sound "נונונונו " after each of my Strix notes. Finally I got close eno enough to see it as it sat out away from the trunk on a long horiz . limb of a sugar pine.

It gave a clear , light eyeshine, and sat for about a minuit, looking from side to side and finally climaxing a session of "Hard looking towards the W, by flying suddenly & swiftly off in that direction. I had no gun at the time, &

was unable to collect the bird.

August 10 Same place & time. Noluck in finding female although a male was called up twice by imitated female hoots,. However, the male at each of these occasions became totally silent when I gave Strix hoots. This fact is certain because The bird called with typical male calls from the same spot ater the Strix hooting had been ceased for several minutes and Otus notes were given. This also goes to prove that the moan note heard the night before was not made by the this male bird but probabl by a female.

August 11 ditto Nome, male nor female heard.

Whitakers Forest, 5500 ft., 10 mi. NE Badger, Tulare Do., Valif.

August 13

Hiked over to Redwood Canyon after sunset. No Otus heard nor seen. Spent much time later in evening, after moon had risen, trying to call them up all the way back. Came back by way of old road taking a notherly di ection down from the saddle of Redwood Mt. None heard at all until the Whitakers boundary was neared and the owl inhabiting the terr. above the "naunted house" was heard in the dist. I followed it to its usual calling area where it called for a short time from a group of very high white firs.

It soon sto ped calling, and I proceeded along old logging road from Haunted house and corral(shown on map) toward public camp. At the creek crossing, a male was heard in the terr. of the first specimen collected - male #377.

This new bird was close to the junction of road & cr. and was in a rather dense stand of mixed young conifers - not very high. It called vigor ously & steadily and was easily approached. Soon it was attracted down near me and sat on a dead branch about 6ft. away from my head & hooted. I watched it for quite a while by flashlight .I couldn't determine the progress off the molt - the bird looked in normal plumage. It sat hunched slighly forward, looked about as usual, and as usual, no ear tufts were vesible. I tried an exp. of giving a loud Strix hoot to see what his reaction would be. He immediatel "froze" and remained perfectly silent. His only mot on for about 10 man was to look down at me ater a heet.loud "trox hbot. I noticed that when I first would turn on the light, an eyeshine was visible from the bird's pupil. But almost imediately, he would draw down his iris and only a very small pinpt. of light would be Reflected. Very tame & not in own breeding terr , .: young?

Another male was presently heard farther up the hill, the one I was watching soon flew

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Whitakers, contin. August 13

higher & back to his original hooting perch

where he called from perfect concealment.

On the way back to camp & only 200 mis where last 2 were heard, still another male was heard, an still within the original terr. of #377 - which had been vacant almost all summer. Also a Strix washeard farther up the hill, and all Otus became silent.

August 14-15

The night of Aug. 14-15 was spent in bed under the clump of firs where last had been heard the Otus f. who ranges N haunted house. On the way out to this spot, the new bird of Aug. 13 was heard again, calling steadily in breeding season style from same stand young trees. Also the 2nd was heard farther up hill,

Although a moonlit night, owl was only heard at one occasion in the terr. where I camped. It was finally attracted by male & female hoots the grove where I was camped. Here it called with a very small voice and for only a shortime. Towards dawn, it was silent, but suddenly an Otus asio began to call from the same tree where fl. had last been heard. The creech owl may well have been a wandering bird of the yr.; nevertheless, here was a stiking overlapping both of range and of niche. (At this same time, a Glaucidium was also heard nearby.)

Big Meadow, 7659 ft., Sequoia Nat. Forest, Tulare Co., Calif.

August 15 Sunset to about 3:00 AM

A great deal of time was spent, covering several widely separated areas, and calling & listening for Otus f. All types of habitats were tryed, all unsuccessfully. Finally the spot on the road to Buck's Rock Lookout, where the four owls were collected an July 10, was revisited. An owl was soon called up across the cr. 200 yd. S camp. It would start a given series of single hoots only with low, soft, mellow, uninflected Otus hoots, but would then increase pitch & intensity until it was giving a



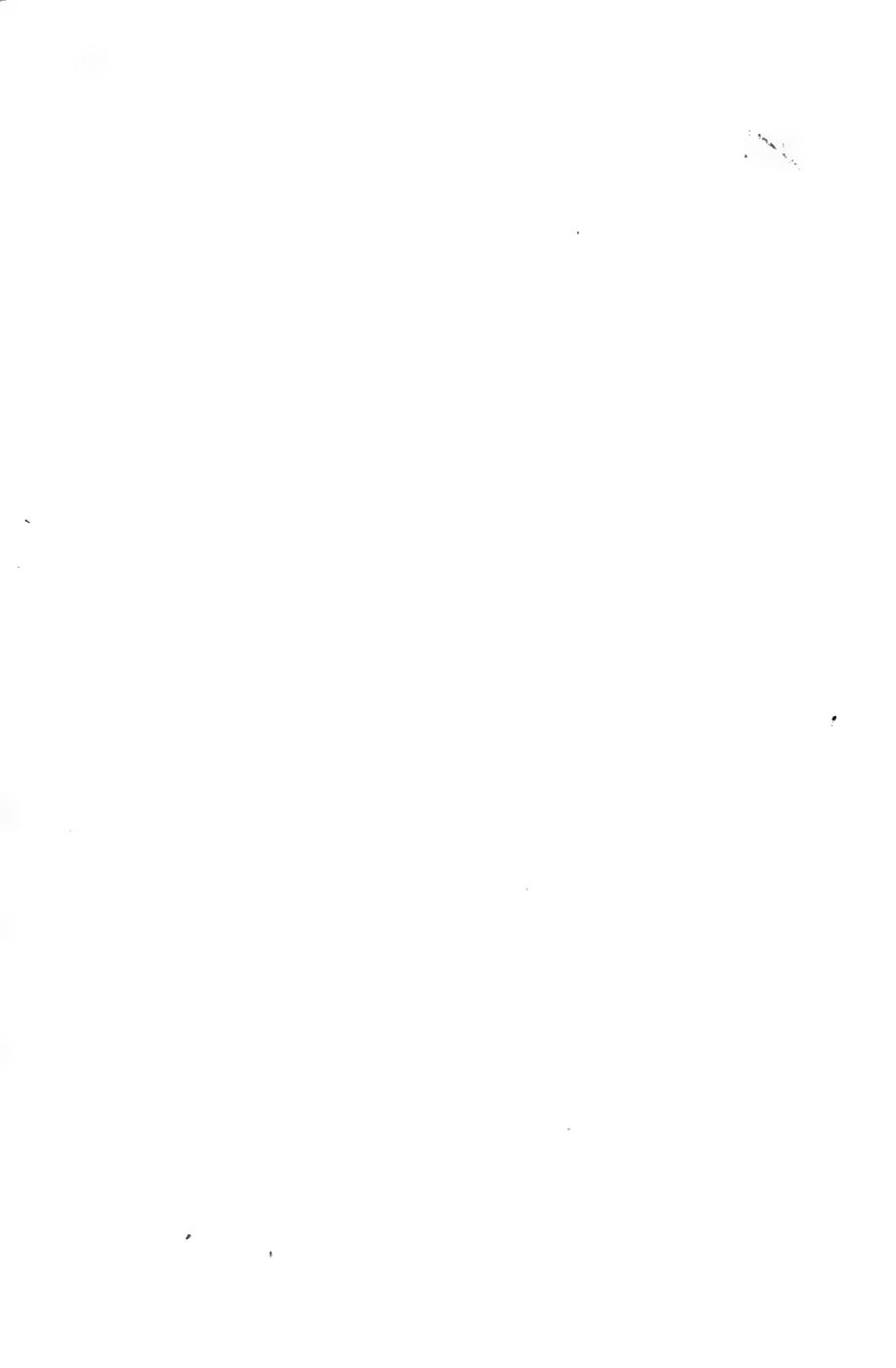
Otus flammeolus

Big Meadow, contin. August 15
very loud, barking hoot not at all like the call of Otus. Its habits were different also. It would stop hooting when I would turn on the light, it called from the very topsof the tree. It would flush when I was still a long distance away, and would much later resume calling a long distance away. All together, it covered a terr. far larger than the normal sized one for O.F. Therefor, I conclude it to be some other sp., probably the Long-eared Owl.

Only twoo notes were heard during the entre night, which could safely be ascribed to Otus flammeolys. In the terr, where the female was traced by her accasional notes on July 10, two notes were heard which were identical with those heard on the 10th. They were given apparently in answer to my male hobts, but no amount of calling sti m the female to the pt. of calling a third time, and she wasnot seen at all. On the 16th, several hrs. were spent in looking into cavities in trees for nests, None were found.

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Marshall, 1939 28. Otro flammestus Coconino Co., Hagstaff, 2000 ft. Coconino Co., Calif. Arizona June 1, 1939 arrived after dark on clear, windless, cool evening amped in flat stand yellow pike at Sut base dan Francisco Re 1/2 min & W of Flag. on highway then to 5000 yels W into sine forest. Railroad (Santa Fe) comming up from - 5, curing around No of camp only 200 yels away trains combing up on highway making racket all might low Ridge and Railroad track at about 9 PM after fixing light set out directly log who crossed track after 200/ crossed track after 200/ (Where waited for train; then walked



marshall 1939 flagstell aris Otus Flanmedis for F5 Dubo, as soon, as the down, I heard Janswer from Hine 56 yds to 5. annere 5. answered evith singly hosts usual pitch quality, & tempo/2/2-3 see funtervals). Trumb clear pink, collected as sat on horis branch of the open-branched tree. Walked straight back to early to tell party to stay of members

She carry to listen to set threat to stath I saw after the had followed me near members of harts to listen have from 50 yels from 50 yels whom part. talked to



Marshall, 1939 Hagliff, aris, Otros flamedes had answered my notes with single hoots then preceded by low the stranged grant the lower fitted out toward freethy loss read toward freethy loss out toward freethy loss out contents of full stomach & saving in tresure paper. (about 1/2 hr. after coll.) at about undnite Started ont again in same direction as before June 2) Members of Party : San Welles (AB, VC, Oliver Bowen Junios UC (ged), Frank Peabody AB UCteaching assist in Paleo - Thanks due to Welles for camping in timber on way to meteor Crater. Thow at 12:15- June 2, set out again toward W. Cried up 2nd of he didn't, until I was right of him - 150 yels. In Started out very on top

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Marshall 1939 DEns flammedus Than June 2 Josephy and only 1 - 5 notes every few min. I tried shoring around -succeeded in getting him excited - followed me - gave bootle - an intervall of a major 3rd between 2 grace notes & main hoot then slighter yet distinct slur slown again (major 3 rd) on last syllable. Daws him fly into a pines 30 high (upper parts) then ght him into the low bare branches of a similar pine within a rather plense climp. (Highty sweeded by climp (Alighty sweeded by climp which his wings would hit on the take off) hat far out on skead horist twig (plotected by chump) and about 4 above my kead hat very still 4 sover my kead I moved under him & hooted Looked at the light. Jerked I then slighter yet distinct

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Marshall, 1939 Flag. June 2 tail down once fluffed feathers I Previously son drew wings in toward body at each hoot. I for Solet !. still for about 10, min - silent. slymage compressed - especially that around lead - giving square - headed, big-eyed appearance. lege-slive pinkish when farther away troubly moved to horiz position of flew directly away. Condut get him to answer any more as I moved away from this terr. Le followed a way from this terr. Le followed I answered about there then silent. Crossed tracks to a meadow opening ont from the a side earnyon in the western ridge mentioned above Called for O.1. all time. Exply Dishere the canyon narrowed and the yellow pine and black (?) oaks became denser got answer from ot.

M. S. .

Marshall 1939 Otus flammeotus Hag June 2 He called sparingly from a dense group of young pines. I heard a higher sharp single staccato stote several times near him. Looked, inte a dense grove I had heard a twig rustle, and saw an Of sitting on an horizontal twing his the interior of the perched upright then it and shake so vigotously that it was almost a blur. It picked at its foot will its leak several times (held the foot up to its head as it stood on the other). Tinally flew out of the clump, flicking its wings for the things Heard

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Marshall, 1939 Otres flammedus

Flagstoff aris: June 2.

Time. Would answer

my hoots with soft notes

flace often enough would

often come very close to

lanswer although I never

sometimes in gren-branchet

high yellow pines ften

in dense groves of sapling

sines and in black

canyon, which was now, canyon, which was from, very narrow of choked will was silent about 75
yards farther, a danswered may have been same one.
Called very garingly very softly only single hoots. I side of the carryon or tried to see it as it called fairly steadily (as long as I answered from time to time) from a black oak circled the oak (among small pines)

Marshall, 1939 Hagstaff Arig. June 2. but couldn't see the owl.
It is couln't be sure where
he was because of unusual ventrilogmal grality Thoots. to open grove of tall yellow pines on a flat. Another male answered proticable difference in pitch between the 2-(both calling together than 2nd Shot Ind male as he sat high among dense branches of middleaged, dense-crowned pine.
Clear pink eye shine after
the shot silent but
heard two staccato & notes
- at least of & pitch,
but double - boop-boop
'2 sec, interval for the 2 syll. Couldn't hear or look locate

4 farther Pucked up of
stomach.

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Marshall 1939 Otres flammedus Hagstaff June 2 I Several times while with the stightly brigher-pitcher voice, had heard a low hargh squawk, something harch squawk something like a spotted owl. I walked 300 yds is along the top of the flat ridge thru open forest of yellow pine. Peturned, a called up of at head of previous canyon - may have been same high-pitched one very shy - altho came into pike above my head once. then heard double squawk notes (Spotted or Barked Owl?)

The Called far away to

NW - then silent tried to

follow big owl -couldn't

see it althor it squawked

several time from tops of

dead pines. Walked back

to to camp no more owls heard - getting light in E.



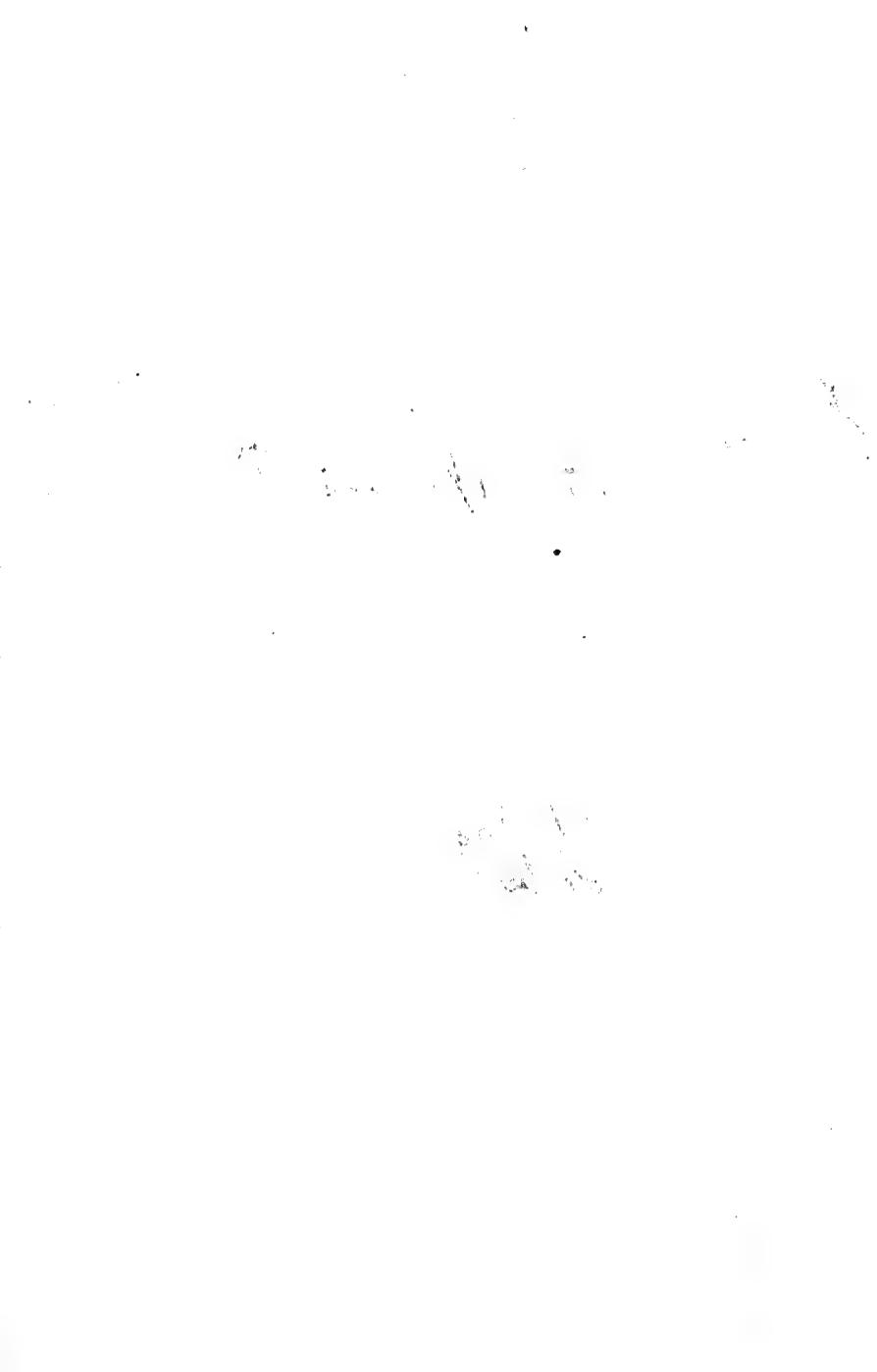
Marshall, 1939 Otus flammedus 1/2 mi. W Hagstaff, Coconino Co., Urig., 1 1000 ft. Jonorg Jones of Jones Camp

John Jones Jones

John John Jones

John John Jones

John Jones Perhaps same off in canyon-heard in 3 places. double & call higher of call Protest note with downward hur at end. No 813, calling spontaneously son for long periods. Som Francisco met., Coconino Co. Ariz moonlit night, high wind. June 25, 1939 None formal in dense Boreal forest m E plo. hinter, pine spece, bir caper.



Marshall, 1939 Otus flammeolis Village, South Rim Grand Cangon, Ge, arig. July 18, 1939 Left Public camp at 12:30

A.M. No moon, calm, clear, Walked east to open groves

of tall yellow pine on gentle
slopes on to E. edge of village.

Heard or on N side of highway. Traced to small, denset yellow pine in clearing of artimesia. Notes of normal pitch, tempo, & variations. Hew across clearing to dense again. I approached within 50 ft. I he changed to rushing note - husky, much lower pitch & with a distinct added syllable: boot-opp poot-le a minor 3rd-the last 4 1st 2 syll on same note - Rocated as sat next trunk on hoirs. him 25 ft. up. Pink eyestine, alled sleading with protest most mote. I heard from the other side of electring a series of high-

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marshall, 1939 Otres flammedus Village, Southkin grands Canyon, Contries July 19 1939 pitched yapping cries, not musical notes - like rick-rick-rick - about 3014; very similar to dow daybreak cries of Otres asio. May have been female - proper pitch. I gave spotted ont hoots or I was silenced - sat still. No sound from f. After 15 min I hooted (0. f.) again & or hooted again. He at length came low down in the tree where I watched him at close rouge as he sat at close rough as he sat
on bare horiz branch &
next to trunk: Therfield out
feathers with 9t energy
towing. Stopped hooting &
would look at me sheed
spreaked. Sitting at about
\$20.60° L. Heard again
the \$(?) crises. 57 moved &
gallot in tree 5 Dyd. away.
I tollowed a as a attempted
to locate him, heart wings
to locate him, heart wings
think on twigs in yellow sine

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marshall 1939 Otus flammedus grand Canyon July 19
overhead. Looked up with
light (or still calling nearby)

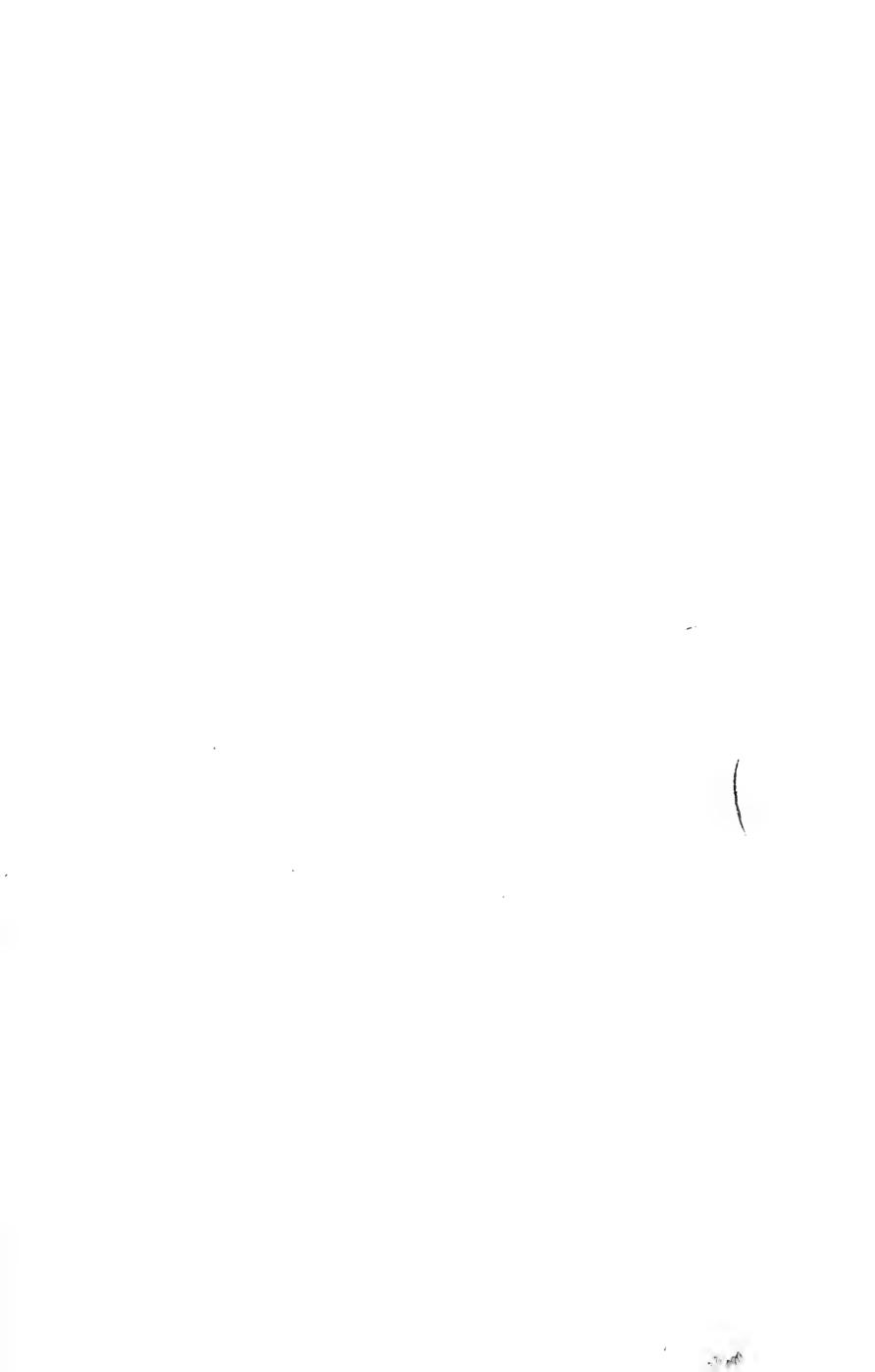
4 saw sm. owl fly to

next tree. There I saw it, sitting high of in interior of on horiz branch Eyeshime
sinterish fooked like FSUprobably 9- silent - male
still calling of Flew - Then or
returned, hooting (in flight) to
former perch. I walked
farther into trinber & called.
Twing on side trump of tall
sin of tall pine. Dattempted to see how for the or could be heard walked 75, yes then he stopped hooting. Went back A started him hooting again at same perch. It walked 150 yds. frack 5 to brighway. Called there of ot stopped shapping after (min heard thing snappin haif sine overheard of Tarted hosting there again. Nathered 150 yets down id. The still heard distinctly the very finally of 150 fd.



marshall, 1959 Otros flammedes Grand Canyon, Luly 19,1939 I hooted, same result-siling then sound of wings on twigs, then got hooting above head. Walked 200 yets farther-Tharely andible at 200 a hardly recognizable as an owl - sound distorted as it came thry trees. 2 more 150 yds, jaunts with results, to as before & I was back at the village, dawn breaking, the of hooting in pine near village bus garage.

Last 2 jaunts may have been a zud of -lower note 7. That heard Spotted dwl rall once. sine Timber Hapers off into pinyon juniper.



Marshall 1939 Otos flemmeolis trail from Cenaya Lake to mirror Lake (10.9 mi. Long) Yosamite Nat. Park, Marijosa Co., Calif. Vark, Marijosa July 201939 No moon, clear, calm at dusk, began working forest in flat country around 5 part tenaga lake for Of. almost pure ladge pole sine in dense stands surrounding granite areas or meadows. Not far below subalfine forgst of mt. hemlock etc., but above typical Eanadian zone feffry pine 8 red fir. Spent about 13 hrs. - No results. Finally arrived at an open grove of rod
fin on a slope after crossing
a lot of granite country. How
about 13 mi. down treil.
Red fin W. white pine of
lodge toles (?) around a pond Open
folest of large trees. Exposed
Islope (not a deep carryon). A or Started when arrived. May have firther up trail.

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Marshall 1939 Otus flammedus yosemite, June 20,1937 It came to nearly lodgepole then protest note Usual behavior except that this or more curious ?) & perched lower and in the open of dead trees and in the open portions of live trees, the serving to do thus . Shot at his several times with sling - and interruption in poots. Another of called farther away. I walked into the trees of called both into near me one in one high tree the other in another about 10 yels away. I remained silent white they each gave protest notes a while-then one flew justs the other's tree of there was consider-able clatter & banging of wings against twigs.

Presently only one was hooting.

apparently on actual

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marshall, 1939 Otres flammeolus Hosemite June 20 conflict territorial or other wise. The remaining of stobably the 1st still 's followed me about very treadily & perched in of suff a fire & woody & Duilt a fire an hour or so-then tried to call up the owls again - but with no fortune Next walked down trail about a mile & arrived at dense forest of tall firs on the stopes surrounding a wet narrow meadow along a slow stream Called mp 3 de in succession ale hooting in unison, & come near each Ther then spread out again of 2 stopped calling somewhat later. a great diff in pitch - intervals me sol, la respectively. I bollowed the nearest or, which had the low voice.

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Manshall 1939 Josemile July 20, 1979 fashion of gave probed in closely. I saw it once as it perched in affine (todayole) out on the end of a foliated branch. Also saw it once in high in a tall dead, tree of short at it with sting soon called a short distance away was in what seemed to be its territory it would regularly use certain perches in several certain trees o return to each from time to time woods

from time to time woods

to I nept hiked down the

trail for the mi. at least

attempting to call up other

orolo, but this of followed

me for the entire distance.

Several times he followed

without being called. This combined,

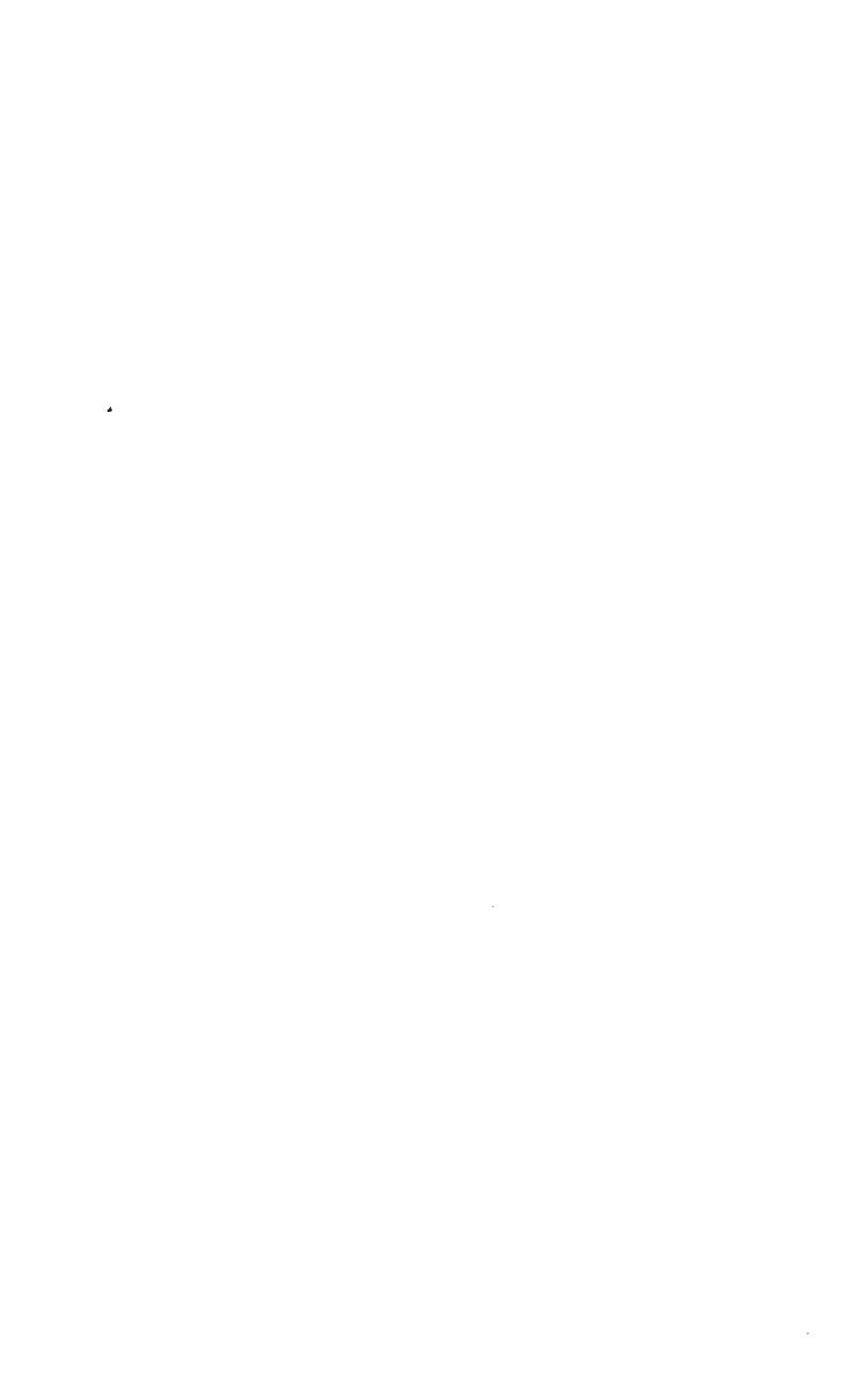
will the fl. distance involved

seemed to show that this was

not a territorial reaction but



Marshall 1939 yournite, July 20,1939 behavior due to ruriosity aronsed by the lights & calls. the procedure was as follow: while it still called would walk silently about 100 yds or more then begin to hoot. Immediately the of would become silent. In 15-30 sec. a rustling would be heard in a tree above my head; & in as long an interval more the of would begin to answer. This of was led Thus for at least a mile them the fairly heavying trimber of This campon. Then the trail rounded an open, granite south-facing knoll sparsly covered with mangait. and fan occasional stunted red fix or Sierra Juniper, very open; trees about 50 yds. apart the sol readily



marshall, 1939 Otus flammestus Josevite July 20, 1939
open country of could be
seen easily by moonlight
or flashlight as it flew
swiftly driectly of low (10')
over the open places.
Its eyohine also could be
seen for a good distance of
was moving around more than
usual, that is, it would not
stay lone in a good seed The bird, all this time had never perched near enough for a shot. I was seen for a moment in a solitary Lead sine then it called from a dense juniper of to cause the owl to stay out! It became immediately silent but a could not see it anywhere in the 20 juniper. De large red firs on sloping ground. a large red firs on sloping ground. a away & was not called in.



- marshall 1939 Otus flammeolus Farther on however, a of was Farther on however, a of was
called up the answered from
a huge tree about 150 glo
away a walked over there of
got him to follow me be back
to the trail. Then he followed
down trail into tern of nest
t (ast) of (#7). Both called
mormally Now getting light.
The woo began apparently to
forage - called less and for
shorter periods, & moved
around much and of seen
once to give in moved
around flight out from
middle of tall fin Both
flying rapidly about in
tops of trees.

When dawn derived a just when, dawn derived & just barely getting into what now seems to be the true habitat. mamely, open forest of tell red first of jeffrey pines stoping and, not a deep ranyon. At down we were the two owls continued To call & fly around until fairly light. We were about

Marshall, 1939 Otres flammeolus Josemite July 20,1939

5 or 6 mi from Misson Rake at this of. New things learned: 1. Habitat - a. mot in subalgine dense forests on flat gud. (lødge-pole pine) b. In red fir T Jeffrey Pine belt in brand Canadian 3 one - getting much more abundant as 2. territoriality - fight televeen two makes. 3. Curiosity or Terr? following

me for 1 + mile.

4. Differentes in gites of

calls. 5. One of noing very conspicuous perches.
6. Foraging hatched.
7. Call of answer readily even this late in summer.

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Marshall, 1939 Otus flammedus Stayawhile Spring, 5150 ft., Elue mts., Columbia Co. Wash. July 26, 1939 Clear, windless, bright moon. Camp in open valley, sloping to E., in Canadian zone Timber dense forest of Carch Codgepole pine, red fir, spruce. Ad. & young Horned Owls calling, squawking I hooting in this valley. Started out after supper (about 8:30 PM).
Couldn't call up any others, in
the entire valley walked up / mi. Ad.). Attempted to find gellow pine forest on Sfacing slope one mi. W of this junction-but the area was burned over the heavy forest of small, subalpine trees, growing along the ridge was apparently unimbabiled by stus. fl. Walked about 3 mi. E. H along My Cine Rd. (from the 5 facing slope above), calling all way. Forest too dense, trees too small (apparently). Finally, at 3 mi, (one mi or more part junction of road to twin Butter). Sound some good-looking stands of red fir - huge trees in open park-

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marshall 1939 Otus flammestus Blue mts, Wash July 26. like groves. The upper limit of this habitat. all the surrounding co. was covered with the lense subalgine forest. This red-fire grove sloped to the north and covered an area (at the top of the ridge) and only 5 or 6 acres. Lay down here to rest. at about 11 PM, began to call again & got eftremely faint answer after, 15 min. Drew the or out in typical. A second, with very much softer note was heard several times - Cent dodn't all steadily like 1st 1st of collected as called in high red fir Jood eyeshine (pink). 2nd of heard no more - nor would it answer. 1st of # 680 moulting - only 2 tail feathers. Nomech contents taken out. immediately. Time of collection - chant Hayawhile Gering July 27 1939 Also a calm clear night with moon until later. Got MV2. Loge

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Marshall 1939 Otus flammedus Elve Mts. Wach, July 27. untending to drive it & E along Skyline Rd. to where I had grevionsly seen a fine forest of yellow pine. Hooper, tevis & De set traps at Wildcat Springs (2 mi. W. Godman Spring Ranger Sta.) at dusk. Leveral gt. Horned Owls were hooting in this deep Red fir forest & one was attracted near me (seen by levis). I was unable to call up any Otus, there. Ofter dark we drove who to the place where of # 680 had been taken the night before. I expected to call up the 2nd of - but was mable to do so, although I worked the area for about 11/2 hrs. I saw one flying squired. Perhaps the 2nd bried of the night hefore was not in a fixed tour; or was more or less silent due to The molting season - or perhaps a young indiv. About an in later, Tevis & I started out in the car along the Skyline Rd. & in the direction of the Ranger Station. We went gast the station, for a total of about



marshall, 1939 I trus flammedus. Elne miles from July 27, We had stopped several times along the way, but no owls had been called up very dense forests. However, at this point, 9 mis. NE stayawhile spring, the forest was an open one of ly red firs and was on a knowl. The forest was quite open y there here for an area of several acres, and there were war several yellow gimes among the red fins at the top of a knowl. We walked just this place hooting. I thought I heard a f cry farther on then we walked past the open grove again + a or answered readily, calling very softly at first he soon was around the finally came into a very high a partially dead fix nept to the road of war collected as he sat very high in this tree of in an exposed partial at about 12. #687.

Next we drove down the road I min and pane to another road I mi, and come to another opening in the borest, where the

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Marshall 1939 This flammestus Blue mits, Wash. July 27 trees were larger sporter farther apart, & where there were wany yellow sines uningled with red fir Lodgepoles spruce, larch afrent from this warmer two the exposed ridge. This warmer was the second such locality visited that night, & here again an owl was found. (10 mi. NE Hayawhile Gring, Columbia Co., & Wash.) It was called up answered softly at 1st about

1 AM-actually the 28th. This bid

called from a dense clump of very tall trees standing in the open on a rather steep hilloide facing 5. The bird screhed low in these trees & always in toward the trunk. I called steadily & in the usual frohion - also gave very gruff portest note when I approached It It's note was similar to that of the of at grand Canyon. It often hooted while in flight, I would always start with clear hoots after overiving at a new serch. It moved for back & forth from the slump to one or the other of 2

marshall, 1939 55. The flammestus Blue Into. Work. July 27 gellow pines, standing in the open to existing was seen clearly from one of these trees at a dist.
of about 50 the 165 yls. was sitting on the hill above the dense clump trying to locate the in the clump. Inddenty, a new bird began to host from the very top of the tree in which the other was sitting. The beginning single rotes of the newcomes were of typical others, putch t intensity, but soon they were raised & expanded into the full (va) back of a long-eared owl. In attempting to see the printeger card owl from the flammulated owl who had become silent as soon as the long eared out lad hooted. the IN Otres was then collected, #688 the asia more heard on seen of the asia picked the owl up (ZAM) the habitat well-defined - local in This region, hense scarcity of Otro Cammeolio.

Marshall, 1939 56. Otus flammeolus 5 mi. NW Albee Blue Mts., Umatilla Co., Oregon July 30, 1939 Camp in flat, I very sparse forest of yellow pine ong low riolge (over saddle of which the highway came) to the NE was more heavily wooded on the 5 slope tonghurst & a went to the ridge & as soon as we list the timber (pure yellow pine - open forest many clear areas) on this ridge forghurst. heard a of He believed that it had been calling previous to my hosting Longhurst heard it before the could hear amything suggest. We approached it as it called from very high in an I the edge of a little cleaning. This tree was about 50 yes from us. Long limst maintained that the bird was at least 200 yes farther on. It was had a not wingossible to place probably due to the oft. heighth from which it came Ofter covering quite a bit so the adjoining

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marshall, 1939 Otus flammedus Blue mts. 5 mi. NW Alber Umatilla Co., Ore July 30 1939 terr, I concluded that the bird was in the above tree of I woon existine. Tresently it flew when Longhurst 9 2 trangel about too much in the day leaves. It soon called from some lower trees farther on. It was allected from a 10' up in a young yellow jung. Sitting upright on thoing. Cimb & near trunk Previously had flown around us quite a bit & had come very close, several times At called steadily but gave no protest calls. A horned this time, far to the s. Clear, calm, moonlit night. No other owls found in several aguare miles of V forest Longhund thought he heard ser more Than one when the 1st was heard. It was taken at about 10 PM #693.

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Marshall 1939-40

Tus flammedus Intaker's Forest, Tulare Co., Calif. Nov. 17-19 None found in dang of the territories - couldn't see any call up. good weather - warm "Indian summer" - no snow. of owls did remain in Calif winter & shight during expect) them to stay sup at Whitakers in such dontin summer weather; 1e. Would Didn't be down in the vales so can't prove oak country,

nt St. Helena, Take Co, Calif May 17 Whitaker's Format, Tulere Co., Calif. June 4

Arrived with Ralph Waltz at dusk. Looked

for Of.at about 9 pm. No moon; calm.

Walked from camp along/old logging road to haunted house corral (terr. C). None answered until arrived at C. Then only faint hoots from a male; close. Heard a few more times up on the hill above haunted house. Couldn't get it to respond steadily. Perkhaps because of the noise Ralph make in walking.

Only on e male heard.

Ralph let me off at Meadows Flat at dusk. Walked up raad toward terr. P. Couldn't call up Otus because a pair of spotted owls were making so much noise. Decided to get a spotted owl; in course of so doing, heard two Otus

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Otus flammeolus

Whitaker's Forest, 5500 ft., w slope Redwood Mt., Tulare Co., Calif.

June 5, 1940

in open yellow pine grove by gulley with big boulders at terr. L. Hooted continuously tho softly even while the two spotted owls were barking. For spotted owl account see Strix occidentalis. After I collected a spotted owl I returned to the road at the south border of terr. C. Called an otus from O.to a large black oak at the roadside. Shot at it, but only got a couple of feathers. It was sitting on a high branch and in full view. Walked on up the road and called up a male in terr. R (a little south-east of same).

Walked back to camp via meadows Flat, Sequioa Guard Station. Called up a male in terr. N, one h in flat pine country way between Meadows Flat and Meadow at the guard station. The last bird heard that evening was called up north of the guard station, about

100 yards north of terr. H.

From this account it can be seen that the over owls are present in numbers comparable to those in 1938; that they are saced in about the same way, but not necessarily in the same

identical areas.

Marshall, J. J., fr. Arizona: Coconino Co. May 23 – June 24, 1939



Marshall, 1939 Jeneral Comment mi. M. Seligman, 5700 ft, Corning G, drig Camped here late in aft. May 23-7/939 of 23rd any in a little flat grassy valley running 1! to low ridge at SE corner & mesa. Unis low ridge was loves econino wind contained many tracks. Upper Sonoran - arid. Juccas sparrel kinds, cactus, sparse chaparral of sage, many annuals, and an unusual variety of large and bouteful flowers - Benstamen, Oenothera, etc. also a scattering of junger. very rocky. In the grassy valley were Lark yearrows (about 6) and several Eastern meadowlarks - with clear Saintire whiled song - not gurgling, lond & throats as in W. mandowslarb. Also had different call notes. Chased a wood pewer from bush to bush with slingshot. After dank, coll. poorwill # 650 57 from rocky side of mesa. Heard about 5 altogether — no moon, all poorwills stepped calling the after dark unless of passed them their own terr. & whistled.



Marshall, 1939 general Comment Early in morning coll. a gray vireo - several around camp - of ten in pains of pursuing of . In absence of high trees for song perches, the of's rang leantifully on the wing V Solitary Vireo but with more trills & runs & phrases is closer succession. Hiked for 4 mi, along 5 face of mesa. Saw 2 Hhummers, shot one with sling as out on top juniper - couldn't find It was green with a very black gorget. Saw many rock wrens around out-croyop in the side canyons. Each little side wash opened into a little brushy & grassy stat where Bewick Hrens could nowally be found; have 2 white - Throated swifts and a final tarted think overhead. Sun 2 orables (scott?) in jumpers, also several mockers. In one rocky side canyon vere two pewees. Back at Canys - noted how many of the song brids sang on wing - owing to the

marshall, 1939 General Comment 3 min n. Deligman Contin. may 26
absence of high song perches:

Grey Vereo Jas 2 pr. Cassin Kingbrids + 1 pr.

Oriole (Dest!) Says Phoebes Not Camp.

Mocker Mocker Mockers near Fastern Theas Eastern Meadowlarks On moonlit evening, may 27 coll. 2 poorwills from high on mesa, # 652 from the steep, rocky 5 face (in sparse juniper stand), # 653 from brushy stopping rim - agging down to the north. Heavy brush here (some member of rose family, and juniper). No owls found. (old of about 9 poorwill heard. Drove 5 camp on may 28 way to Aubrey Cliffs Passed accross open green valley & farm. In farmyd a flock combinds. Inst past it, saw acqolden Egle - soaring and fapping low over brush, wall at side valley Fursning him were I small & dainty Buteos - not sol-tail, of not white under deading edge sving the Iwainson. They have

Marshall, 1939 Jeneral Comment Been Red-Kuldered on Broad-wrings Isaw Calif. quail in a brushy side -Birds of 3 mi. N Seligman May 23-28. Homting in air golden Engle Awainson Hawk 2 little buteos White - throated Swiff grassy valleys! Eastern meadowlark Lank Sparrow Horned Larks Cowbrid In rocks on mesa: toowill Rock When Sumpers' Mocker Oriole (Acott?) grey Vireo In Brushy canyon months Terree Day's Phoebe Cason Kingbrid Calif Grail Dewich Wren Hummers Denses brush on ruesa slopes: Poorwill



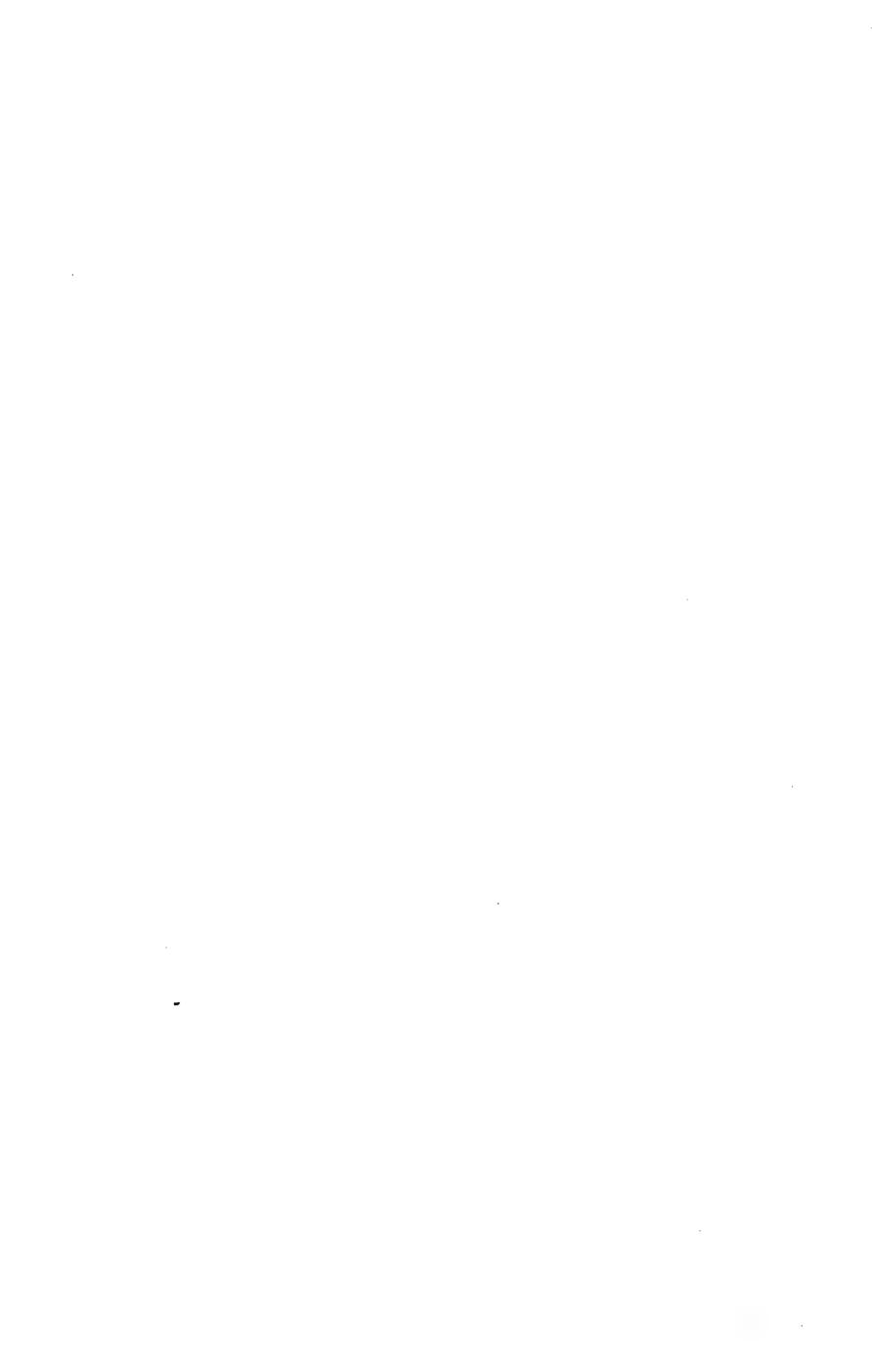
Marshall, 1939 Genera Comment Coconino Ce; Cling: May 28

Stopped here for hunch while
on prosperting try with truck. Rich Timbered Upper Sonoran - good soil - heavy forest of jumper & pringer grass and luxurient wild-flowers in clearings. Top Africated with slingshot - many west in hole near bottom of junger - several young moide calling. Chippys abundant
! collected for identification singing.

Mockers & grey vireos abundant

I singing as were Black-throated

They warblers (all these in the frest.). Woodpeckers, & a Bewick When (singing). Several White-breakled Mithatches heard & seen screed Vireos attracted very close by owl calls in pairs. Leveral ash throated Hycatchers seen alarmed about nest-tree. Of particular interest were the grey Hyeatchers, which were abundant (see spicies acct.)



Marshall, 1939 general Comment 12 mi n ashfork, 6000 ff. Coconino Co. aig. moved here to prospect may 29 new epposures of Coconino.

For the most part heavily tumbered with bringer & Jumper & Cliffs Test country cut up into rolling hills of broad flat valleys, all heavily-wooded Upper Donosan.

Openings in forest grassystream-bottoms with under growth I many broad-leaves. Clear, warm, weather. from Camp' about 300 /mi. for Greek ands. Coll. 1 8 heard another (which attracted around comp). May 30 Prosperted them rolling jungier & pringon country for about 4 mi daw or heard: 2 hairy Woodperkers, 5 pairs grey Viscos, 4 pairs grey Hyeathers, & Chippies, 5 pro. Black the grey Norblers, 2 Cowbirds (at camp) 2 white br. mithatches, 4 W. Bluebirds, (Found nest of Beirch Wren with 3 or 4 young in hollow Jumper at camp).

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Marshall, 1939 general Comment 10 mi. n. ashfork, Contin 5 linnets, 2 Rock Whens, 5 mockers, In evening, coll. I tereed, Owl / mi. W Camp. Daw 1 portripine; heard 2 Poorwills & I Horned Owl. Prospected along May 31 creek 2 mi 5 Camp. Jan Black-headed Grosbeaks Linnets, 2 W. Guateatchers & one darkthroated large green Hummen.
In the afternoon, prospected
5 mi. of camp, where a 2 thrashers (Colorstoma) werse seen in some sage and. Bush-tits & Ringons & Junipers, as were a Broamson hawk was also seen In a brushy cleaning, several Hummers were seen. Broke sling . . couldn't collect. See Otro flammoolus) yellow pine forest, with some Black Oak. About 7 Thusflammeders found, + Strip (or asio Wilsomania) was heard. Dawn: nighthanks, Chorous & Violetgreen swallows before light, Robins mockers singing later, Saw / Callo.



Manshall, 1939 Jeneral Comment Smi. N meteor Grater, Coconino Co, aig June 24 Camp on lee of sur. butte in middle flat open prævie. Overgraged - almost no grass, T only a few low shrubs. nighthawks common, I mocker, a says Phoele, several somed Tarks, and a few Buteos are total for birds (except one large owl which alighted at camps one mammals: Porky near Hone injers on near butte, at I Ceast one pr. Coyotes, several antelopes, several wood rats (in camp - inst one as ate potatoe - had bushy tail.) . Many Collared & other lizards Sream, in the bottom of a deep campon 2 mis 5h of crater. Lined with willows - knoded cliffs with nest notelles for Black & Day's Phoebes, Large flock cliff swallows. In large poplar - 3 young horned owls aide to fly (Kilders) also saw in Brick when when throated flycatchers for Corpo es were (or many above tracks along)

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Maroball, 1939 Limi. N Meteor Crater, Ca, arig.
Ralph Goeglein whose June 2-24
parents run the concession at Meteor Crater, knew an ded indian or early settles (?) who had been had for 50 yrs. Then he had there was brunch grass 6' high over this entire area. Now there is almost no grass, a few scrubby weeds the land has been overgrazed by sheep a cattle a the soil has been washed off first recently, the area has been sold to a farge Texas cattle ranch, here until a good stand of vegetation; then will use if Looks like a good step. Myhthawks were abundant in The evenings at the well, several miles 5-E camps - foraged silently a pet collared ligard was usuelly seen & fed flies at the querry in the middle part of the day.

Same 3 A) N 5 awhole school 51/2" June 13 11 N 4 Punk 6" Jame 2 11 N 3 very good 43/4".

Jame 2 11 N 2 Bear 6" And 8 // // 6/2" fairly good 1st level above -2 levels 2 44 below 284 Clouk-ca-too che me do cut-ta-coo Otus asis - 6 notes Plate y bow 4" Right # plate 1" 11 F - 1939 June 18 June 18 June 19 Weathered skyll-

Empidonax: Hutten Vision int no dut Chee tick; chee thich almost 3 syll - rough, harsh - almost idential like Cassin Purple Finch. startshut Dong: the thick, cheetick Birds of Seligmann Golden Eagle Hittle Criter Andrey Cliffs (Empidonage Chippy (coll) Howel Barrow Bluebirds (nest) Hairy Wood secker Beinet Wren Betthe- gs. Warbler and-the Flycatcher Ameadow Lanks They nighthank asio Roseles Salo Dava Chorono of Violety,

marchall, J. J., fr. Trashington trips July 24 - august 1, 1939



Marshall, 1939 (Washington trip July 24- August 1) Jeneral Comment Homi Ti Redding, Sharta G, Calif July 24 Stopped to opend nite in carryon or valley opening W. into Sacramento P, and and opposite side opposite the Shaota Dam sight. Norking on dam all night with search-lights - much blasting. on a NW-facing slope. Fairly heavy 2nd grow yellow sine forest with large black oaks. Horked for the flammedus
more found - to much noise.

Did find a pair of Otus asis at the
edge of the forest - where manganita &
Upper Ponoran broad-leaves replaced transition timber. No flying squirels heard. Collect the of this ario, # 674 montting, from a digger pine. Milf Creek, 16 mi & Walla Walla, Blue Mts. Columbia Co. North. July 2526
Camped in this deep heavily trimbered
(transition) carryon running ch. flowing.
W towards Walla Walla. Dong fin Mo Otros formed several storned onols hooting. In morning (26°) heard some And of irreo singing high in the alders. Some thing like Warbling but



marshall 1939 Mill Creek, Wash. July 25-6
much londer sweeter, more varied.
Perhaps a Red-eyed Wireo. Timi & Dini Elikie, 4300 ft, Walla halla Co. hast. Found MVZ Carry here at July 26, 1939
moon Johnson, tevis Chatter, Hoogen,
A Longhurst. They had trapped here
the evening before, & today, Hofmerster
took a & Jolden-crowned Knight.
Weather hot; calm, clear. Densly forested country near the summit of the Blue mis - which are more like rolling hills than mits. Heavy forest of Englemenn sprince, Dong fin, red find, larch. Ime yellow pines lover on exposed warmer slopes. Agring in every canyon. Infuriant almost troprical green undergrowth of vines & herbo. In the afternoon of collected around camp the following: Chestnut-backed Chickardee - very abundant HaBlack-capped Chickadel - one only seen Golden-crowned Kinglet 9 - common Hermit Thrush juv. onlyone seen. heard other brids Red-breasted Buthach Mt. Chrikadel - in song-very abundant. Juncoo. - common

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Marshall 1939 general Comment Disse Walla Walla Co. Wash July 26 (contin) Hard a Dapsucher. The small passerines were going about in large flocks - moving slowly them the woods of high in the conifers. These flocks included Chestnut - backed of my Chickadees of Jolden - crowned Kniglets in about equal mumbers. Their abundance was birds of the year. Junes of many Chyppys were around the opening in The response to Pryging owl calls. Canadian 3. Hayanhele Spring, 5150 ft. Blue Mt., Columbia Co, Wash. Clear, calm, cold. Camp in July 26,1939 high, 5-facing walley, very heavily for wooded with a dense subalgine forest of Jarch, sprince, fir, lodggob pine. brees not large, except for occasional towering red-fir fragmented by crossbills. This was boreal zone - above yellow sine & dong fin - open forests of which had been seen on exposed slopes farther north. Robably Canadian or else Canadian + Hudsonian. No large clearing, few broad-leaved trees, '. not enough 'edges' where burds

Marshall 1939 Jeneral Comment Stayanhelder, July 26, (contin) or mammals would be common. There was an opening in the forest lined opposite camp where they er . ran across a little wet meadow. Hall 4 I set trap along This meadow + farther down tream among the willows. 60 traps were set - Hall woed outs + peannt butter - & used of care in choosing good places to set them. For water shows he chose the places where they would have to go in order to get up & down stream. We found microtus runs with freshly cut grass & set traps along them. also some af the sides of law in little trails frosto thry they forest under growth. We need red cloth markers, which were placed so that they could be seen from the adjacent traps. The interval was used; muchy rather, advantageonalis notiborh were songht.

Take see Dr. Hall's notiborh - in many trap set near a little hole in the mud at the waters eage. 2. Leveral large Microtus - in The trays set along their runways in the little mendow.

Marshall, 1939 Stayawhile Spring July 26 (Contri)
Some Red-backed mice in the traps set jackana little trails & openings in the barrellow the green forest under growth. Heard whistes of mortlow deveral Beromyseus in the traps set vin the folest floor of about logs. In the moonlif evening, I'm Horned Owls were calling up 7 down, the valley, glancomys were heard & seen in three different localities along the sound leading to several country of the sound country of the dense forest around comp; but I were found several miles away (see sp. accounts). Went around trap-line (see above). Early in morning, hunted on W slope of vally, in sunlight. Birds in abundance, the small ones in large flocks! Block M. Chrikadees, Jolden - crowned Kinglets, 4 townsend warblers, o Red-breasted muthetely. Hom Kan several warblers of lemon yellowish color, dull - & with white eye-ring may have been vireos. They were in the few clumps of broadseaved plants. Heard several hairy woodpecture, a flicher, many chickarees & red crosbills.

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marshall, 1939 Stayanshile Aging, July 27 contin. Red Crossvills flying high over-head, calling "kip" - in small flocks of 20 or more of often of 2's of 3's. would alight in tughest red-firs - on highest twigs. trups on the Evalley wall then the heavy trinber - whenever I heard anything. Coll. a hang woodpecker 42 canada jays near camp. Kniglets, my. Chrikadees, and & Hermit Warblers Common. Junes, Chippies, & Chestnut backed Chickadees tearces. Heard flicker occural times. La Evening, set trap at Wildest July 27). Hernted here for owls; heard many blive-backed thrushes whistling, saw several & after a converbation" with one, got him to sing in breeding season style. Much sweeter The low white is given at higher pitch than that of site thrush. These search were in dense Ret-fin forest & among broad-leaves at the forest edge. Later heard 3 formed Owls. Next drove to several localities - looking

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- marshall, 1939 General Comment Weldest Joring, July 27 Contin. for the flammedles. Coll. 2, both in l'apen groves of yellow pine. More in Der Canadian forest. Went over trap line. Trap July 28, 1939 had been set at 20 gd intervals trees at the upper edge of the redge forest. above this the redge of the pwas burren. The traps were set along logo ete - no run ways overe seen. Only 25 were set & got from them about 8 Peromyseus & Entamias, #85 37. Birds were here in great numbers, at this place was a true "edge"with the heavy sed-fin forest
ending abruptly near the summit
of the bare ridge & with decidions
thickets along the edge of the frest.
I heard son's Olive - sided flycatches, robins, varied thrushes (singing from high in the red firs, hairy woodpeckers, Williamson papsnekers red-breasted muthatches chickadees golden -Growned kinglets, and Olive-backed all these were in the Urushes . Then at the edge of the red-fors. forest there were andulon Tarblers,



Wildest Dring, July 28 Continged word townsend warblers, Jinness rehippys, Later in the morning, back at Staymobile Spring heard Evening grosbeaks. Marshall, 1939 from Stayanshile Spring to Godman Spring Ranger Sta with Dr. Hall. On the year cut down some hollow trees but found nothing. Saw many flickers juncos. In a red-fin grove the which the road ran a large hawk or owl flew swiftly across the road. I thought it was a goshawk but In. Hall thought it a Horned Owl. Hocks of jimes of warblers were seem around the edge of a clearing I mi. Wof the Ranger In the evening Is. Hall or I set traps around the edge of a clearing Imi. W Stayawhile Springs ?
I shot a Lazionysterns in an Eve saw a Namy Swift Swiftly along the ridge Imi 2 Stayanhile for, 3300ft. Columbia Co., Wash. Picket



Marshall, 1939 Jeneral Comment traps set around a July 29. clearing in red fir, larch forest.

4 son peromysons & I red-backet monse. The red-backed monse & 2 Peromyseus were in one tray (loaded by Ws. Hall) which had been set among the herbs forcing this little opening a tenth trap trad been set at the edge of a manganita thricket. Next collected birds on an extensive 5-facing brush's willow - covered stope. Dans 6 Calliope Hummers, 2 Trested Jays, Teneral Robins, black-headed groobeales, juncos, andulon Warblers. Heard 2 Warbling Vireos. Collected 2 tolmie warbler and a freshly moultet Calaveras Harbler (#692 inm) Heard 2 Fox Sparrows & coll. one # 690. Collected a june #689)

I a Jambel Sparrow (#691).

That several times at a Vand Swift. Shot at a Hycatcher (?)



Marshall, 1939 General Comment Derhaps a nuttallornis but eguldn't find it. Returned to Coll, several my. Chickadees a Ruby Gowned Kinglet (selent) high in a dense for grove. Summary of Buds of Blue mits, pen yellow-pine (4 Red Fir) Forest (transition) Otros flammeolus asio wilsomanus Jane forest of Larch Red-fin Englemann June 4 Lodge pole Rine (Boreal) Bulo virginianos Ofive backet them Hermit thrush Harry Woodpecker Varied Thirish Chestnut - backed Chickadel Int. Chickadee Mack- capped Chickendee (mly 1 sein) Rolden- crowned Kinglet Jagon Canada Jay Crested by Johl 2 seen) Audubon Wanbler Zit Canages Puby or Kinglet.

Barshall, 1939 Jeneral Comment Blue Ints, Wash; Contin July 26-July 29)

Blive-sided Hypeateler Cassin Finch

Red-breasted muthatch goshand Typeateler

Townsend Warbler Hammond Hypeateler

Red Crossbill Evening 9 500 beak Manzanita Chaparral Top Sparrons Tolmie, Warbler Wright Flyeatches Willow Thickets - open slopes Jarbling Vines Yellow Warbler (?) Calliope Hummer Sambel Sparrow (migr (3) Black- headed grosbeak Clearings: & Edges of Clearings)

The Chippy

Shelvind

21. Philippy Vary Swiff Sparrow Hank Willow along streams & Mod leves at edge forest : Olive backed thrush Williamson Hapsucker Calaveras Warbler

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Marshall 1939 Jeneral Comment Camped here at July 29-30 dusk in a very open forest of gellow pine. Long fin + while or Red fir in denser stands in some of the Cittle canyons. The making frest extending down from ridge south and out over a plain - becoming petering out all together in the evening forest all together in the evening forest in heard one. Bubs, I one Otus flammedus. Bulo, & Que Otus flammedus Couldn't call up Otus asio nor saw what ands. Hard one flying squired in a densty wooded little side canyon.
Apparently near the lower line forest with artemesia in greinings.
On the 30th we moved camp & started on down the The plain mentioned above & towards another, range of wooded hills. In the middle of This plain we stopped to look

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marshall 1939 Jen. Comment. noth my 6x Binocs at a most remarkable group of hanks. A bedutiful Prairie Jaleon was soaring low over the road brighenst shot at it with woodsman 22. 2 Large Black Eagles were a little farther away - also a sparrow hawk. Jain 5) vultures of some I buted the got in the can approached the next range, into which ran a good - sized stream, the other hawks were still in orght behind in long winged lapren flagging just above the tops of the prines where the stream entered the russ. We next drove along the stram every sine along it. They were huddled close to the trunk on horis stubs - in full fiver. I sparently spawning, fish had thrusted this congregation Spraytors.



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Marshall, 1939 Jeneral Comment NE edge alkali Lake, 4200 ft., Lako 6, Oso, July 30 Arid upper sonoran zono. I tull moon, clear, calm, warm weather. Let traps in 25 yd. intervals sonth from camp - all along the edge of the dry lake-bed. Set under brushes, in tall grass plots, and in little bare trails then the humos under, the clumps of bushes. Very sandy soit wind - rippled - pure white sand. Many manual burrows - always breaking into them many little det 65 traps - along the brush & grass plets at the edge of the lake-bed, & 2 in listand clumps of brishes out in the take bed (60 yts from rest of regitation. some poorwills - heard about 6 altogether on this very flat band. Called up one near some Crishes, of #694 Heard several Coyotes during this moonlif

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Dranshall, 1939 Jeneral Comment WE edg alkalin Lake, 4200ft. Lake Co. Ore: July 31 Collected traps in morning 0 65 traps! Bait. Bats that muts + Reamy 1 Terognathus 11 Peromysons Dipodomys microps

12 "merriamis (?)

One of the Peromyseus was

taken in the trap set in the

little island clump of bushes.

The last 10 traps had been set in mund er cacked sandthere was no apparent difference in the distribution of the mounds there were tremendous numbers of tracks t tail marks around each trap although many of them had not been touched. I popped one Dipo, out of this bours bourson when my foot sank into it. Dan a chipmunk near the last trap. Du way back to camp our dage sparrows of Day's Phoelies.

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Marshall, 1939 Jeneral Comment 2 mi & Vinton ft. Humas 6. Calif, July 31 Avid Upper Sonoran - sage brush in a valley - slopes up to yellow pine timber on ridges to N. + S. Trived after dank + set 60 traps by by moonlight dandy

soil. Strarted from camp

in middle s) Valley & set

in a whomb & - 15 across the

flat valley, 15 up to the

brocks of the hill to the N 15

along that hill & 15 back to

camp. Let at 25 yes reg.

intervals; by moonlight - most

b) the traps of placed near

boushes or under them & always

in my boot markers. Bait=oats. in my foot markers. Bait=oats. Heard Horned Outs calling from telephone poles along Jot 17 Supo- (merriamingust). 10 Peromyseus one Entamias from near the rocks. The Peromyseus came from the sandy villey floor, most of the teromyscus from the rocky hill, many tracks. Entamias # 700 of Law sage thrasher of Brewer Sparrow (?).



Marshall, J. J., fr. Tulare Co.: Whitaker Forest Wovember 17-19, 1939



Marshall, 1939 Culare Co. Whitaker's Forest, Nov. 17-19 General Comment November 17/939 Left Berkeley on Friday afternoon at 2:00 PM for Whitaker's Forest, Redwood My, Otolare Co., Calif., with Mr.
Woodbridge Metealf & Botholi Coclerell of the forestry dept.

Got to Badger at about 9:30

PM. A group of remakers

were talking in the back

from of the grovery-post.

Office brilding of Badger.

When were complaining about

the unusual lack of rainfall this year (there has been no rain since sometime in Sept.). The talk turned to Thunder Showers and fires started by lightening in the brush country. They were opposed to having the fires put out-were in favor of letting then brurn away the brush. Badger is in the Sierra Footbills of about 3500 on 4000 ft., below what used distance

markall, 1939 Whitakers Forest Nov. 17-19 to be the lower edge of the spellow pine forest of the Sierran transaction the entire country had been logged of bruned up to the 5000 ft. contour and
the forest had been replaced
by a lumient & heavy
bover of upper Sonoran
brids had also enteref the
area) these men
did not realize that Their
land had been trimbered and that timber was the appropriate crop to be raised there the country is steep and my uncle pointed out is not adapted for grazing (is not a natural grassland) therefore these people are injuring themselves & the country by trying to use if for grazing.

Marshall 1939 Whiteker's Joset Nov. 17-17 their attitude is that they want to brun off the brush and allow greats to grow there.

My repole cited all the work that had been done in attempt.

ing to find grasses that would sover this type of country;

so far none had been forms. Soil is trapidly washed druth comes up (not ast good as before) and so good as before) and so
on until the land goes
to desert or chamese.

If the land is left alone
and the top-soil allowed to
stay the vegetation will
gradually (many years) go thru,
the stopes of snecession to
the yellow pine forest again.
Then the land will be of use
for future generations. The
lattitude of these men is they
they want on immediate
way out of their difficulties—



Marshall 1939 Whitekers fored Nov 17-19 they want to make something from their stock this year from they want to burn they don't care if the land is eventually worked away - they will be gone by then they on the original per edge of the Up. Son. Jone we drove up the Red which country - orig. pine & replaced by dense of brush. Around the edges, Morning pines were, beginning Horning pines ivere beginning to appear, The arrived et Whitakers at about 10,30. The night was dear, warm for winter the weather has been like summer, up to now worked them the public Camp gnd to the the hanted house " attempting To call upt Screed Owls! November 18 (Whitaker's Forest) Collected Carge & small cones from Tops of Deguoias



Marshall , 1939 Whitakels Forest, Nov 17-19 by shooting with rifle (for problem on maturation of comes by Mr. Cockrell).

Son the afternoon we drove up to Saddle of Redwood not a formed that the Park Service had bought the large tracts of land these was without considering the small holders still in there beginning to gut up signs traits (to Ingas Bowl) I planning roads. the small properties & northans logged property were being Condemned & attempting to be bought up for low prices. De a strange coincidence, we saw hof. Firty 5/ Forestry dept. who had been Canyon with a Park Dervice man. He tried to tell us that the white fir was very poor in The area. (Propaganda for getting the land cheap?). We collected some cones 4 roent down the sut. to Northan's dd mill - saw a

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Marshall 1939 Whitaker's Forest, Wov. 17-19 Cedar lader with beautiful reddish gold ones W. Bluebirds young firs in the clearing. Back at whitaker's after Lark: a covered the entire meadow -Hat area & back to camp-looking for 7.50. none answered. Thight clear calm warm (for Nov) later a slight breege. Moonlif. Heard a spotted owl in triber at 5 edge meadows Flat - which answered my F.S.O. calls whith series of nothistles
the charge of the pattern to
Teoo Teoo Teoo. Also gave screaming & whining Calls. Doubt see it! Saro a meghitis (white in Y) the F. S.Owlo are not answering or, as one would appert from their insert diet, have smigrated out of This region. I had thought that if their suigration is merely

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markall 1939 Whitaker's Forest, Nov. 1939 a downhill one one, they might stay at whitakers as long as the weather is OK as are the kinglets, juncos robins, winter wrens, etc. But perhaps in spite of the summer weather, their food supply is not available. another possibility is that a regular time independent of when the snows come & insect food is short. I think this theory is favored by the fact that more were at whitehers Jeven though the weather had been the same ever since July.

We left whileler's

in the afternoon of the 19th +

sot to Berkeley att about 10:PM. Birds seen lat Whitakers: Spotted Owl? (heard of Meadows Har Flat Western Winter Wren - seen in public camp working among loop along a little areak, Robin - several heard of seen around Pub. Camp.

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marshall, 1939 Whitaker's Forest Nov 17-19 Juneo - a large flock (20?)
working in around drushes around
fallen redwood & porcleaning
at ground all at Nedge Whitaker's clearing. Andubon Warbler - 2 in Banyon Live Oak back of headquarters on moron morning of 19th. Large mixed flooks of Chrikadas Red-br. Muthatele Golden-crowned Kinglets, morting and Creepers working thru forests - almost never out of hearing of one such large flock. Chickadees feeding on gud. with Juneo at fallen log, N and Olearing. Ruby-crowned Kinglet - heard often - sometimes with mixed flocks. set. WBluebirds - heard overhead on 19th, seen at Wortman's Hairy Woodperker - often heards Calif. Ind. Igninel - often heard



marshall, 1939 Whitaker's Josef Nov, 17-19 all the sum around the areas are pretty much worked up Ton Inieboliges expressed the conviction that he would have to go to South america to bunt & tras now. He had taken 21 bear this winter. The CCC camp has cleared out fallen trindles & has thinned the trees for 100' on each side of every road on the property I to reduce fire hazerd. Wortness is logging aging firs throughout the area he is required to that disintegration may take place rapidly. There is very little water in the stream. I believe that many of the birds are here only because of the mildness of the leverther (inset on seed food still exposed & available): Robin, jumes, wren, r.c. kinglet, andubon warbles.











Marshall, 1941 General Comment 7.5 min E Cannon Beach, Clatsop Co., Oregon May 17 Camp in 1st stream valley north of Arch Cape - valley opens west upon the Pacific. Virgin Forest of grant Picea Sithensis, truga leterophila, of thuja. Dense underbrush 5-10 ft. high of ferns of chaparal shrubs, Forest more open (trees leleand love branches)
within 100 yds of beach where
some wind controlled Pricea. Some alder thekets along creek, grass spaces near month - where cleared for cations. Forest logged off 1/4 min N this walley - here just brush t sneep. Some offshore rocks off the capse - where gullo seen. am. Weather rainy a windy - shot W. gulls at month Creek. - They appear to be nesting on cliff of cape. They appear afternoon - thinked up at trail up the canyon part lest cabin. Saw (ownsend chipmunch, waired thrush (1246) which both cane to my immitated Pygmy and calls. No other brids except a few few because of deep woods, of fewer because had vocatle.

marshall, 1941 May 17 Late afternoon - bunted Vaned Thusbas - collected a Robin,

+ a N. thursh which decoyed to init. I white so Saw another V. thrush which was alarmed about V. Uhrush which was alarmed about a young bind which I presently flushed by The claim notes of the V.T. by R-b thrushes apparently attracted a Honed and—I a very black indiv. which lit on top dead stub in forest. Vinsed it. am. Windy cloudy. Collected at month of valley among adders, spruces, a in brushy tangles over marshy ground.

Many song sparrows and pileolaled varblers. Collected among cabins along shore (between Collected among cabins along shore (between shore & highway). Here the trees are depressed & there is much brush. pm. - Called for owls- heard none. May 19 am. Warrdy, cold, clordy. Walked thru highway tunnel thru arch cape. No cabins south of the cape. The heavy forest come a down to the beach on a steep slope but a few brushy areas at months of stream valleys. Few birds seen. Hunteet along highway & down an old logging road from highway towards

morshall, 1941 7.5 mi. S Cannon Beach, Clatsop Co., Oregon May 19 shore - a very deep & heavily timbered canyon about 1.5 ani. S of the cape. Very few birds as expected - saw mor grey jap . No logging south of the cape - all heavy spruce & hemboch forest - few red codars. red cedars. May 20 Clear, a little wind. Hunted along asm. a very old road which turns inland at the north entrance of the arch Cape tunnel and crosses the ridge to down toward the shore again meeting the road I was on yesterday. this is the only way thru this very brushy country. The road goes along the worth dope of the Orch Capel Ridge - very heavily wooded, dark + damp! Saw varied thrushes, called in a family (to pigny out calls) & one lit on his gun barrel! Later hunted around the relatively open area at mouth of valley where we are camped.

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marshall, 1941 general Comment May 21 am - hunted along same road as yesterday hoping to see grey pays in the heavy timber of crossbills on the ridge. Very few birds where the old to road crossed the ridge the brush was so dance that it was impossible to travel - so I went down to the hidway of the first valley at the most of the first valley gouth of arch cape to the shore - hoped to hear wrens (Beirick). clear, warm, some wind. Saw cornorants of gulls on a rock island which appeared to be close enough to roalh out to of low-tide. Summary This region lies within boreal lovet narrow belt of which extends along the coast to northern Ealifornia Back of the 1st range of hills the country is brinted different greener, less granted trees - more alders

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Mushall, 1941 General Comment 7.5 mi. S. Cannon Beach 50ft, Clatsof Co. Orgon then decidnous trees, more birds of the greatest number of well as the greatest number of beinds were in a narrows interval between the forest of the shore - where the trees are
faver of more variety of
thatitats as well as cabins,
roads and clearing Even
the characteristically forest brids
(such as and whom Noublers) were
commones here. There were
exceedingly few brids in the
forest only jays varied thurds
bringlets of chickadees.

The most outstanding
teature of the bind life of this
locality was the very early
nesting of all species t even the
sunder visitants! As an indication
I submit the following his t store - where the trees are I submit the following list which had grown young out of the nest: (* means) * Dryobates villosus * Chamaca fasciata

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marshall 1941 7.5 mi. S. Cannon Beach, Clatsop Co. Ore. Thorens Dendroica anduboni * melospiza melodia Regulus satrapa as is to be expected - there were more of the resident trids at advanced breeding stage than summer visitants.

nesting - I note that the natives of the region were unanimous in lectaring that the winter had been a very sinly one with warm sunpy weather prevailing. The worst storm of the season had been the one which we experienced upon our arrival on the 17th. Thus there was a very early spring of resident birds could have started nesting early - but how account for the sunsher birds? are in breeding condition of are settled here except for two - Ward shot a savannah sparrow in the clapsonal which had shall gonads a much fact - lividently migrating,

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Marshall, 1941 General Comment 15 mi. 5 Cannon Beach 50ft., Clerton Co., Oregon. the edge of a road near the brack-also out of its bebitet t apparently migrating - but I couldn't retrieve it.) I also one Fredwing blackbird which to was moving blackbird which to stopped for a while on the top of a spruce near the beach. There is no babitat here for either of those species. All other species taken had either large gonads or were feeding young - but the jays whom young - but the jays whom young - but the jays whom young took pairs which turned out to be pairs which turned out to be both pales. A list of the lividy of the area of their habitats follows: Shalacrocorax - probably curities sitting on routes off the shore -about 25. Oidemia doglandi nesting on cliffs & lead, Larus orgidentalis Larus glancescens 2013 inm. Columba fasciata Bulo virginiami Chaetura vanji Many-throughout the forest 6 over carp in evenings

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Marshall, 1941 General Comment 7.5 mi. S. Cennor Beach, #550ft., Clatsop Co. Ore.
Selasphorus rufus common - chapanal
Ceryle aleyon 2 - along stream
Drybatesurllosus many pains-at edge forest
11 pubescens 2 pains-in decidions trees at 2 Sapsveleurs - saw namy trees with rings of holes) Ceophoeus pilectus (deep forest) several heard Colaptes cafer I seen on south side cape Empidonax difficilis again in every "draw" Hirundo eryttrogaster 4 seen at month of auck tachyeineta thalassina several" " Stelgidopterpy seinpennis 2 pains ""
Cyanocittà stelleri common in facet heard & seen often along beach, Corvus corax Prenthestes rufescens abundant in forest Psaltrigarus minimus several seen in chapairal Sitta canadensis common in fourt Centhria familiaris rave - I heard at edge " Chamaca fasciata common in chapmal Ethryomanes bewichi collectet by Russell] seen ? "] I Cinclus mexican traglody as Nannus traglodytes abundant Hylociehla ustulata Horens naevins " in dark forest Murdus migratorius common in open land Regulus satrapa " in boost



Marshall, 1941 Junial account 7.5 mi S Cannon Beach, 50ft. Clatrop Co Oregon. Vormivora celata a few in decidnons trees Derdroica anduboni a few in tree along beach Wilsonia pusilla abundant in deiduous quath Agelaius shoeniceus I seen on the more" Piranga ludoriciana I singing in forest beach Carpodaeus purpureus several pairs in trees along Spinus tristis

Jolia curvirostra some in forest , block & singing pairs in forest Passerculus sandwichensis I flushed from brush. funco oreganus a food pours 5. of cape Bonotrished lencophrys common along beach Melospish suelodia "in brush & decidnous growth. Melospisa melodia The four most strikingly abundant bird were, in order of abundance: Wilsonia pusilla Nannus troglodytes Hytocichla ustulata No hawks & only one onl



Marshall, 1941 Catalog gail Comment Hmi. 5 seconde, 200 ft., clastrop Co., Ono. May 22 We drove in the a.m. to this broad flat land covering several square mi., tog hills to the W & SW so That the climate is milder (no sea wind) The habitats varied, and birds more numerous. Collected creepers early in the a.m. from grove of coast benlocks on a cool shady ridge of the broad valley mentioned above. Also Having woodpeckers, & much elk sign. In mixed forest forestly Douglass fin) got sub of birds around stuffed out-Stillajeng, juncos, rolins, etc. 4 saw a fine Pileated Woodpecker. Worked among alders along Neconscina R. winding Thun valley mentioned above - took Berick Wren from Treamende. Trunch grossland here gen. In a flat valley to the sw (coming from the hills) was a Leuse of conform Stand of alders mixed with a few Dong. for - all on loggy ground. Here were working & Hutton Nerses, Calf Puple Frieles, Hairy Woodserbers. The forest in hills mentioned above differed from that along coast in Packing the dense underbrack.



marshall, 1941 Januaral Comment Recommende, 5 mi. 558 Seasede, 15 St. Clatople, One. May 23 Comp at edge of river which runs northed here. Dense groves of alder along the east side of r. with hills above logged off but with fairly good growth of Douglass fin. Alder thirthe extend all the forest along little stream runs. On the west side of s. are farms and meadows on flat land. Hanted a.m. in cut over forest. Few lirds: Junes, robins, and Hutten Viveos in thelets of young dougless fin. At noon drove to seaside and hunted in a march on the ortherit of town - willow thicket - where White-crowns, song sparsons, yellow warblers and red-ways were common. pm. Huntet for owls along & side r. in alders & ment douglass fir forest. a.m. Hunted in a canyon and slopes of the mountains west of camp where very dense stand of tall Douglass for see grey jays, heroint thrushes, 4 tried to call up 3 potted owls. None Variet found. varied thrushes, creopers, bringlets, hindesdess and pr. of juncos of many Winter Wrens were seen, also large flocks crossbills.

Marshall, 1941 Jeneral Comment Necommen R. 5 mi. 55 E Searche, 75 ft. Chitage G. Ore. may 24 Hunted in rigarian growth along R. where hills come done to River's edge on w. side. Throng Deadroica nigrescens seen or heard. Cliff swallows common would farms. P.m. took mate of other taken last Summary of birds at Meanican R: Following seen here, not found at Cannon Board camp (dul Cape): Otres asso in alders at edge fishis forest Colaptes cafer seen in willows bordaining 5 treamside meadow Cetrochelidan abundant - nesting avound bong barns - couldn't get permission to collect. Corvus brachyshyneling Common in meadows offlowest along the river young blonglass fir at edge of forest; also in " forest. Vires gelom alders Dendroica nigrescens alders at edge of

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Marshall, 1941 Gent Comment North Santiam River, 3400 ft., Linn Co., Oregon June Camp in hollow where bend of Santiam River (ie. flows west from Big Aheadow, then turns north) Bench mark here. Terrain sloping gently to East. We are not for from the cummit of the Carcades. humind coastal forest with dense stand of tall, narrow-crowned trees - biggin forest & unbowned. Little down stuff & only rather scent cover of small plants on forest floor. much brunch grass. There are no large decidnons trees along the river - only some very low "serub alder". Went thru forest toward the last along the north margin of the river Collected a & amer. 31-toed Woodpecker. Saw + heard 3 hermit Thrushes between camp of Big Meadow (2 miles). Many warblers - presumably hernits - some red-breasted nuthetches, golden-crowned Kinglets of chestrut-backed chickedees. Big Merdow is a grassy level area of about 10 acres of is surrounded by lodgepole pines. Here were a

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marchall, 1941 north Santiam River, 3400 ft., Linn Co., Oregon. June" pair of hairy woodpeckers & steller jays - many sine squinels & The river margin is wider here, & there are russet - backed thinshes along it Several pairs of Hammond flyeathers seen. Retrlined to camp by old roods along the south side of the river - here the forest is heavier & is mostly Dmountain humbook - because of the north exposure. On the flat country around & to the north of camp is a minped forest of Price truga, Pinns Imontriolal & Proudothinga.

Head tamper singing & that I heard a pair of oreepsers. camp. The bride react well to fried to calls. Screech Durb last night - but none found - too dense Timber. -Were many cristeet - like insects out however. Weather today = clear of calm - warm.

water birch

Marshall, 1941 general account Morth Santian River, 3400ft, Linn Co., Oregon 25 Walked Salong highway to road junction with road leading to Big Meadow, then along this road to the " " camping area, all this road & the highway in a heavy forest of hearlock - Varied thrushes singing at intervals along highway. Herrit Warblers abundant singing in tops. Herint thrushes singing around camp ones. Walked north on road from Big Meadow about 300 yds - Then turned East them the firest of came out upon the real "big meadows" which are really oast - several square miles of meadows. Heard typical willow dwellers such as trail flyeather, yellow warbler etc. there are dease willow thickets about 6-408' high along the slongho, then borders thigh, then a farass on wet ground & huddeberry on dryer ground. Song Sparrows & Like of Sparrows abundant. One very large poplar-like tree 70' high.

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Marshall, 1941 North Santiam R. 3400ft, Line Co. Orgon Junes Lodgepole pine grows on Row ground on around edge of meadow; a good open forest of abies, Prices Pseudotrugg + truga on the little ridge separating the two main meadows. Deep hemlock forest on the north-fairing ridge on the south border of the meadow. Tog the east the ridge is sleeper, & large rolls, show then a very open stand of timber. 3- tingred fack caps a gradual incline to the southeast Much snow willow thickets cover several workings, & deer trails ting netambrohosing frogs abound in weather: Clear, calm warm.

June Raining Very few brids seen

in Leuse hemlock forest between camp

* Dig Mendows - only I Varied thrush

a block of Crossbills of Siskins, and



Warshall, 1941 June 6 1. Santiam River 3400ff, Tim G., Oregon the usual hermit warblers, golden -Crowned Kinglets & Red-backed
Chukadees. Walked the dense
hendock forest to & past Jay
Lake. Very few birds in the forest
Perisorens / pr. Cregress, hermat
Worlders, & H. Thrushes The lake is about 100 yards across.
very shallow & fringed with
grass, then willows, then slender little dwarf maples - some called vine maysles which grew 100 yard back into the timber. Timber (hendock) very dense around the lake. Very fant birds - I pair hang voodperkers, B Perisonens, several hermit warbless, Pileated Woodpieles. Many truturi in the rather warm water. Went back to Big Meadow - saw Vanx Swifts & a Joshawk -both circling low over the meadows. June 7 Raining - not cold. The most northwesterly meadow of the Big Meadow" group is about 200 yards organoss of is fringed with some

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Marshall, 1941 June 7 North Santiam River, 3400 ft. Linn Co. Oregon good sized poplars (3) - Some 30'
lingh - looks like a good place
for downy woodpeckers to
sapsnekers! many Crossbills
in the open timber along a
1:446 little hidge separating this Hew birds in the meadow because raining & rather late in an.

Back at the meadows - working
for warblers with the out.

Got a mob of melospizas (both
species) in the willows + a pair
of traill flycatchers & a pewer.

then song sparrows & 2 9

Mellow whiles (in the yellow whileers (which were collected). In the open timber on the knoll between two meadows got a not of juneos red-la. nythatches, chestrut lacked chickadees, hermit narblers. Saw swallows were the meadow - probably violet-green. Shot a just hairy woodperker - & saw i nest of Lincoln Sparrows with young.



mars Call, 1941 M. Santiam R., 3400ft., Line Go., Oregon. June & Southe evening I drove up to the meadows of 6 PM. All bride grief outle medition then trimber & got a herist & a russet-backed Think in low fine on the open-tribered ridge between 2 meadows. Thrushes all singing. Out on the meadow there was a great chorus of bird songs for about 10 min. (after sunset). Several yellow worblers, 2 Pileslateds, many Tolmies song Grarrows, lineola Sparrows, trail flyeatchers, russet-backed thinks.

Soon all quiet went to another

meadow releard a few

warbles songs them only Traills

4 R-b. thrushes . Saw one bat, no owls (called Flamulated Screed, borned, of Spotted) feft about getting dark class, calm. June of clear, sunny warm. Worked in the meadows with the owl. got a mob of 2 warbling Vireos, a golden-crowned kinglet a russel-backed thrush of 3 yellow warblers in a willow Explored the remaining meadows to the northwest - they are less open 4 with denser higher

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Marshall, 1941 M. Sarliam R., 3400ft, Linn Co., Oregon me 9

prottes of willows. Hand several pleolated warblers - But only a few songs a piece. Most briefs altogether gritet - as it was lot of clean of mean noon.

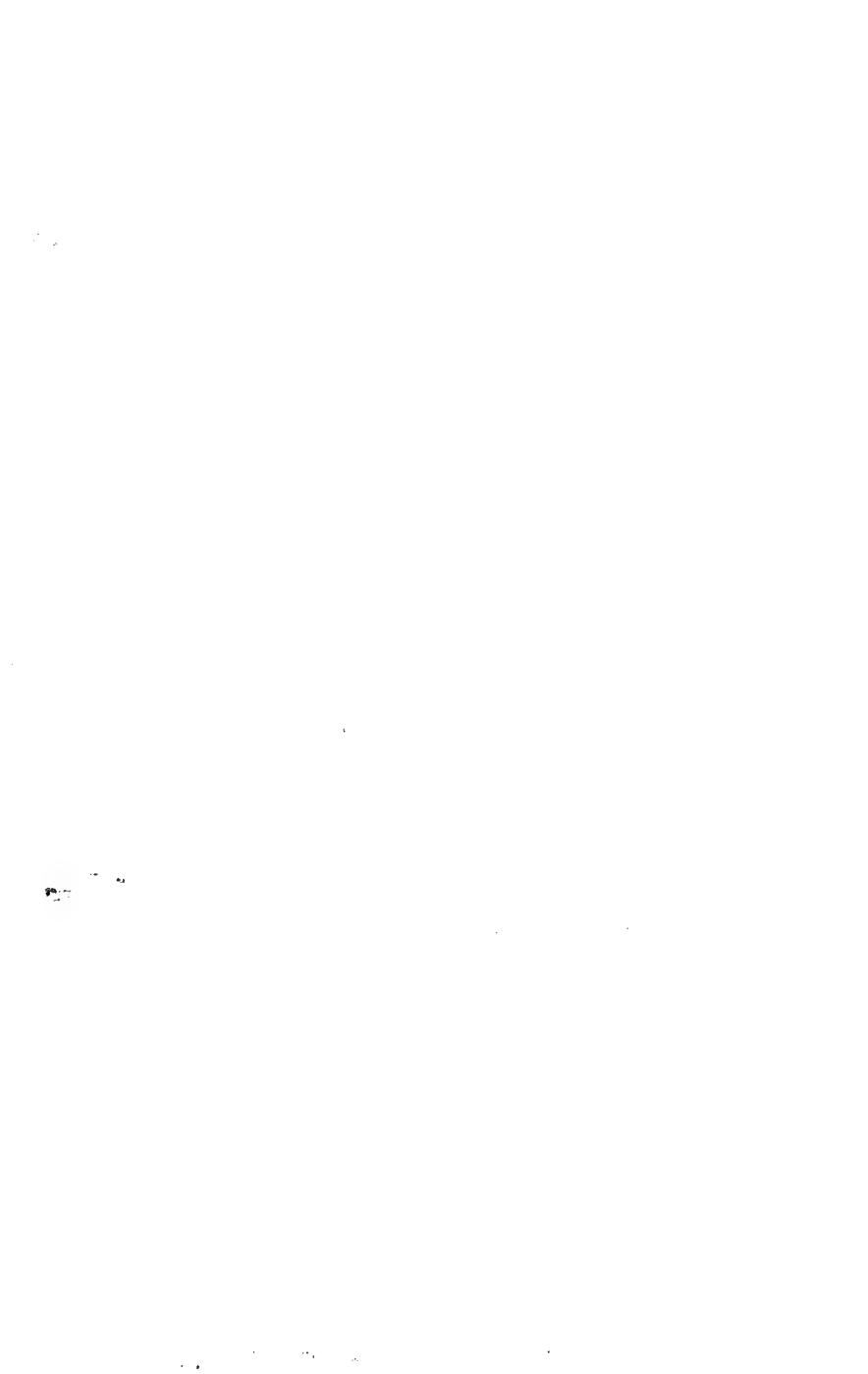
In Walked down road from Camp at dysk, Saw one bat a flying - gamirel (?) which went across the road on a long glide, and a spotted on a long glide, occidentalis aret on the season or dense hemborh forest up the river from eamp of on the 5 side of the stream - This is a very tall forest of has, most of the forest & has, most of the creepers & varied thrusher in the region. Actually got into 3 nearly adjacent creeper territories. Gray judy were abruation in the forest opens up along the trail above Big Meakous) to Duffy lake. But there are fairly layle, short stands on the hillards. Whis is where the spotted Owl was taken (See Strip notes).

marshall, 1941 n. Gartiam R., 3400 St., Linn Co, Orega June 11 Worked the truber on the June 11 Worked the timber on the What side of the river above carp. Went along my 300 pd treat to where I collected a 4 3 toest woodpersees - looping to hear the of this country flat & exposed fether to the sundergrowth. Mostle ladgede pine white june, doughts fir the (grave) for hermit thrushes (grital a bit of young charps of trees! I adjacent hermit thrushes collected 3. Sew flock of crossbills, their timber lower - perhaps on poorer soil. Save applies to a comparatively believe to the north - case applies to the ralley to the north - case affecting for greepers; gray juys, hermit for creepers, gray jays, hermit thrushes but likely locate any varied thrushes (by giving their t song, owl calls, gardens.) Mor did

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maishall, 1941 Emi. n + ? mi. W Sisters, 400ft, Verchutes Co. Oregon Camp at Dry Creek Swangs - or the
east edge I the wamps in a very
open forest of yellow fine on
rolling grassland. The swamp
consists of aspens of poplars around
several willow fringed grassy meadows
with small standing water.
The water is familial to dammed back artificially 10 is no water bed below the the swamps there is very dence lødge pole spruce a se, dønglass fir v

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marshall, 1941 Otros flammeolus 4min + 9mi W Sisters, 408ft, Reselutes Co., Oregon June 12 Windy in evening - started & on road from camp at about 10 PMno only answered along the 1/2 mi. I road from Dry Creek Swangs (our camp) to the road junction. This was all open yellow pine with no small trees. At the junction heard a 7.50. several hundred yels, to the south of south of the road which leads to the Waleungie Hydrony (4 mis.). Approached this of which was select for a long interval during which a bird lit in small tree over my head of then went to an open tree, perched 15' above and of 2 saw to eyeshine. May have been a f. Foon of called to E & I be found it to be calling from high in the dense parts of the yellow pines in a little draw that had much dense young fir (abies) growth.
Followed if to a little clearing nearly the protest note in connection with the 3-note



marshall, 1941 Otus flammedus 4mi. n & 9 mi. a Sisters, 4000ft, Esschules Co. Ore. June 12 call. always, his call preceded ly the grace notes was lower in putch Tried to lead him along & presently leard another calling slower & with heard another calling slower & will

pitel a full step above 15t.

Shot this brid as perched on a

strib of on a tall yellow pine
above a thicket of young firs.

Couldn't find it. Chaled 1st found

back to expectify long term but found

him be has expectify long term but found

him wolked 300 yds 3 on road. Wind

word blowing. Heard one to

loft rt. of road, chased from

tall trees to low firs & hat

in lower branches of young fir (still

had branches blear to glowed - itting

near trunk & in interior of the

tree (#1486 of alled up the lond voiced

or again on way back.

The conclusion which peems

reasonable is that the habitat reasonable is that the habitat consists of open yellow sine but with an understory of young trees. I have noticed that the crickets (which, have been bound in all the owl



marshall, 1941 4 mi. n + 9 mi. W Sisters 4000 ft. Neschuter Co. Ore. stomachs (horned, syotted, & screed, & stomachs (horned, spotted, & screed, a fam. screed) are heard in the foliage of these young trees, close to the ground, theot of this country consists of yellow pines, clear 1/2 way my the trunk and with grass below—this & believe is not suitable for the believe is not suitable for the owls. However: there is a pain of horned owls & a pain of screech owls around camp which may account for the lack of 7-50. I in the vicinity. # 1486 of about 1 am or 12:30 stomach full of contained a green catarpillar, a moth of parts of several of the orthogenans
Wand Russell, Dr. Miller & I started out at dusk & went to same, place as last night. Called up the load voried of in sum place - very resonant tones - he answered while till light of in about 2 min. The welked Son road of Ward called up a 3 about 13 mile past where I collected mine last night. He collected it - It had eater the one of the



Marshall 1941 4 min 2 mi W Sisters, 4000ft, Deschutes 6, Ore. June 13 same cricket - like inserts noted in the other owls taken on this try about 100 yds farther 5 another was called up high in dense trees & couldn't see didn't call very long at a time From one trek called several times about every 3-4 minutes of heard him several trines dose to me in the dense young fin clumps - he was apparently boyaging. I finally saw him on lower bank of a feller fix & was shot by Dr. Miller. Had just one I moth in stomach. Both there owls in rather open give of fir forest with lats of clumps of young firs below. I good evidence that they forage in those firs. These 2 se paraled by guste a distance from the 13 rotest last night this all apparently good downtry perhaps of inst in little groups every how of them then timber But wind blowing so may have missed some to the away from the road.

marshall, 1941 Strip occidentalis M. Santiain R., 3400ft, Linn Co., Oregon June? Walked n. on the highway from camp (at the bench mark at the bend of the river) to the 1st road cut. Just part this part a little draw leads up to the east-heavily wooded or a ridge on its north boder is more open. Went in fine I kalled for O. flam., Cryptogland,
I just as I left, gave 2 spotted
onal hoots & a comple of horned
"" " I reached the road in about 1/2 min. I just then a of spotted and gave a bourst from a stall dead tree on the ridge. In a few more minutes he was down in the dense timber of the draw answering my calls, showing a good sinks eyeshing on little stills on the clear trumbes. Collected a 1458 stomach contained 4 whole orthopterans which I saved.

Jave the typical calls but very londly- also the ascending series of hoots landing to regular call.

Often the last hoot had a yodel in it.

marchall, 1941 Strip occidentalis June 10 at 10 am near Big meadows
445 yards up the trail to Duffy
Lake, I said a gray jay 4 gave
a comple of Spotted with loots

4 shot him with a 22. as 2 was "wrapping it up" a real spotted and blew off up the hill. I answered & down he came - I was in a relatively clear area - just a few sun. trees + he came right over -head in the blazing sunlight on a long glide slit in a large hemlock 40 yards away. a large held of yourds away.

I got him with 6's - # 1476, 89

stomach full of mammals (saved).

This is near the spot where

Dr. Willes picked up a spotled

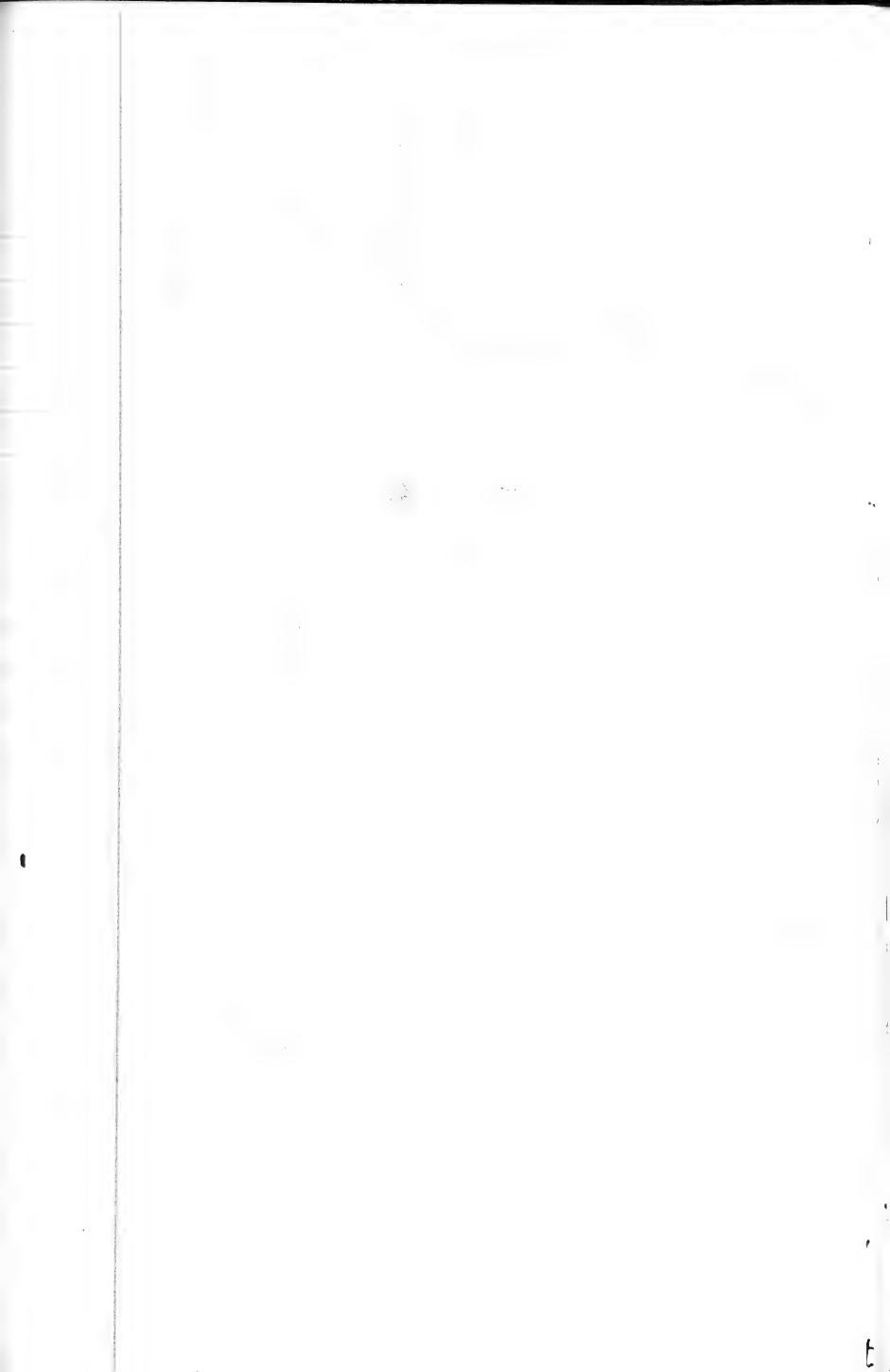
Owl feether a few days ago

in the hayther. It gave just

a few smarls - 9 # 38/90 AHM.

Glom saved - had may of the orthoplerans.







Marshall, 1941 nephocetes de niger San fram Island, San from Co. Wash. June 23 On highest ridge north of Friday Harbon. At sunset, was hunting nighthawks here of found that there were about 20 bl'swifts foraging with them the swifts did not come within 100 yds or so of ground. Clear a calm. Early fully - at the U.S.W. Oreano graphie Lat - one afternoon a flock of black swifts came low (not within shooting distance) over the labs. Was a clear, sunny afternoon de the edge of the town of Finday Harbor. Rainy afternoon low londs. Cet of 100 PM noted a group about 50 yols in an of lower. with them about is been swallows black swifts very d 20 or more black swifts very low looked almost as large as the nighthanks. They were flying a soaring exceedingly slowly, but floating about too much but finally list one - couldn't findit

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Marshall, 1941 nephocetes migu Sun fram Id., San fram Co., Wash Ingust 13. At noon, several mightheniks were in the air above a coastal knoll 1/2 way between Friday Harbor & Cattle Pt. Also many boun swallows foraging closes to the ground. As usual, once would expect to see swifts with dayforaging nightheroles. Famally 3 on became visible high above the mightheroles but soon rehunds to the "Stratosphere"









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a 1. Marshall, 1939 melospiga melodia Huchica Cr. and Marshes, Vicinity of Napa, Mapa Co, Calif Clear, Calm, Harm. Oct 20 In the early morning, 707 \$ 708 were taken by Longhurst in his back yard (Huchica Cr., 200 ft.) At about 8 or 9 AM we went down to the revolving rankaoad bridge solver the Napa River where Konghurst got his skull boad. I coll. 789 & 710 On the I bank of the river, just 5 of the bridge, where a slough starts out towards the marshes. These were in weeds at the head of the slongh-were syneaked out of the dense cover. 711-716 were collected 81/2 mi 5, 2/2 mi w napa, on the edge of an island of dry land in the extensive Mapa marshes. Song sparrows were abundant all along the slongho in take the six collected were in tule and the weeds on dry ground bordering a slongh. A a pair of White-tailed kites was watched at this island. they perched in a row of tall Encalythes trees and flapped & sailed out over the the marshes. Often seen to hover then hold nings motionless over tack & front down to earth. Linnets & funcos

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Marshall, 1940 Melospiza melodia Mapa - Oct 20 were also seen on the woland, and Deveral Davannah sparrows were sparse salicomia near the slough. In the late afternoon we rowed to an island (Bull Id) on the East Bank of the R., 53/4 mi downstream from Napa. A pair of hister was seen on this id. - One perched in the top of a live oak (box stub) and allowed an approach within 15 yds. The island was bordered by then Backaris - song sparrows abundant in all three. Alarm & other notes given often. U few in song. Flew from tules to backaris etc - no restriction to type of cover. 717-720 taken here. I set trages in the Valicornia, for Longhurst. Dack at Longhurst house, I took a Jayornis sara 721 from the awning at the south - facing deaping porch window (2nd floor). It fluttered against the window when I turned screen & caught it in and grown.

Marshall, 1940 a 2. Melospiza melolia Mapa - Oct 20 were also seen on the woland, and Deveral Davannah sparrows were sparse salicornia near the slough. In the late afternoon, we rowed to an island (Bull Id) on the East Bank of the R., 53/4 mi downstream from Rapa. A pair of laites was seen on this id. - One perched in the top of a live oak (box stub) and allowed an approach within 15 yds. The island was bordered by a band of Tules, then sakuorma, Then Backaris - Dong sparrows abundant in all three. Alarm & other notes given often. U few in song. Flew from tules to baccharis etc - no restriction to type of cover. 717-720 taken here. I set traps in the Valicornia, for Longhurst. Back at Longhurst house, I took a Dayornis saya 721 from the swring at the south-facing desping porch window (2 of floor). It fluttered equinst the window when I turned screen of caught it in indicated back of the



marshall 1939 melospiga melodia a 3. Mapa, Oct 21 Back at the traps on the id., 53/4 mi. downstream from napa, I found 2 song passons (722,723) in two traps bated with outs and set on the moist ground under the dense growth of Salicornia. This s, formed a 'jungle', very dense, about 1 foot high - the birds apparently were foraging in the lettle mammal trails and clearing under this cover. Buch at Longlurst's house, # 724 was taken in the yard, like the others there was foraging of under the shubbery with white crowned sparrows & towhees. A varied thrush noted in the yard. (On the way back from the Id., a Sayornis (725) was taken from a fence in a cow-pasture 5 mi. 5 w Naga. Ofter lunch, we drove down the road following thickies Creek to its opening into the marsher, just across the S.P. R.R. tracks. Here, at the edge of the marshes, were a few vaccharis chimps, dense Wild Celery stends, salicomia. about 10 dong sparrows were seen or heard, and 3 taken from Baccharis and Celery.

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Marshall, 1939 melogpiga melodia Maps, Ost 21 They apparently foraged on the ground ander these celery stalks & would mount up onto these stalks when I would approach within 25 yels. Three were taken # 726-8. I then walked back the 21/2 or 3, miles to Longhues to house tollowing the creek all the lined with willows. Altho towhers t crowned sparrows were common, no song sparrows were found. There was no under brush of wine tangles snitable for them along the whole stream course.
The first ones were in the weeds

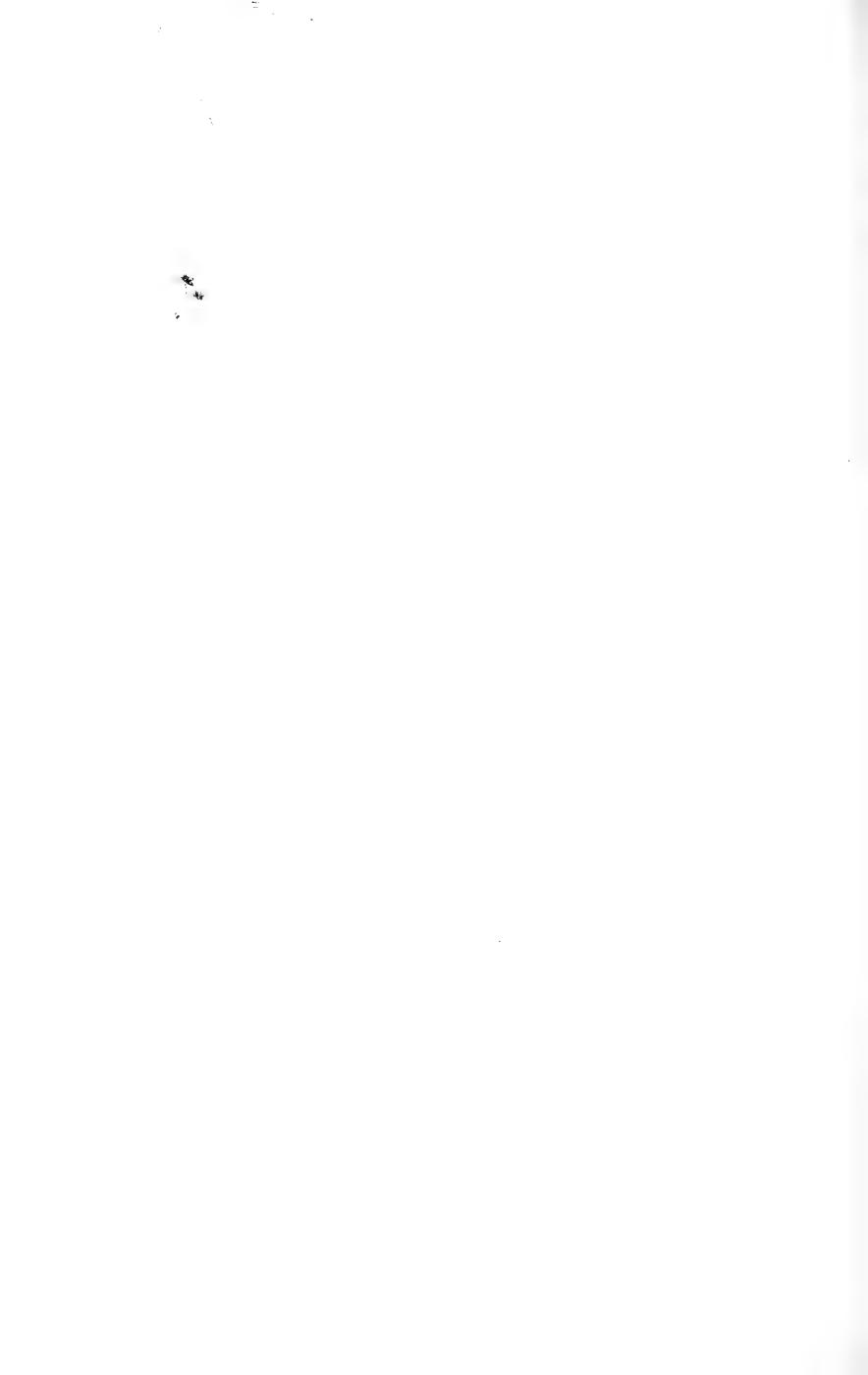
of vines along the Creek at Longhurst's house; these are the first ones up from the marshes, unless some occur in the farm yards adjacent to the creek. Thus there is at least a 2 mile gap between the salt-marsh & riparian song yearrows. In the evening, a screech swel was at the creek by Longhurst's house.

12 - were heard in the gah country

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Marshall, 1939 melospiga melodia. Mapa, Oct 21. on the dry slopes above the ranch. they were very wild and wouldn't answer mitated hoots, but would give one or two alarm calls (all would break out in chorus from all grants of the hill) when I gave Horned or Spotted Out Out 22 Spent the day skulling the napa stoughts with Longlingst, hunting drucks. 1st day of season. Long sparrows abundant in tules everywhere. Would fly acr low across slonghs, & alight at mud at bese takes then hope into this cover, foraging on the wet mud. Usually remaining very well comealed. One duck hank seen several times darting from high in sky waterfood over the river open the waterford would fly very close to the water for protection, all three pairs of hites seen - very tame - easy mark for duck hunters.

The mallands & spring got up in huge blocks at the first shooting (6:30 A14)



marshall 1939 melospija melodia Mapa, Oct 22 and made off for the east, flying very high. We got 16 green-winged teal, the teal stayed all day in small groups, in the smallest most secheded sloughs - and would be Mushed at very close range. One Donon goose seen. I Ruddy taken, about 6 ruddies seen, many avoceto (?)

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Marshall, 1939 a 7. melospisa melodia Dan Pablo Creek, Contra Costa Co., Calif. Cloudy day, no wind. Exember 14 # 748 taken as forages among Ceaves on ground under Buckeye & Willows growing along I am Pablo Greek in S.P. Canyon 3 mit & marshes. 3 others heard here within 100 gards. Very early in the morning (before surise). Hert drove down to Wildcat G. on the flat land 1/2 mi. E marshes. Here it meanders in a gulley and comes within about 200 yourds 100+ yards of Son Pablo Creek. The growth along it is restricted (by very edge of the gulley. Also orme & rose tangles, thickets. Only 2 sparrows heard along 200 yards of this habitat both coll (749, 750) One, foreging on ground among a few baccharis & Wild Celery states the other in tangles of vines in the creek gully 208 gels downs tream. 751-757 Taken (in order Towards the bay) in willows at the very last willow growth on Jan Pablo Cr. just before it crosses the last road and e ter the marshes. A bew cattail

v.,**4.

marshall, 1939 a 8. melospiga melodia Sten Pablo Creek Contra Costa Co. Calif. Loc 14.
grew in the stream bed at this point. 751 was taken in a weed field 30 yards from the willows, the rest from the willows, and a couple from the cattails. The birds were very active, chasing each other about and arriving at the willows (from nearly weeds & vine tangles) in londlycalling & borsterons twoes & threes. They seemed to be comentrated at the willows because little available weed habitat elsewhere (all cultivated) Foraged on ground of vase of willows & vine tangles. 750 - 762 takes next in tribes weeds, and Salicornia 200-400 yards west of the last willows, along the slough from Man Pablo Creek. they were clasing each other about, & The were singing from the tops of the tops of the tops of a few solitary backharis on edge of slough. Foreged on gnd. - could be squeeked up on to sight (well under cover of weed growth of sight (well under cover of weed growth) 18 tiles). Nept drove 41/2 mi, up San Pablo Creek into the Canyon where 3 taken 745-7 along the creek (in blackberry

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marshall, 1939 melospiza melodia Sam Pablo Cr., Contra Costa Co., Calif. Lee 14 tangles & willows) within 150 yds. a good population along the Theam here where tangles of vine & shubbery were abundant under the willows, live oaks, and brukeye. None up side-creeks, where no undergrowth. Foraged or ground among under this shrubbry. Seeming by require one things - dende cover of plant growth ond under which can forage on day and. This requirement is met both in the vine tangles along the creek and in the title at the marsh. There is here an element common to both march hobo & riparian habitato which is the critical one fork the song sparrow - altho outwardly the two habitats seem tremendously different. The food must be different, the nesting of song sites also but the general type of forage cover must be about the same in each case (with respect to the song sparrow, at least).

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Marshall, 1940 a 10. melospiga melodia 12 mi. E Doabel Pt. Contra Costa Co. Calif. This is the flat Cloudy Zebruary 24 salt-march at the country line, innervated by a network of small stow moving slonghes from Cerrito Creek-all just north of north - west of El Cerrito (the knoll). Each slough is bordered by a growth of a composite showb 3-5 feet high and extending in of the stough. The areas in between are covered with a dense salioning cover, only 6" - 1 high. the song sparrows were abundant in on the ground at the bases of the stants - covering the ground in a course II to the slough. The birds were mostly all definitely paired.

The were singing from definite

song perches (tops of the composites

or within these shimbs). One pair

was foraging on the ground under 2

isolated strubs on the side of the

R.R. embankment. They stayed very close together - I scared them & they flew back to the growth along the Sougho. Likewise, another gr. was

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Marshall, 1940 a 11. melospiga melodis Lowing E Isabel Pt., Contia Costa Co. Calif. found in Jaheornia then Feb. 24. in the shrubbery on the bay side of the embankment. Chatti collected a pain of we each took a single bird (770-773). The birds were very abundant, I should say I pair to every 25 or 30 gards of growth along the slough. I collected a pain at the west edge of the RR. embandement just W of El Cevito (knowld). The of 774 was singing from a wire 10' above gnd; the just under this perch. the area here was wet salicomia march I weed along the RR. bank. About 3 pais only were seen & in the Dalicomia Wof the RR. bank. They would fly arrows the R.R. & back to the Shrubby-lined sloughs.

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Marshall 1940 a 12. Melospiga melodia Ruchmond (hills SW of) Contra Costa Co. Calif. These hills face the march 1940 Richmond yacht Harbor - there is no march land here, as all has been filled in by diedging for the yacht-harbor. Dong Sparrows were abundand in Backaris + wet weed thickets & Celery patches at the very base of these hills (where minkaline meadows and gnd very wet. None above the 2d roud. Deemed to be in mating activity, pairs charing perches. 3 taken 776-8 in baucharis ment adjacent weeds on wet (freshwater) ground just above road. It's
stopped singing after an hr. Clear,
bright, calm day. I tone took 4 more,

3 at sea level at the base of help (in baccharis, I in Celery patch). A fresh-water situation-swampy weedy growth at base of hillsinging & pursuing each other thrus backharis & poisen oak tenkles - all confined to near base of hell. Very sumerous, but in very sarrow

Solvit Had 12-Slough

Marshall, 1940 a 13. meloopige melodie Hough on & side Richmond Contratostato, Calif. This is the only mitable march 1. 5.5. habitat between The Richmond hills and the tale marsh just sof Stage. None found anywhere else between these sts. except one singing in shrubbry of door yard of house at Stage, only 200 years yets. from tule marsh. This slough ran toward the bay from Certito - + is about 3/4-this East of the ford plant. It is lined with dense cover of sationia, of here & there bushes (a composite) Counds the month of the slongs, there is a dense & with cover of these bushes, 3-4 high & about 5-10 yards
wide. Several pairs of s.s. were
found along this stough - foraging
in sulcionna, singing from tops
bushes, flying low over saliconna
(divina in a slightime is stolera (diving in or alighting in shrubbery).

I took, 3 (779-81) & Stone took 2. The part of the slough occupied by song sparrows is only about 300, gards long, the total population of song sparrows must be 16 or 20.



monshall, 1940 a. 14. melospiga melodia Orchmondor Stegl, Contra Corta Co., Calif March! more than a mile in every direction. The brids appeared to be paired ol's singing from song perches. in a door yard (shrubbery-backeris)
near the bay, and a total of about

6 birds was seen in the small Tule marsh just 5 n of the station. The march was no more than 200 x 100 yds probably less-was a dense growth of tules on very mushy mud. Hooded at high tide (where do song sparrow go then?). 100 yds from shore was a little arm of dry ground with some salicornia. Here a pain was flushed from " - they the back into the tales. When we first arrived at the marsh, several of's were singing after I collected one (782) singing on a concrete structure in the center of the marsh and chased after others, there apparently was not a single bird left, then I walked out a board walk to The arm of land meationed above,

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marshall , 1940 a. 15, meloging melodie Stege Contra Costa Co. Calif. March 1, 1940 and was surprized to hear a half-dozen song sparrows singing from a rock breakwater 300 yes out in the bay! their clear songs rolled across the water from this absolutely barren breakwater! Apparently the my retreated out to the breakwater. Back at the edge of the marsh, 2 were seen again in the Tules & one rollas if hopped att around on a mat spætule (# 783). The salicomia marsh was seen a dump - and extend, along the next side of the RR. embankment almost all the way to Leabel soint. march between Stege & Joalel Pt., Contra Costa Co., Telif. March 8. Cold overcast day.

784-6 taken here. Foraged in Saliconia

(swhere imvisible under 6" cover of ") or

at bases of barcharis + Composite Abrubs.



marshall, 1940 meloopiga melodia a 16. March between Stege & Quabel Pt. Contra Costa Co. Caly. Atone took several march 8. more. all taken on in narrow strip of salicomia march (with should patches) on west of R.R. embankment. Marsh only 25-75

yards wide here. 5.5. paired;

This singing usually I brids

foraging together, No chasing seen.

We kong flight taken. Jeverel

heard from Dalicoming on Exide 8), R.R. at one pt. . However I believe that this is an isolated clony of 55. - the only babitat between Stegs and Isabel Pt. - No streams entering here - not enough anto cash on higher gnd. One pair about every 75 yards or less.
The farthest south taken were (784,95) One taken of Both had been been feeding in the mud of a small patch of tules flow back to sm. patch of shinks in Salicomia,



Marshall, 1940 Melospiga melodia a 17. Sontable March, Contra Costa Co. Calif March 8 Tules extend in from bay in a broad belt about 1/4 mi in width; then about 100 ± yds of Saliconnia (dense, on wet and: 8-12" high. S.s. singing paired flying from tule to Saliconna & vice versa. Pairs flushed in " would fly out to the tiles. apparently, then a contin. population Hard to see if pairs limited to a given area here (as they are along sloughs) - They seem to cover a (of of ground, of concern and the area is so homogeneous - the can the per birds delimite sections of it for nesting areas and better than I can sense them? 777-8 taken in salicomia at edge of march, 400 yards Not willows at month sen Pable G. That is, they were at the boundary between marsh and cultivated field. They had been in a few joolated shrubs at the edge of the salicornia. 789 was taken from tall shrub at edge of marsh. 790-94 taken in titles & Salicornia. A gt. cone. of birds in taller weeds & Sulicornia around

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marshall, 1940 a 18. - Indoopiga melodia Sanfable march, Contra Costa C. Calif, March 8 a pond. Ned Stone said he sew a black - breasted bird here, the sparrows did not seem to be limiting themselves to any definite areas. Would need more observation to tell. Dords apparently charing, other allower 195-6 (apris) and 797 were then taken in Willows 8 growth beneath them 1/3 mi. upstream from month 5 an Pablo Gr. They were in unworm plumage + no hund on, head & bill, as in the salt-march birds. Foraging in brush along stream, weeds at edge of willow growth. Wildest Creek to south. 5.5. very abundant in these willows - about 12 in 100 yds. Confined to the growth along the stream. They had to hyproach. Many mignig ors.

Melospiza melodia

Strawberry Canyon, Berkeley, Alameda Co., Calif.March 16

A male, #799 taken by sling shot after squeeked up
out of vine tangles on south hill slpe just above
Strawberry pool. Had been singing.

Campus #800, male taken as hopped among bushes (on the ground) at edge of lawn on north side Haviland Hall.

Had been singing. Mate also seen.

Campus, March 25 Female, 802trapped by Al Wolfson at edge of Eucalyptus grove near L.S.R. A male, # 803

trapped on the 27th.

Coyote Creek, Santa Clara Co., Calif. April 5 Clear, Windy. Drove down from Berkeley with Stone. Stopped at a fresh-water marsh just south of sew Mt. Eden and collected two son; sparrows. (put up by stone) Also there were many in the cattails along the highway. Got another from a tree on the side of the same highway near Alvarade; also put up by Stone * Drove to Milpitas, thence west on the highway towards Alvise. Stopped where Coyote Creek crosses the highway and worked along the wil lows to mouth . Many ss taken, many singing in the narrow growth and brush piles along the creek, also in adjacent orchards. Would fly out into the orchards to sing and when stalked would retreat to the streamside grouth. Began getting yellow-bellied birds long (several hundred yards) before reaching salicornia flats. No good salt marsh at end of willows, because has all been drained. Apparently no ss between the end of the willows and the edge of the bay. The yellow-bellied birit rust be hybrid descendents of the pusillusla which had to retreat to the stream and orchards when the marsh was drained. See accompanying map for location of specimens. Several good santaecrucis taken but most appear to be hybrids.

Drove to Stanford and looked at the c llection. They have Grinnells specimens taken by him on his bicycle song sparcow expedition. Dr. Martin has in his personal collection good pusällula from a gun club on the marsh west-ef east of the town. Good habitat for pusillula seen at Alviso.

Solano Co., Calif. SS Expedition with Emerson Stoner
Benicia.

April 7

Met Stoner at Vallejo, Drove to Island no. 1. in Napa Co. A slight drizzle of rain Shog spacrows more

^{*} See p back of this page

Stopped at fresh. nater pond near alvarado - bamboos
planted - saur owner - who mede this a duck
ground & rented it to hunters. Saur no

5.5. here. He told me to go 1/2 mi to a

big Duck Club (owned by S.F. banker) & see care
(nelson?). West down - House with garde

t chicken comps - many song spanows around
feeding in " ". About 50 yds. away were po

willows - faither, was the Salt marsh.

go back here. (here lost name of club &

owner.)

Coyote Cr. Santor Clara G. Calif. 20.

Bound ple of adjacent of Son willow

Const Const Con willow

Const Const Con Santor Clara G. Calif. 20. Marshall, 1940 Covote Creek Road Stone's Red Bird #298 Orchard Stone - orange bird * edge of orchard # 299 Stones shot up #814 Stones 4 here 805 bms R 804 Stone's yellow #300

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Solano Co, Calif. April 7 abundant than I have ever seen them before. Were in a very luxuriant growth of baccharis, grindelia, etc. Would squeek four or five out of a bush at once. A pair almost every ten yards. Several taken also from a very tall stand of Salicornia on the highway nearer Vallejo. The rest of the day we took series from salt marshes (salicornia, tules, grindelia) at Vallejo masth (on the southern end of town), Southampton Bay marsh, marsh at the Benicia arsenal on Carcinez Straits, and the marsh at the mouth of Sulphue S springs Valley. Next we drove about three miles up Sulphur Springs Valley and took some at the fresh water marsh at the Benicia reservoir, called Lake Herman. These birds were in reeds and willows. Had a swell supper at the Stoner's, and returned via Greyhound after putting on some of Emerson's dry clothes. We didn't find any real maxillaris at all.

Contra Costa and Solano counties, Calif. May 13 This time, took a university car. #191 and with Stone collected riparian ss from Roden Creek watershed to the Green Valley watershed at Cordelia. Several were taken in willows at various points along Rodeo Creek were very abundant at one point about 2 miles east of Rodeo, where two forks of the creek met in a broad valley with a large tract of willows. Juvinals out and around. Next stop was Canada del Cierbo, a conyon opening into the town of Selby, where the chemical plant is located. About a mile up the walley from the bay there is a reservoir with a largetract of willows and cattails, in which song sparrows more abundant. Also russet-backed thrushes, Allen hummers, grosheaks, etc. A fine coddecting place. Lake herman, where we next stopped was an almost identical situation, but here gouldi, rather than santaecrucis were in abundance, A bird was taken from a patch of willow about three mil es up the Green Valley watershed north of Codelia. We stopped right in Cordelia when we heard some ss singing in the fresh water marshe there at the mouth of Green Valley Creek. We collected four. Then we drove south three miles onto the slt marsh and took 6 from the dense population there in the tules. The weather was fair; clear but quite windy.

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I had thought that the dry grass hills east of Vallejo might serve as a barrier to hetween gouldi to the north and santaecrucissouth of the Carcines Straits. Therefore, I went with Longhurst on a trip through Napa Sndnty. Napa County, Calif. May 18-20 On the 18, after Leving spent the night of the 17th looking for Goofus Owls on Mt. St. Helena, we stopped at a stream 2 mi. North of Calistoga, where I collected one song sparrow, away from the willows, in some weeds. Only this bird and its mate were seen, and they were located only when I apraoched their nest. None were singing nor in evidence anywhere in the willows. (Several Anthony Green Herons see. The next locality was a frest-water marsh 2 3 miles se of Calistoga. where song sparoows and redwings were abundant . The sparrows were singing tfrom the thickets bordering the marsh, and seemed to prefer this rich growth of "soft chaparral" to the cattails themselves. Two birds were taken from the bank of the Napa River at the home of a freind of Longhurst about 3 miles north of town. (Napa). Or the 19th, one male was taken at Longhurst's ranch on Huichica Creek. It had been heard singing once or twice during the day, and was finally located in some willows bordering the creek. None were found anywhere else along the creek nor on neighboring creeks. At midnight, I hitch-hiked from the ranch to Jareson Canyon, slappddinslept in a haystack, and started east along the railroad tracks at dawn. I was surprised to find song sparrows very numerous in this canyon, surounded by grassy hills. A very good habitat occured aong the railroad trak, and consiste of low willows, and vine tangles. Probably each canyon between here and the straits has much this same growth, so that these dry hills probably are not as much of a barrier for upland song sparrows as might be supposed. When I got to the Head of the western matershed of theis pass, I started down into the canyon on the Solono Co. side. Here were oaks, buckeye, etc., and few willows, which must account for the fact that I found no sparrows at all. Therewas, however, a very heavy wind. One was taken in Solano Co. at the top of the pass, still in the vine tangles. Last week in May. Berkeley Aquatic Park, Alameda Co.

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Berkeley Aquatic Fark, Alameda Jo., Calif.

Two pairs seen at close range with binocs. were nesting in willows at edge of the pond by KRE radio station. Foraging is on mud around edge of tule patch. Apparently nesting because both members of first pair gave continuous alarm notes. Watson had thought he had seen a very dark bird here - Dave Nichols also similar to the North bird - a mutant(?) - from Melrose marsh. The birds we saw at this time we re normal santaecrucis apparently. I could see no trace of yellow on the undersides, even with the 16 power binocs. The dark bird had been seen early in the year at this same patch of willows.

Saw a good salt water marsh at the bridge entrance. Perhaps good pusillula here. Situation has probably changed a lot in recent years, owing to draining of marshes - at expense of pusillula and to advantage of santaecrucis.

Marin Co. salt marshes, Calif. July 1
Objective: to "obtain" as Sibley says - song sparrows from marshes as close to the golden gate as possible (on the north side of course). This was to see if there was any intergradation between samuelis and pusillula between South Sanfrancisco and Marin Co. marshes.

Took John Chattin's ford and Boots; left Boot's house at about twelve noon. Went via Richmond ferry to San Rafeel and down the highw ay to the most southerly marsh on the bay side. This turned out to be at the mouth of Coyote Creek. The upper end of the marsh was of sali cornia, bordered by baccharis and vine tangles and willows. In other words, there was a fine gouldi habitat all around the edge of this part: of the marsh, and the marsh itself was none too good even for samuelis. I was not surprized then to find the sparrows only around the edge, where they were singing and carrying food to the nest. #911 was carrying in food from the marsh, but was nevertheless nesting in a poison-oak thicket at the edge.

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Marin Co., Calif., salt marshes. July 1
In Marin Co., then, owing to the prevalence of soft chaparral, which is such good habitat for upland song sparrows, there is more continuity in the distribution of salt marsh and fresh water birds than any where else around the bay. As a result, one might well expect the salt marsh and fresh-water forms to be more like each other here than any other place around the bay.

To go on with the marsh at the mouth of Coyo ote Creek, the main part of the marsh towards the bay consisted of a luxuriant growth of tules and ss were common in them; but the wind was blowing so hard that I was unable to stalk or scare up any which could be shot with the 22 revolver. Perhaps these birds are more typical of samuelis.

Three-birds-were-later We next had lunch in the hills back of Ross, and then went down to the marsh at the mouth of Corte Madera Creek. Here ss were abundant in salicornia and T ules by some cabins at the edge of the slough. Boots picked out the adults with the binoculars, as fimilies of 5-6 young would swarm around me when I squeeked. I took two adults and a juvinal with the 22 revolver.

We went to Muir Woods at dusk and heard hermit and russet-backed thrushes, and saw three deer. I was unable to call up any spotted of pygmy owls. Lowery Dobson told me later that he had seen a pair of Spotted Owls in the daytime perched obove the nature trail a few yards from where it branches off from the main park trail.

Suisun Bay, Solano Co., Calif. July 8
With Ned Stone went to Cordelia on
afternoon of 7th. Camped 3 mi. up Green Valley,
in blue and live oak country. Windy; didn't
find any scronch owls. Next am, drove toward
Cordelia, picked up ss at creek crossing. Severa
l were in small patch of cattails and adjacent
willows. This was at a ranch about 2 mi. from
the bay. Next collected a series from the

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Cordelia and Suisun Bay, Solano Co., Calif.
July 8.

tules in the fresh-water marsh at the opening of Green Valley Creek right in Cordelia. Froceeded to the salt marsh about 200 yards away and got series there from reeds, tules. Very windy, hard to find sparrows; sang intermittently. None had large bills like the 1909 maxillaris.

Decided to go to Grizzly Id. to get some topotypes of maxillaris. Were common in the tules and adjacent rose thickets near the Grizzly King ferry. Collected a series there (salt marsh), but still no thick bills. Have maxillaris birds been swamped out, or is there a seasonal change in thebill size?

Next went to Glear Lake and went out to Stone's camp on the island. Song sparrows everywhere. ON night of 8th went to Mt. Hannah where coll. a goofus owl, see Otus flammeolus.



Marshall, 1941

Melospiza melodia

Solano, Napa, Sonoma, and marin Counties, Collin.

George Eartholomew and I left terkeley in the : ford with camping equipment at 3 pm Jan lo. Arrived at sw se corner of L. Chabot about & hour before sunset. The Loke is high and the large patch of tules is out from shore about 5 - 10 yards. A large mixed flock of songsparrows, lincoln, white-crowned, and savannah sparrows was feeding in the tall grass at the margin of the lake and they flew out to the tules at our appraoch. Soon became dark. We went to a mearby filling station and inquired about shooting on the lake, which is posted and belongs to the Vallejo Water Co. (Ine Lake is on the left side of the Sacramento highway, just north-east of Vallejo. / We were told that Mr. Machherson of 45 Capaliano Street, Valleyo, had shooting privilates during duck season. called up macFaerson and talked him about shooting. He was a Cal grad. and has neard or MVZ and J. G.

Camped that night in near Sulphur Springs and heard a horned owl in the Bucalyptus there. Next a.m. went to the s-e corner of the Lake saw an Amer. Bittern fly from the mersh and slight in the field. 2 or 3 song sparrows singing in the tules, and several feeding in the weeds at the edge of the lake - Ilushed to tules: Also several lincoln sparrows and savannah and crowned sparrows. Collected one Gt. Easin S. Sp. in a baccharis at the edge of the lake. Next walked along 50 yards of a little creek on the east of the highway with tall grass and a few tules - saw no song sp. lut about 8 Lincolns and many white-crownes. and - Feelincoln sparrows would flush from the grass and fly very low alo ng the ditch and dissappear into the weeds. Would mount the tules and look at me when I squeaked.Let o Fairelon Cormorent il Lin him anchest-went eastward - pernaps going to the Suisun Eay.

Went to the n-w end of the lake and col. 8 s.s. from cattails and willows where the Lake

overflows.

melospi a melodia

Solano Co., Ltc. January 11 Several males singing from time to time not constantl. A lincoln sparrow snot in cattails (not pre erved). K-c minglets and nermit thrushes also seen in wet cattail meacow. In flock of white crowns in an Jak, saw the flash of a white-threat. Several Varied thrushes here, and a large nermit thrush which I should have collected. All this in the extensive fresh marsh downstream from the overfolw of the lake. Drove to the mouth of this creek and saw that the brush and willows don't come within g male; of the salt marsh. Hoth, Northward, on the highway to Napa and just north of the Napa Co. line was a creek was a wallows went far down towards the marsh, but were separated from it by a pasture. Not much brush along this atream due to grazing, therefore probably few if any song sparrows. Drove from Mala Junction to Gutting- Green Id. where the r.r. crosses the Napa R. Ab creeks here, and a large dyke mulit along the east margin of the river, so that no longer an extinsive sait marsh in the west side of the river.

went to Jameson Cangon, Ra = Co. Lco - Ac coll. 7 song sporrows from the large to be to ... in the rich growth of vines and willow. the r.r. track. Lone singing - rather windy, but several called from time to time. Drove back to the Mapa highway and looked at every creek flowing west toward the marsh, but none came near it at all, although one can easily suppose that before the river was dyned off and the stream sides grazed, there could have been a contact between willows and marsh at each stream. At Suscol Creek was an estensive patch of willows and brush along the Greek only about 3 or 400 yards from the salt slough (dense tules) where many black, heavily-streaked song sparr ows were seen - two at very close range. As usual, the tule birds very tame and curio s of squeaks. Eut no song sparrows were soon along the creek - perhaps too narrow as line of brush. Yet looked as good as San Fablo Creek - one would certainly expect a few pairs here. This

Commence of the second second

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Northern Contra Costa Co., Call. Jan. 20, 1941 John Chattin and I started from Lerkeley at 1 pm and drove directly to selty. Iloudy and windy. Walked up Canada del Cierbo - ver, wetto willows at west-end-ef-the-li east end of the little lake ¿ mi. I bel . Artificial Lako, about 50 yards in diameter, cattails around 3 sides, willows and wet meadow at upper end quite extensive patch. Bhrubbery andvines at base of erch willow - rest, grassy and open. One large flock white-crowned sparrows seen about 50. 2 bewick wrens, several r-c kinglets. l hermit thrush, 6 Varied Thrushes, one shrike, 6 Spotted Towhees. When we first arrived, 2 song spartows were singing. Then wind came ap more and we heard only 3 or 4 Lore sing in the next hour and. Collected 6, getting them the 2-man method (one chasing them out of cover, the other shooting). Also one m.n.morphia and one Lincoln Sparrow, which as usual was in a patch of weeds in the open. Le flughed it and it flew to the shrubbery along the creek, where it ran along mouse-like when we tri d to drive it out - head and tail low, ke t under cover as if along Microtus trails even when going from one clump of bushes to another. Hundreds of Triturus - anny comulating - anies on to, lighter and covered with smooth secretion, cloaca everted and joining with female's. Females dark, rough, not slimy. Chattin co. .. about 15.

Song sparrows hid in sarubbery at bases of willows - would call sometimes when squeeked at and each time that the flock of white-crowns would go thru.

Drove to Fort Costa. No salt marshes from Selby on. At Pt. Costa, may once have been a salt marsh at nouth of the nerrow valley that opens to bay at edge of town - but now all a railroad yard. Good soft chapparal habitat for upland as on each north-facing valley from belby ground to martinez. Good righten habitat with willows in each northward running canyon. Above port Cost a recervoire with Cattails. The only Salt marsh is at martinez -



Martinez, Contra Costa Co., Callf. Jan. 20. a large one running west from the town for at uit a mile. Separated from the hills by S.F. tracks. At the mouth of a little valley a mi. a town a good riparian habitat comes down to the traks. Many ss. An excellent place to study intergradation.

The salt marsh here is about 60 yards wide with lots of song sparrows singing, calling, chasing each other, twittering. Heard 3 or 4 Lincoln sparrows, several rails, saw 6 marsh wrens. Chattin and I coll. 8 ss. from the salt mersh which consists of tules and cattails; and openings of bermuda grass and some salicorn ia. Another little can on just west of this also brings the upland anbitat to the edge of the marsh. The first canyon mouth has a front of willots, vines, and shruptery about 40 yards, separated from the marsh only by the tracks. Farther up the canyon we saw a horned owl fly up to a Mucalyptus (before sunsor) Perched on bare stub 30 feet up. b.s. and other birds gave alarm notes. After collecting the song sparrows, which squeeked up easily, it was dark, andwe returned to berkeley, via Franklin Canyon.

thickets at the lake in Canada del Clerbo. It gave the rough c y. Seen ret again 5 min later as flew back over the willows and called once more. -Cold, cloudy, and windy.

Specimens: 1170 - 1185.

Sobrante, Contra Costa Co., Calif. Jan. 26
Cal., clear, warm, and sunny. Drove in the afternoon with Frank Watson to Sobrante to look at the salt warsness along the north edge of this peninsula west of Finole. The Fairly continuous for about a mile and vary from 70 to loo yards in width. Used to extend inland up each valley, but now cut off by the railroad bed. West of Sobrante, they are pure salicornia with no song sparrows - because sal. very short.

East, have much Grindelia too - the higher type of marsh with no tules. Song sparrows abundant in the grindelia. Several singing. One singing

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Sobrante Jan 26 from eucaly tus tree overlooking marsh at Sobrante. On a little hill tack from the marsh on th: west side of Sobrante, a pair was found in brush piles and weeds. Lale singing from Eucalyptus stumps. Male heavily streaked, female very small am't streaking. Appeared to be ontirely independent of the salt marsa habitat. These were the only song sparrows seen away from the marsh. There was one line of willows along a creek & mi. above Sobrante, but no sone sparrows. Little it say makitst of the for upland song sparrows on the entire peninsuas Collected 5 sing sparrows (1136-1190) from the grindella thickets along the small sloughs. Squeaked up readily.

In brush files with the song sparrow pair was a roving flock af about 10 house sparrows; many goden and white-crowns, one fox sparrow, 10 juncos. In patch of bushus at edge of marsh were rickinglets (one making fly-catching flights into the air from the low weeds) willow and green-backed goldfinches, myrtle and audwarblers. Flicker, varied thrush, robin and the juncos seen in the eucalyps with house finches. Many cans off shore with willets and godwins along edge.

This high grindelia salt marsh is a good pure habitat for samuels song sparrow as no change for mixing with upland forms. The specimens all very much alike - unusual in this respect.

went to the salt marsh at Finole - a good gindelia and salicornia natitat - all confined to the bay side of the r.r. tracks now - no contact with any upland habitat. Probably a good popo of samuel's s.s. here.

a flooded field on the south side of San Fatlo creek on the east sideof the ni hway. A man was trying to stalk them. They would fly, take a long fight and return to the lake.

Garrity Creek, just south-west of

Finole the willows are separated by the r.r. tracks from and pasture from the bay marsh wich is very narrow here, if it exists at all.

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September 28, 1940

Canyon: Bukeley)
Fox Sparrow
Ruly-cr. Kinglet
Winter Wren



Napa Co.

patch a riparian growth separated by a mile or more of bare stream bed from the willows on the le east side of the nighwayl we searched very carefully, however, and saw none. A large flock of white-crowns seen, however, and I coecaught a good glimpse of a bird with a very prominant white superciliary stripe extending far back on the heard which was undoubtedly a white-throat. Saw several we fluebirds on the hillside.

Tulucay Creek ends in a large pasture. The Napa river itself is bare of song-spartow habitat for a mile downstream from town - 1/1 probably no song sparrows until the firt tales, of the salt slough.

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Pinole, Contra Costa, Calif. April & 12 m. ot Pinole B. Station. Tracks run along sult marsh about Hymi long and 75 yds. wide. Rich. growth Salicornia

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Empidonax difficilis

U.C. Campus Berkelly, alameda Co., Calif. apr. 4, 19 40 10:35 25 up in 1st large lawral E of function of No S FKs Strawberry Cr. on '5 FK. - at 5 edge encal. grove. Foraging. Still for 's min or more. - Chen Glies catches, or gives pee - ist at interners a stight seek, or seek. Only I heard. griver wings & tail after and as alights. Calls just after alighting. (It least 2 downys here) 11:58 AM One in old a. bed E Cowell. Foraging in low Catalina cherry near (10') (aurals 75 yels. upstream from Sr. Women's hall. beek i treek no pee-eest Upright posture.

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6,1940 March April Ene. Grove? Creek, from Stadium to 8:30 Song sparrow singing in Cat. Cherry opposites Senior Women's Hall. 8:40 2 song parrows" Woman's faculty Club. 5:54 Back door Faralty Clase - of sunging in little yard. Heard again at 9:45 8:50 W Flycatches - Laural between Gridge y Leria mens half First in Potos toporum NE corner denis mens Hall, then down to Laurals NE corner Haculty Club - then back yestream.

Seek person tick order varied

1 & allen Hummer. > Ranges them Entire Oak & Lawal growth from Faculty Club to Woman's Fac Elik. and faculty glade. 920 Song. Sparrow Hearst Bindge.
1:45 " " Sother Gate - Oak just W
" 'S between" & Music Jolg. one opp. LSB. 5 side Eneally plus Grove 2 Wormy in lawral lest country 1/2 wintt on lawred slub - facing E - both brids work-get 1/2 in, peck, throw out chips

.

side Enc. Grove No 21. Flycatcher 11:25 Ssp. WLSB. atoak fler back downstream & sang from Blacklerry vins, W. Flycatcher - just poor cest at 5H Willey Redwood no some in oaks & Lannah. moved up to Winde Harrland, 1130 Ss. at Sheam near-grammi In top Brickeye - head held high when singing, tail down Straight.

Marshall, 1940 Pipilo maculatus March 3, 5:15 PM. Clear, Calm, sunny. In encalyptus in valley between Haviland & Library a songto heard. separate in increasing speed cach similar to the ordinary call of the robin (see see see-cook-cook) lint lacking the inflection & explosive quality of the robin's note. a little less than 2 seconds duration, Some pitch as robins ordinary single or more see, after previous one. Conhee sen about 30 up in enalyp. on open-twig near trunk frenched upright, tail vertical, head held high & bill pointing slightly approad at each song. Body water shakes or swells at each note. Presently moved to higher kimb Where song about 5 now times, this time only 3 or 4 notes in Many robins in with In notes. also many Tree calling on blossoms. A of " siging on top-most twig.

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Marshall, 1940 Sporeus naevius UC. Campus Berkeley, alameda Co, Calif. march 16,1940 at st edge creek grove, a varied thrush flushed from gnd. where feeding with Juneos, a song sparrow, white-crowned sparrows. Hew up creek 25 yls & alighted & foraged on leafy homes under dense overhead steps stopped her up erect then ahead again etc. Hew into tree where Iseen for about a minute.

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Marshall, 1941 Selasphorus rufus Campus U.C., Berkeley, alemeda Co., Calif.

April 15: 7:00 AM sour Frufous

Summer around blooming chrubs

S Holgande Hall. Perhaps nakes

more drisping than allen. Did

a few display dives, all red

on back. Saw + Heard

a convolved flying over compus.

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Marshall, 1942 Dryobates villosus UC. Campus, Berkeley, alameda Co., Calif. at. 8:30 am heard loud "chink "call note (single) from cypress & Encalyptus at north-east side greek Theater. track linds to lamals in little rewine at base hill where Cyclotion is Called there also downiers, latter (at least one) flow off towards gr. Theater, but lond calls kept coming from laurals. Turned out to be 2 lauries -large size, lond "chink" call, white outer tail feathers, whinny call allows same pitch, Cond tapping. Rather wary-moved on ahead of our 113 group-true flew across grassy hill to another Grove encalogptus, then buch typical bundulating offich. Followed them for about the he they worked then Encalyptus to Cyclotron, then in grove fruit trees a grove fines. In a given grove, worked away from shotrace to tree then on to next grove -both always keep together. Finally flew north from top hill and ability in willows on a 5 spur of N. Strawberry

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Marshall, 1942 Dryobate villosus Min Woods, Marin Co., Calif. Several Heard in Redwoods. also Band-taited Pigeons, Crows, Winter Wrens, Hermit Thushes, 2 Calif. Woodpechers. July22 Benkeley, alameda Ce, Calif. 4 Durant Sto., 7:30 am.

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Marshall, 1942 Buld Reak (ant of Griggly the) Contractor Co. Calif.

June 21 Sunny, calm, am. about 8 seen,

71's widely spaced, in grassland on

n-& ride plat. 71's sany from

tops any bushes tricking above

level of grass - song a dry

bush forage by alighting in grass.

walking around without a sound

or without disturbing grass. Flush

at about 3 on 4 gards. Only once

able to see a bird on the

ground. Often start to frage by

flying to a bush, they hopping

thun it to the ground. Flush

at same spot or my to 20 yels

away - this last rather than

merely flying straight to a patch

of grass of alighting in grass. Sany

often from rocks. Often & rear the ammodramus Savannarum often from rocks. Often & near the singing ol's, sometimes both on adjacent July 10 North fork Strawberry Creek, Berkeley alandolo, Celif. Cyclotron & n. fork. I singue often from thistles, lacebairs, or rocks up in the grass & artenesia habitat. I often flished near I. Perch with body & bill horiz. tail down, head hunched bach - V meadowlank.

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Marshall, J. T.

Catalog of specimens
1941



Barn Owls at Car Barns - Telegraph St. Oak Cand Marshall 1941 Catalog Sobrante, Contra Costa Co., Calif.

1886 d' melospiza melodia (as usual, the st. is 18.89. 1187 9 1188 3 t.5.5 mm fat - "
1189 3 t.8 mm fat - " V 1190 & over 1.3 mm food " (another seen in grindelie which had very few spots.) very teme probably an im. Tout Valley, Marin Co., Calif. February 9 February 9 1191 A Vermivora relata sordida fat 1192 A t4.3 Melospija melodia not much bat at erset bank 10.19. 21,89. 1193 9 ova 1.3 mm 18.79. V 1194 8 cm t.2.5 " shot by Bill galey not much fet 20.09. 1195 07 7 50mm 20.79. V 1196 8 + 7.0 mm 21.29. not fat 1197 of t 4.0 mm 20.19. 1198 8 7 3.5 21.79. Rielmond Hills, 1/2 mi & San Pablo Pt., Contra Costa Co., Calif. March 9, 1941 1199 8 Melospisa melodia Berkeley, alaneda Co., Calif. died in aptivity at MVZ. Zonotrichia albicollis 1201 0

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marshall, 1941 Catalog Las Paradas Camp, 2mi SE Anguin, Mapa Co, Calif. Carthia familiairis egg mass about 3 mm. 6.9g.
March 22 1202 7 1203 4 amphispiga belli 13.19. Passerelle iliaica coll. by S. Benson 1204 9 35.89. Chordes tes grammacus 1205 8 March 23 1206 8 melospiza melodia 19.59. ampluspige, belli 1207 0 13.59. Spizella Basserina 1208 0 12.09. Selasphorus rather laye ora 3.2g. Cachyemeta 14.3_{9.} 1211 8 testes minute Dendroica anduboni 12.49. Drybates villosus 62.39. 4mi Sw Fallon, 4000ft., Churchill Co., Nevada March 28 Penthestes gambelli fat 1213 8 1214 07 very fat 1215 3 19 mi W Fallon, 4000 ft. Churchilla, Nes. very fat Spinus tristis 4 mi W Fallon, 4000 ft., Churchill G., New. 1218 Jov.sm. Passer domestions Pooleetes march 30 1219 8 +.2. Passer domesticus

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marshall, 1941 Catalog Pinole (saltmarsh) Contra Costa Co., Calif. Mapril 6 1220 o Melospiza melodia testes 8 mm.
1221 o i testes 9 mm. 17.79. 18.99, Martinez (salt marsh) (ontra Costa Co., Calif. 1222 3 " " testes 7.5 mm 19.7g.

1223 8 " " 9. mm 19.6g.

1224 8 " " 8. mm 19.7g. " largest ovem 2.3 mm 22.3 g.
" 2 - " 19.7 g. 11225 9 brood patch 1226 U.C. Campus, Berkeley, Calif (Alameda Co.)

April (6?

Passerella iliaea from Harvey Fisher 33.3g. Hills not Lake Temescal; Oakland, alameda Co. Calif. 1228 of Sitta canadensis 1229 8 Vermivora celata lutescens Berkeley, Clameda Co., Calif. ace 6509
Calypte anna miss Hay Gladding 3 days 2

(230) To Calypte anna (UC.Ca.) 1231 87 t.1. Spinns pinns green (buds) 1467 Bo foods Berkeley, Alameda Co., Calif. 1232 \$ 1 Vermisora celata Island, (salt marsh) alameda Co, Calif. april 19 1233 8



Marshall, 1941 Catalog Orange Co-, Calif. April 13 (acc. 6519) collected by P.D. Hurd ace 6519 Melospiga melodia 1234 8 (Newport Bay) 1235 8 (Santa ana) 20.49. (Newport Bay) 19.09. 1236 9 1237 7 (Santa ana) 17.79. acc. 6520 gavia a pacifica brought in by Mrs. Kelley V.C. Campus, Berkeley, alameda Co., Calif. 1239 9 Myjarchus cinerascens 28.49. Hills W Richmond, Contra Costa Co., Calif. 1240 od Selasphorus alleni base arlinen lower 2.89.
1241 9 broodpatch Zonotrichia lencophrys mandible orange 32.69.
1242 9 Cendroica nigrescens Yacht Harbor 8.89. Caryonville, Donglass Co., Ore. 1243 of the Chat wirens prickey in road 23.09 7.5mi. S. Cannon Beach, Clatsop Co., Ore, 50ft. 1244 8 Larus occidentalis 1245 8 7.1. Ixorens 79.49. 75.59. 1.246 8 t.l. 1248 8 t.1. Turdus 1248 8 t.1. Turdus 85.39. 89.69.



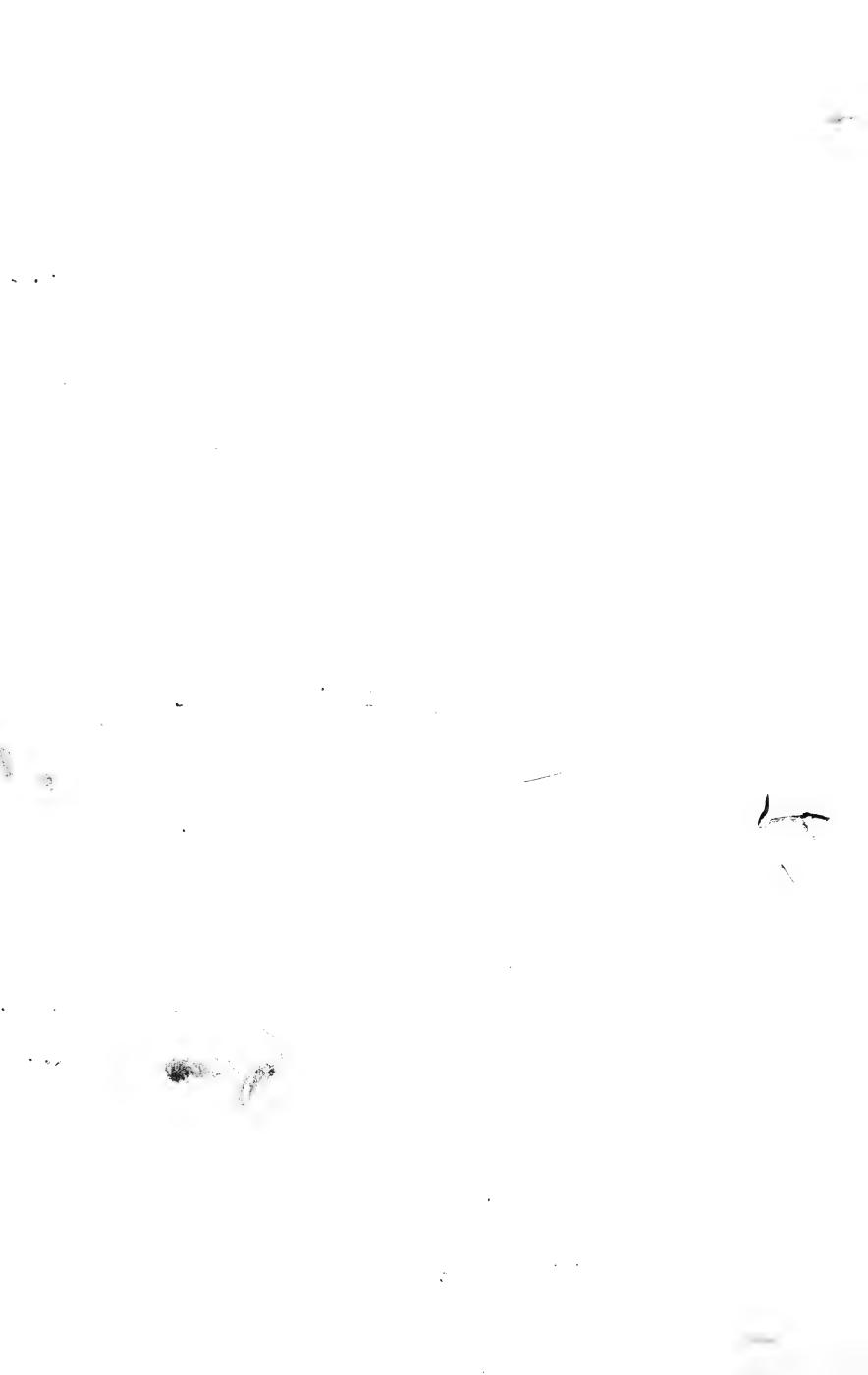
marshall, 1941 Catalog 50ft, 7.5 mi. S. Cannon Beach, Clatoop Co., Ore. Melospiza melodia 22.49. 1250 0 24.49. 1251 0 23.39. 1252 9 broad patch 22.3 g 11253 & t.9.5 mm Cyanocitta 34.59. 1254 8 t.1. Psaltriparus iris frown 5.59. Wilsonia 1255 8 6.99. 7. 6g. spirit deposit to USNat. Mus. - (to a Wetmore 12/3/4) 1257 9 13.19. Dry bates pubescens 31.49. 1258 9 65.19. 1259 7 67.49. 1260 9 1261 817.1. Empidonax difficilis 10,99. 1262 Pt: 4mm Loxia curviostra 26.69. 1263 9 Dry obates pulsescens 1264 9 Cyanocitta belly bare ovary rather sm 30.29. 117.99. 136.04. 1265 8 one t = 11 mm May 20 1266 9 89.69. Tyorens 103.09 1267 7 1268 37 76.59. Hylocichla ustulata 32.29. 1269 3 1270 21 Carpodacus purpureus (singing) 1271 9 brood patch Chamaea fasciata 1272 27 Psaltriparus iris cream 23.29. 16.39. 1272 5.5g.



Marshall, 1941 Catalog 50 ft., 7.5 mi. S. Camon Beach, Clattop Co., Ore. 7.47. 1273 8 7.1. Wilsonia 1274 8 melospiza melodia 27.09. 1275 & t=3 mm, black broad patch Chamacon farriata 15.69. 1276 87 Spinus tristis 1277 d' Dendroica anduboni nesting 12.29. May 21 1278 of Vermirora celata 8.79. fably lost 1279 of Wilsonia 1 7,69. 1280 8 7=10mm Cyaniquetta 132.49. 131.79. 1281 07 t=9mm 125.59 1282 f 87 t= 7 mm May 20 Thamnophis 1288 ale triturus 1284 alc 4 mi. S. Seaside, 200ft., Clatrop Co., Oregon May 22,1941 Thryomanes (50ft.) 11.59. 1285 0 8.0g. Certhia 1286 37 8.39. 1287 8 8.19. 1288 07 18.39. Juneo 1289 87 1290 9 brood patch " 18.89. hurdus 91.89. 1 1291 Cyanocitta Dryobates villosus 132. iq. 1292 8 72.79. 1293 37 72.29. 1294 07

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Marshall, 1941 Catalog Necanieum R., 5 mi. SSE Seasche, 75 ft., Clatsop Co. Ore. Vireo Luttoni 11.39. 1295 8 120 11296 9 17.0g. 1297 0 Seaside, Clatsop Co. Oregon Dendroica aestira Enphagus 11298 3 10.09. Euphagns Ogelains 57.09. 1299 9 1300 07 71.29. 43.0g. 1301 9 44.7 1302 9 Necanicum R., 5 mi. SSE Seaside, 75 ft., Clatsop 156.99 1303 of stemach Otus asio tarsi in skin, + body skel. 156.99. May 24 1304 P Dendrøka nigressens 8.79. 1305 9 Certhia broad patch 9.79. 77.7g. 1 1306 Q Korens brood patel 3 mi. n Seaside, 50 ft., Clatsop Co., Oregon 1307 9 Colaptes collected by Russell Necomicum R., 5 mi. SSE Seaside, Clatago Co., Ore. 1308 8 Dendroice andeboni briturus alcohol 1310 16 1 1311 4 1312 May 24 Oters asio 197,09. ---w 1313



Marshall, 1941 Catalog Brin M. Seaside, Joff., Clateop Co., Oregon May 25 Dendrorea aestria testes 4.5 mm 9.0 of " anduboni 12. 11314 8 9.09. 12.09. 1315 8 11.59. 1316 8 7 mi. SE Rainier, 100 ft, Columbia Car, Oregon 1317 0 12.29. mystis prelup 1318 Sorex trowbridge 115-53-13-95 1319 7 6.39 bendirei 188-85-23-115 1320 g 25.1g: Microtus oregoni 137-34-17-11 25/8g.

"I longigandus 160-44-23-15 37.3g.

Peromyseus 180-91-20-17 21.0g. 1321 8 1322 7 1323 4 - 20-15 1324 0 16.29. 197.106.21.17 18.09 1325 0 195.102.21.18 23.79. 1326 8 Sorex bendirer (prepared by W.C. Russell) +327 Empredonax trailli 13.49. 1328 8 Vireo huttoni 11.8g. 1329 4 Rallins 1330 jus 26.19-(prepared by W.C. Russell) Heromyseus 1331 8.99. 113.40,14. -1332 8 24.19. 165.61.20.12 1333 8 Cleithronomys 1334 07 153.55.19.11 20,99 Sorep troubridge (prepared by W. C. Russell) 1335 23.29. 1336 of 233.138.32.13 Zapus

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Marshall, 1941

	Cata	log	
Zmi.		100 ft., Columbia Co., (Tregon
1337 8 ?		na 106.40.13.5	4.39.
1338	Sorex bend	nei 175.77.20.8	24.59.
1339 9	16 "	173.78.21.5	16.19.
1340 8	Pipelo ma	culatus	43.3 9.
	m Splyrapien		J
	ma	728	
1342 87?	Sorex obscur	9	9, 29.
1343 8	Microtus o	regoni 127.31.16.10	1849
1344 8	Sovex bendirei	168.72.21.9	24,89.
1345 8	Peromyseus	189.89.21.17	2 2.29.
1346 9	Zapus	226.131.31.14	22.5g.
1347 07	Peromyseus	196.105.22.17	21.3g.
1348 8	Spizella pass	erina	13.09.
		23	•
1349		istulata	24.59.
1349 0	Otus asio	testes 7 mm.	171.59.
1350 0	Sorex sogra	no obscurs 130.55.14.8	8.3g.
	My	m 29	
Acade 1351 67	Sorex bendir	ei 162.71.21.8	21.79.
Please 1351 07 Moder Skullonly 1352A 07? Benny 1352B 07	" obser	us54.14.7	, manufactures.
Bung 1352B 07	11 bendu	ei 177.77.20.8	23,0g.
1353	Zapris	237.139.31.13	28.09.
1354 8	11	215:120.32.15	23.49.
1355 7	1)	245.149.32.15	23.29
1356 8	Geothlypis Tritirus		10.09.
aly357	Tritirus	aleoholie	

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Marshall

1941 Catalog

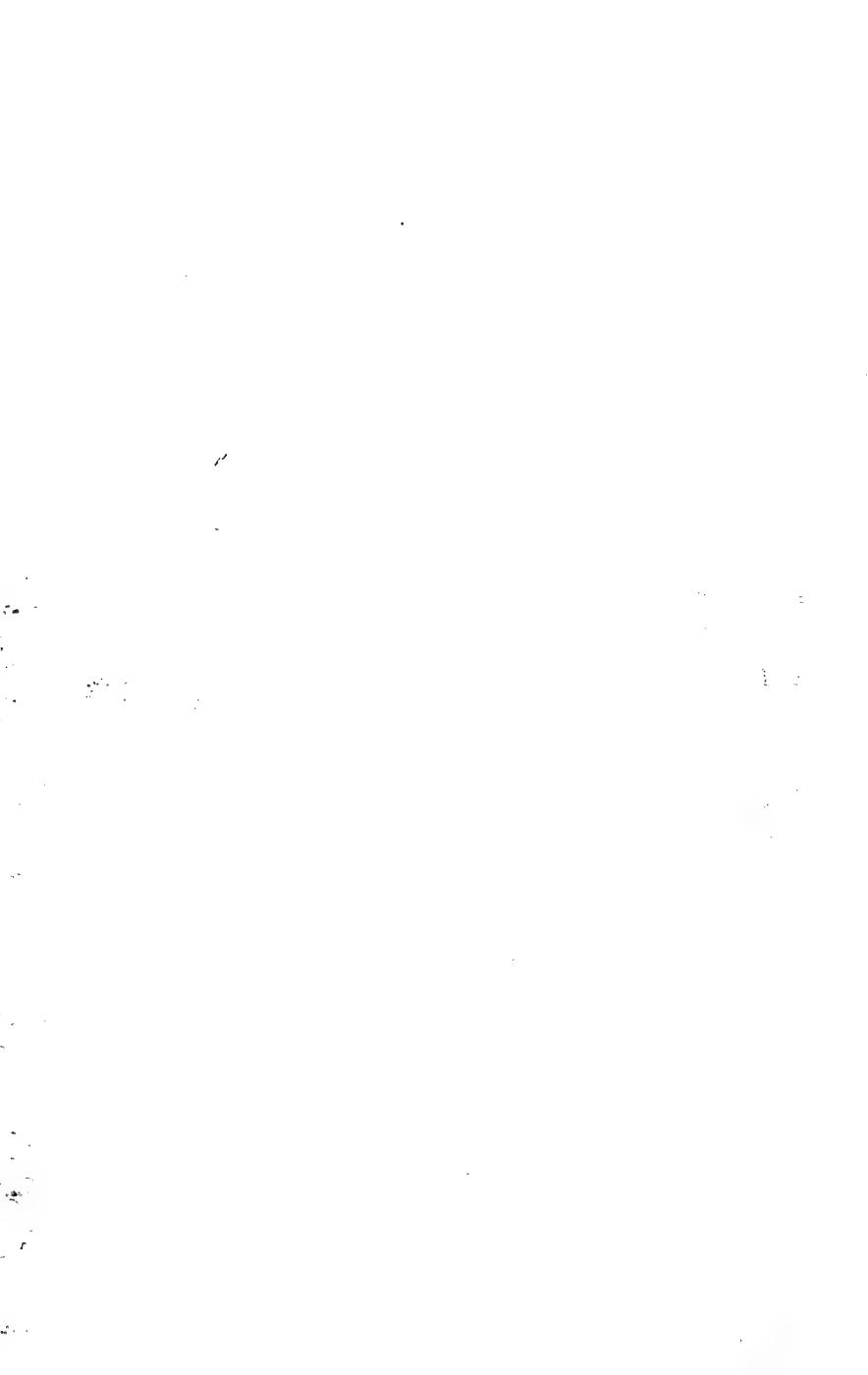
1		J		
Imi	SE Rai	nier, 100	t., Columbia	Co., Oregon
ale. 1358	Hyla	May 2 ale.	testes 10 mm.	4.09.
1359 8	Oths	asto	testes 10 mm.	159.09.
1360 7 bro	od patels.	V		187.09.
1361 9	4*	feathers gr	coving back into from	docted 180g
		May 30	p or a p or a),
1362 0	Microt	tu orag		17.3 _g .
1363 9	Sorex	trowbridge	i 118.53.13.8	6.19.
1364 8	11	obscurus	132.56.14.7	
1365 8	"	" (?)	122.60.13.	7 4.4g.
1366 8	•/	11 (3)	123.53.13.	7 4.99.
1367 8	Peromyser		195.95.22.	18 25.99.
1368 8	., 0		185.88.21	
1369 2	11		201.101.21.	J
1370 8 1371 9 1372 Emp	Thryon	encs		11.19.
1371 9	"	la ood	1 patch	10,29.
1372 Emp	idonax ha	mmondi	A STATE OF THE REAL PROPERTY.	10.39.
1373 87	Dendroic	a majresa	ens	8.5g.
				10.29-
apont 5 min Francis	and the same and an interest of the order who was the same of the same of	Partala	and the second s	31.0
	0	May 31		
1376 37	Penthes	les atri	apillus	10.09.
1377 8	1/	May 31 les atri	0	10.89
(378 \$	"(ч		9.79.
(1379 \$				11.09:
1380 3	* Sover	tronbridg	ei 122.57.13.8	5.79.
1381 87	11	obseur	us 129.52.14.	7 8.6g

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Marshall, 1941 7 mi. 5 E Rainier, 100 ft., Columbia Ce, Oregon Sorex obscurns (?) 125.59.13.8 aplodontier Apladontia 309-18.50.22 Sciums 337.135.48.22 770g. 832g. 255.99. Samus 330 · 135 · 50 · 25 260.89. Apladontia 309.18.50.22 Microtus thousicandus 214.76.25.14 1386 832g. 53.4q. 1387 longicandus 202.74.26.13
grass grass 134.34.17.10
grass " 130134/16/10 1388 44.09 17.89 1389 2016 1390 130134110110 103.39.12.6 4.69 107.45.13.7 4,83. 1392 Sorex observes 7. Cg. 115.44.14.8 1394 135.54.15.8 10,79 1395 8 [vagrans(?)] 120-50-15-7 4.69. 1396 9 ((1397 9.19.97 1398 9.49. 126-54-14-7 1399 \$ grans?) 115-52-13-7 1400 4.39.

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marshall 1941 Catalog 7mi-5E Rainier, 100ft., Columbia Co., Oregon v 1401 27 Dendroise nignersens 9:89. Detroit, Marion Co., Oregon June 3. 1402 & (br.p.) Euphagus brood patch 56.0g. North Santlam River, 3400ft, Linn Co., Oregon. 1403 9 4mm Priordes tridactylus Prood patel 59.59.
1404 9 Callos permogshilus 259-90-37-19 . 164.29. 1405 8 Jenieurs douglassi 330-130-50-24 2489 63.19. 1406 of 7.-2.5 mm Perisonens 63.19. 1407 f brood patch, ovary 7 mm. nelos piza melodia 24.09. 9.19. 1408 8 t. 5 mm Dendroises aestina 1410 & t.6 mm. Certhia 21.09. 8.89. 1412 9 t.9 mm. Empidonax trailli 1412 9 ovary 6 mm Melospiza lincolni 1413 9 "" " 11.99: 18,39 17.39. 1414 Il testis 10 mm. Cyanocettas 1415 Thammophis 124 9 1416 Bufo Rana 1417 1419 Dryobates villosus textis 5 mm. 78.5g.
"ovarg 7 mm 66.1g
Dendroies occidentalis (Hermit) Vesterlage 9.7g. 78.5g. v 1420 81 66.19. 1422 8



Marshall, 1941 Catalog North Santian River, 3400ft, Linn Co. Oregon Triturus 1423 1424 1425 1426 1427 Hylocichea firme 7 guttata testi 11mm. 24.09.

Juneo ovary 6 mm bood patel 18.09.

Perisoreus griseus ovary 5 mm 63.09.

"testes 1.5 mm. 63.59; 1430 8 1431 7 1432 g 5Kel 1433 8 1434 8 7.49. testes 4 mm fat 1435 8 30.57. Vireo gilvus testes 5 mm. 11.59-V 1436 8 V 1437 7 11,29 Melospiga melodia testis 6 mm. 1438 8 22.89 24.49. " lgest over 5 mm. 1439 lestes 15 mm. 76.0g: 1441 & Melospiza melodia testes 11 mm. 23.0g.
1442 & liniolni "9" 18.0g.
1443 & Vandroica aestria fatorary 4 mm. 9.5g.
1444 & " laying 11.2g.
1446 & Juneo "7mm. 18.3g.

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marshall, 1941 Catalog north Santiam River, 3400ft, Lina Co., Oregon 1447 & Degovates villosus overy 7 mm 64.89.
1448 & Hylocichla guttata testes 10 mm. 24.79.
1449 & " ustulata " " 29.59. Dendroisa aestiva 1450 8 testis 6.5 mm. 9.69. 1451 8 10.29. " no brood patch, overy son., 9.69. 1452 9 tester large Wilsoma 1453 0 7.49. Certhia testes 7 mm. Melospiga melodia " 11 mm. 1454 8 8.59. 1455 24.59. 1456 8 22.19. 1457 Strix occidentalis Testes 7 mm. 5209. 1458 0 Certhia testes 6mm 8x3q.

"brood patch; overy small 9ilg.
64.5q 1459 31 1460 9 1461 8 jiw. Perisoreus testes (minimore 12/3/41)

[1462 8 Ferminant Apposit to US Nat. Mus. (sent to a. Wetmore 12/3/41)

[1463 8 " " gellow
" " dlack 64.5g. 64.19 62.0g. overy 6 mm. brood patch old 57.0g. 1464 7 skel. griseris overy small 59.09 skel. 1466 1467 skel. 1468

1469 8 Certhia mate of 1470 testes 7 mm.

\$ 8.49.

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marshall, 1941 Catalog Morth Santian River, 3400ft., Linn Co., Oregon

June 11

1470 & Certhia mate of 1469 broodpatch ovary Town. 9.0

1471 or Hylocichla guttata tester 10mm. 22.0

1472 or "" " 27.

1473 or "" " " 25.0

1474 or gifyanocitta " 10 " 11" 25.0

1475 & Perisoneus Edbood patch, ovary 9 mm. 56.

1476 or Corvus corex, testeg 5 mm. 1000 9.09. 22.09. 27.19. 25.09. 132.0g. 56.09. 1476 of Corvers corax testes 5 mm.
1477 of Strix testes 8 mm. 1000g. 565g. 4 mi. M & 9 mi. W Sisters, 4000 ft., Weschutes Co., Ore. Wilsonia June 12 testes 8 mm. 7.59. 1478 8 Tylocichla ustulata Cyanocitta 30.0g. 14179 8 " 11 mm. " 10 mm. 122.29 1480 7 " 12 mm. Hesperiphona very fat 58.09. 1481 8 " 5 mm. Sphyrapicus varius 56.09. 1482 81 " 7 mm. 55.09. 1483 8 overy small 52.5g. 1484 9 1485 & Melosping librolni Grood patch " 10 mm. 1486 & Otus flammeolus testes 7 mm 19.59. 55.89. testes Trum. 1487 & Dendroica andubori testes 9 mm. 12.49. 1488 7 Certhia Grood patch overy 5 mm. 8.6g. June 14 testes 6 mm. Certhia 8.19 1490 P Dondroica occidentalis lestis 8mm 9.89.

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marshall, 1941 Catalog 4 min + 9 mi. W Sisters, cooft, Desdutes Co., Ore. 1491 & Cyanocitta brood patch overy 1/m.
1492 & Perisorens grisens testes 2 mm.
1493 & """" 1269. 62.59. 1494 9 " " " " " " " " " " " 579.

1495 9 Dry bates vellosus overy small 67.5g.

skel + shin otus flammeolus testes 7mm. 60.0g.

tail 70 pt wing 143 culmen about 14 tarsus 26 l. wing 142 7 mi. Zw Sisters, 3300 ft., Deschutes Co., Oregon 29.09. 21.59. 26.09. 16.79. 16.59. 15.0g. 7.89. 7.79. 1505 37 Hylorichla uslulata testes 12 mm. 30.19.
1506 of Sphyrapicers varius Testes 6 mm. 50.29.
1507 of mmin, 9 mill sisters stom: 1 orthopteram 8 mm. 126.59.
1508 4 min 1,9 mills sisters " orthopteram 8 mm. 1539.
1509 4 min 1,9 mills sisters " orthopteram overy 13 mm. 1999.
1510 of " flammeolus testes 7 min 57.29.
Breitenbush Lake, 5500 ft., Marion Co., Oregon 30.19. 50.29. 1511 & Dondroice androboni 13.09.

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marshall , 1941 Breiterbush Lake, 5500 ft., marion Co., Oregon Jane 17 Jene 17
Dendroira anduboni testes 8.5 mm. 12.4g.

Soforeus testes 13 mm. 55.3g

" " " 77.6g

" 14 mm. 84.1g 1512 0 1513 8 55.39 1514 8 77.69. 1515 0 77.79. 1516 0 " 14 mm. 84.1g. Dendroiea anduboni 1517 07 testes . 6 mm 12.6g. 1518 81 11 .5 mm 12.49. " . 4 mm 1519 8 12.37. 1520 7 ovary small 11.29. 1521 & Dayobates villozers dellored putch overy Tum. 68.5 g.
1522 & Marmota 155-133-73-21 961 g.
1523 & Orgobates villosus (oll WCR.) testes 4 mm. 71.7g. Anacortes, Fidalgo Co., Washington skel 1524 de neurotrichus 114-35-16-m "pickup" 1525 8 Psaltrigarus testes 3.5 mm. vris white 1526 9 Melospisa melodia ovary 7mm. brood patch. 1527 9 Dendroica aestria " 5 mm. no"" 1528 8 Turdus testes 13 mm. Friday Harbor, San Juan Co, Washington 1529 3 Otus asio June 21

1530 9 Pipilo maculatus ovary 14 mones

1531 07 Chordieles testes 8 mm.

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marshall, Friday Harbor, San Juan Co., Washington Chardeiles testes 8 mm. 1532 0 Otros asio Asio otros overy ##mm. 1533 9 1534 9 overy 12 mm. Thannophis 1535 1536 1537 37 1-2-2 1535 51 JA - 1 1539 07 21. ... Wilsoma testes 7 mm 1540 07 3 . laying, broad petis 16. 1541 9 istical description 1.0 1542 0 i. 1. 1545 1544 8 7.07. 1545 The jar. 24.69-23.6. " 10 mm. 1546 7 Virenosa seleta over som. 9.19 1547 4 11 41 11 8. 4. 1548 8 150g. testes 3.5 mm. 1549 07 Otes asio 3549. Comma 1550 7 1551 1552



Marshall, 1941 Catalog False Bey, Sonfran 8., Washington 1553 & ad. Petrocheliden 21.0g. 9.19. 1554 is Dendroises asstrice 1555 jus Pesserulus 16.39. Som fran Id., Workington (# Folse Bay) 1556 8 Reservatus teto 8 m. 18.29. Friday Herber, Son franco, Wish. 64.89. 1557 3 Chardeiles Este 7. 1558 & ? Otros asio (heatles) 1529. 350g. 1559 Fad Corons En Just John John, Willington 1149. 1560 7 jus. Otus 1 31 of Cattle Pt. 1149. Otres July 3!

-testes 3 mm

August
! 138 g. jur Chordeiles joulup by L. Fifer 58 g. Oters August 2 August 3 (Cattle Point) Wilsonia 1389. 1564 9 im Wilsonie 7.3g. 1565 0 Colaptes 1589. 4566 9 Chordeiles Brown's Id. August!! 1567 [9 by plumage - jur-imm.] Drychates pubescens 26g.

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marshall, 1941 Catalog Cattle Pt., Sanfran Co., Wash August 13 Sandpiper 25.leg. 1568 7 20.59. 1569 07 13.5g. o7 im 1570 8.59. of jun 1571 Lopia 28.79. 1572 87 Injobates 74.69. 1373 1179. Falco sparverus 1574 9 im Colaples 143.59. 1575 Otros Shel. 4 1379. 1576 8 148 9. 1577 8 culmen lill brom nostril 14.5 de pth 12 1578 P skint skel 165 9. a farsus 34 toe + claw 32 tinday Harbon, San Juan Co., Wash (Brown's Id.)

August 19 Thryomanes Wryobates pubescens Berkeley 1582 Song Sparrow "put up for MYZ" 1583 Melospiza melodia
"Captive from Friday Haulon 1584 1585 1586



Moushall, 1942 Catalog Redwood Park, Oakland, Alameda Co., Calif.

June: 14.

2571 F jun. Certhia 10.09.

Strawberry Campon Berkeley. Alaxeda Co. Calif.

Puly 22

2572 F Peromyseus 212-108-23-21

2573 F Sorex 117-47-14-8

Skeleton & Pipilo maculatus

C. C. D. 1 Lake almanor, Plumas Co., Calif. 2575 of jur. Sphyrapieus varius 2576 7 ad Oberholseria oldbrood patch; ovary smoll. 2577 of jur Certhia 2578 of ad. Hylocichla guttata
Bald Peak, Contra Costa Co., Calif. august 5 seeds, sm: userts ammodamns Savannarum 17.59 "seeds I grasslopper 17.69 large seeds and "some insect parts 19.89 of im 4 im 2581 of ad. Whitaker's Forest, 5500ft. W. Sope Redwood Mt. Inhare Co. Calif 2582 9 (?) Dendroica ingressens 2584 fad "anduboni 2585 Calypte anna Pinehurst, Fresno Co., August 27, 2586 & Phalaenoptalus " anduboni Calif. testes 4 mm.

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Marshall, 1942 Catalog Whitaker's Forest, 5500ft., u slope Reduced Mt. Inlane 6. Calif Jim Certhia testes 1 mm. Fin Certhia testes 1 mm.
Big Meadow, 7600 ft., Seguoin Nat. Forest, Inlare Co., Calif. 2587 Fim August 29 2588 9 im Calaveras Wamblen 2589 7 im Vermirora celata Buck Rock, 8200 st., Seguoia Nat. Forest, belave Co., Calif. 2590 Oberholseria chlorura Fim Big Meadow, 8000ft. Segnora Met. Forest, Tulere Co., Calif. 2591 Fim Empidonax hammondi 2592 & Bubo virginianus Fernsalem Circleit Whitaker's Forest, 5500ft, w slope Redwood Mr. Julane Co., Calif Angust 30 2593 0 Sphyrapieus varius 2594 Fad Viveo solitarius bill greenish-yellow 5Keleton 2595 Fad Strix occidentalis + pellet from stomach Fleischacher Zoo, San Francisco, Calif. alcoholic body cavity fixed, it Bonin's left Sousain at Fleischaker from Cairo 300 in 1932 Lagrange, Stanislans Co., Calif. 2597 Flad Empidonax trailli 2598 9 im 2599 9 im Baeolophus mornatus 2600 in Telmatodytes palustris 2601 Fim Catherpes mexicames 2602 in Vendroica aestria morconi

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Marshall, 1942 Catalog La Grange, Stamislans Co., 2603 Pad Pipilo fuscus 2605 im Melospisa lincolni gracilis Berkeley, alameda Co., Calif. Sent 19 2606 Pin Melospiga m. santacerneis 2607 Fresh Ho March, month Walnut Cr. Contra Costa Co., Calif. October 18 2608 ot ad Melospina melodia (santacomis) 2609 9 and 2610 9 ad 2611 9 ad 9 ad 2612 2613 9 2614 2615 9 2616 2617 Contra Costa Co., Calif salt marsh, Pinole, 2618 Fod Melospizer melodier 2619 87 ad 2620 8 ad 2621 87 cm 2622 of im $t_{\rm f}$

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Marshall, 1942 Catalog Ealt march, Pinole, Contra Costa Co., Calif. October 18 2623 87 in Melospiga melodia Sebastopol, Sonoma Co., Calif. 2624 Tad Melogiza melodia gouldi 2625) 87?] im 2626 ¢ im 2627 9 m Borkoley aquatric Park, Berkeley, California October 23 2628 Pim Melospize melodia pusillula soap gasding Golden Jate Park, San Francisco, Calif Morember 7 well with aid of Frank a. 2629 Fitelka . not much fet



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